

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

5
نيل

$$\boxed{a+1=b} \rightarrow \text{سوال 1}$$

$$f'_1(u) = f'_2(u) \rightarrow 1 = \frac{rb}{r} \rightarrow b = \frac{r}{r} \quad a = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$a+b \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = 1 \quad \boxed{r}$$

$$f_1(u) \rightarrow u+1 \rightarrow \frac{-r_m \varepsilon}{r\sqrt{nr}} \rightarrow \frac{-r(\sqrt{nr}) - (\frac{r}{r\sqrt{n}})(-r_m + \varepsilon)}{(\sqrt{nr})} \quad \text{سوال 2}$$

$$f'_1(1) = \frac{-r(1) - (\frac{r}{r})(r)}{r} = -r - \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$g(u) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1u-r+1+\sqrt{nr}} \rightarrow \frac{r-m+\sqrt{nr}}{r\sqrt{nr}}$$

$$g'(u) \Rightarrow \frac{(-1 + \sqrt{nr}) + \frac{r(r-m)}{r\sqrt{nr}}}{(r\sqrt{nr})^2} = \frac{r-m}{r\sqrt{nr}} - \frac{r-m+\sqrt{nr}}{r\sqrt{nr}}$$

$$\frac{(-\sqrt{r} + \frac{r}{r\sqrt{r}})}{r\sqrt{r}} - \frac{r}{r}(1+\sqrt{r}) \rightarrow \frac{(-4+r)}{r\sqrt{r}} - \left(\frac{r+r\sqrt{r}}{r}\right)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-r}{r\sqrt{r}} - \frac{r+r\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow \frac{-r\sqrt{r}-r-r\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow \frac{-r-2r\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$rg'(1) \rightarrow \frac{-\varepsilon-2r\sqrt{r}}{r} \quad f'_1(1) - rg'(1) \rightarrow \frac{-1}{r} + \frac{r+2r\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{r}-1}{r} \quad \text{سوال 3}$$

$$bu+c=\frac{1}{n} \rightarrow ab+c=\frac{1}{a} \rightarrow a^2b+ac=1 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} -$$

$$b = -\frac{1}{nr} \rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{ar} \rightarrow a^2b = -1$$

$$\boxed{ac=r}$$

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$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

Q. 1.2

$$\frac{m(u-a)^{m-1}}{m-1} \rightarrow m \neq 0 \rightarrow m \neq 0$$

Derivative of $(u-a)^m$

$$(u-a)^m \rightarrow (u-a)^1 \rightarrow u-a \rightarrow \frac{d}{dx}(u-a)$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow x^{-1} \rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} x^{-1}$$

Q. 1.3

$$g'(u) \cdot f'(g(u)) \rightarrow (f \circ g)'(u) \xrightarrow{u \rightarrow \infty} g(u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{u}}$$

$$f \circ g = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{u}}}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{u}}}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{u}}} \rightarrow \sqrt{u}$$

$$(f \circ g)'(u) = 1$$

$$A \mid \begin{matrix} x \\ -3a - a \end{matrix}$$

Q12

$$f'(x) - f(x) = 2 \rightarrow -a(-3a - a) = 2 \rightarrow -a + 3a + 0 = 2$$

$$2a = -2 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{1}$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{f'(x)} = \frac{\frac{4}{x} - 0}{\frac{x}{x}} \rightarrow \frac{-\frac{1}{x}}{\frac{x}{x}} \rightarrow \boxed{-\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$(f \circ g)'(u) \rightarrow g'(u) \cdot f'(g(u)) \rightarrow \frac{2u}{x^2 \sqrt{u^2 - 1}}$$

Q13

$$\frac{2 \times \frac{x}{x}}{\frac{x}{x}} = 2\sqrt{x}$$

$$g(u) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow x$$

$$f'(g(u)) \rightarrow (2u)^2 + 1 \rightarrow 4u^2 + 1 \rightarrow 4 \times 2 + 1 = 9$$

$$g' \cdot f'(g(u)) \rightarrow 2\sqrt{x} \times 9 \rightarrow \frac{2 \times 9 \sqrt{x}}{-12 \times \sqrt{x}} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$g(-r) = f(-1) + f(-\varepsilon) \xrightarrow[-1+\varepsilon = -\varepsilon]{T=0} \frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = 2$$

سوال 1

$$g(-r) = f'(-1) + f'(-\varepsilon) \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = 2$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(f(a+h) - r) - (f(a-h) - r)}{(a-h) - (a+h)} \rightarrow f'(a) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a-h)}{2h}$$

$$f(a) = r \rightarrow f'(a) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+r}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-r}} \xrightarrow{a=0} r + \frac{1}{1/r} \rightarrow \frac{r^2}{r} - \frac{1}{a} \times \frac{r}{1/r} \rightarrow \frac{-r}{1/r}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x} + 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{1} \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow m' = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} - 1 = -1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = 0 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$(1, 2)$$