

$$\begin{aligned}
 & n > -\frac{1}{\epsilon} \\
 & n < \frac{1}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} > \epsilon \rightarrow \frac{r}{2r} > 1 \\
 & \rightarrow -\frac{r}{2r} < -1 \\
 & \Rightarrow \frac{14 \times -\frac{1}{r} - (-1)}{\epsilon \times (-\frac{1}{r}) + 14} = \frac{1}{0} = +\infty
 \end{aligned}$$

$$n > -\frac{1}{\epsilon} \rightarrow r \epsilon n > -14$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow r} \frac{n^2 - \epsilon}{n^2 - 14} = \lim_{n \rightarrow r} \frac{n+r}{n^2 + r n + \epsilon} = \frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon + \epsilon + \epsilon} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{n^2 + 1 \text{ oder } 14}{4(r + \sqrt{r}n)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{(n+r)(n/n)}{4r + 4\sqrt{r}n} \times \frac{r \times \epsilon}{4r} = -4$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{r + \sqrt{r}n - r + n}{\sqrt{1 - \cos n}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{r}{-\sin n} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{a}n}{rkn} = \frac{-a}{rk} = c, \quad \frac{a}{rk} = -4$$

1f, 6

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \lim_{n \rightarrow r} a^r + a n + b = 0^+ \\
 & \Rightarrow (n-r)^r = n^r + a n + b \\
 & n^r - \epsilon n + \epsilon = n^r + a n + b \\
 & \Rightarrow a = -\epsilon \\
 & b = \epsilon \\
 & a + b = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \lim_{n \rightarrow \sqrt{\epsilon}} n^r - a n + b = 0^+ \\
 & \Rightarrow (n - \sqrt{\epsilon})^r = n^r - a n + b \\
 & n^r - r \epsilon n + r \sqrt{\epsilon} = n^r - a n + b \\
 & \Rightarrow a = r \sqrt{\epsilon} \\
 & b = r \sqrt{\epsilon} \\
 & \left[\frac{b}{a} \right] = 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \lim_{n \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}\right)^+} \left| \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} n + a \right| + a = 0 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\epsilon} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} + r a = 0 \\
 & \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

۲. هنگامی که x به $\sqrt[3]{4}$ میل کند صورت مثبت است بنابراین مخرج باید به صفر مثبت میل کند!

بنابراین $x = \sqrt[3]{4}$ ریشه‌ی مفاعف مخرج است!

$$(x - \sqrt[3]{4})^2 = x^2 - 2\sqrt[3]{4}x + \sqrt[3]{16} \quad \rightarrow a = -2\sqrt[3]{4} \leq -\sqrt[3]{16}$$

$$\hookrightarrow b = \sqrt[3]{16}$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}}}{-2 \times 2^{\frac{1}{3}}} = (-2)^{-\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \xrightarrow{\sqrt[3]{2} \approx 1} \boxed{\left[\frac{b}{a}\right] = -1}$$

۴

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{(n+2)(n+1)}{4(2+\sqrt[3]{n})} \times \frac{\sqrt[3]{n^2} - 2\sqrt[3]{n} + 2}{\sqrt[3]{n^2} - 2\sqrt[3]{n} + 2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{(-1+2)(-1+1) \times 12}{4(n+1)} = \boxed{-12}$$

۵

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{n}} - \sqrt{2-n}}{\sqrt{1-\cos n}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{n}} + \sqrt{2-n}}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{n}} + \sqrt{2-n}} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+\cos n}}{\sqrt{1+\cos n}} =$$



$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{2n \times \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1-\cos n}} \times \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{2\sqrt{2}n}{|\sin n| 2\sqrt{2}} = 2 \times \frac{n}{-\sin n} = \boxed{-2}$$

۶

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \sqrt{4a}^+} \frac{2\sqrt{n-\sqrt{4a}}}{\sqrt{n-\sqrt{4a}} \sqrt{n+\sqrt{4a}}} + \frac{3(\sqrt{n}-\sqrt{\sqrt{4a}})}{\sqrt{n-\sqrt{4a}} \sqrt{n+\sqrt{4a}}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \sqrt{4a}^+} \frac{2}{\sqrt{4a}} + \frac{3(\sqrt{n}-\sqrt{\sqrt{4a}})}{\sqrt{n-\sqrt{4a}} \sqrt{n+\sqrt{4a}}} \times \frac{\sqrt{n}+\sqrt{\sqrt{4a}}}{\sqrt{n}+\sqrt{\sqrt{4a}}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \sqrt{4a}^+} \frac{2}{\sqrt{4a}} + \frac{3(\sqrt{n}-\sqrt{\sqrt{4a}})}{\sqrt{n-\sqrt{4a}} \sqrt{n+\sqrt{4a}} (\sqrt{n}+\sqrt{\sqrt{4a}})} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \sqrt{4a}^+} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{4a}} + \frac{3\sqrt{n-\sqrt{4a}}}{\sqrt{n-\sqrt{4a}} (\sqrt{n}+\sqrt{\sqrt{4a}})} \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \sqrt{4a}^+} \frac{2}{\sqrt{4a}} + \dots \rightsquigarrow \frac{2}{\sqrt{4a}} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{4a}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{a}}$$

۱۰

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1-k[x]}{x^2-1} = -\infty$$

$$\rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow (-1)^+} \frac{1-k(-1)}{0^-} = -\infty \rightarrow 1-k > 0 \rightarrow k > -1$$

$$\hookrightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow (-1)^-} \frac{1-k(-1)}{0^+} = -\infty \rightarrow 1+k < 0 \rightarrow k < -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow -1 < k < -\frac{1}{2} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\pi < kn < -\frac{\pi}{2} \\ -1 < \cos kn < 0 \end{array} \right.$$



مولفه‌های اول و دوم هر دو منفی هستند پس در ناحیه‌ی سوم است!