

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a + |x| & x < 1 \\ b \sqrt[3]{x^2} & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

در $x=1$ مشتق پذیر $\rightarrow x=1 \rightarrow a+1=b$, $(a+|x|)' = (b \sqrt[3]{x^2})' \Rightarrow 1 = \frac{2}{3} b \sqrt[3]{x^2}$

$\Rightarrow x=1 \rightarrow b = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{2}$ $a+b = \frac{3}{2} = \boxed{1.5}$

$$F'(1) - 2g'(1) = (F-2g)'_{(1)} = \left(\frac{-2x+2}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} - \frac{2-2x+2\sqrt[3]{2x}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} \right)'_{(1)} = \left(\frac{-2\sqrt[3]{2x}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} \right)'_{(1)}$$

$\rightarrow \left(-2\sqrt[3]{2} \cdot \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right)'_{(1)} = \left(-2\sqrt[3]{2} \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{3}} \right)'_{(1)} = \left(\frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}}{3} x^{-\frac{4}{3}} \right)_{(1)} = \frac{2\sqrt[3]{2}}{3}$

بررسی $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} ab+c \\ \frac{1}{a} \end{array} \right\}$ $ab+c \stackrel{ab}{=} \frac{1}{a}$

مشتق چپ و راست: $f'(x) = \begin{cases} b & x < a \\ -\frac{1}{x^2} & x \geq a \end{cases}$ $F'_-(a) = F'_+(a) \rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{a^2}$

بررسی $\Rightarrow a \left(-\frac{1}{a^2} \right) + c = \frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow c = \frac{2}{a} \rightarrow ac = \boxed{2}$

اگر $m < 0 \rightarrow f(x) = \begin{cases} b \\ b + \frac{1}{x-a} \end{cases}$ در $x=a$ درجه ۱ است

اگر $m = 0 \rightarrow f(x) = \begin{cases} b \\ b+1 \end{cases}$ x پیوسته و x درجه ۰ است

اگر $m = 1 \rightarrow f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 \\ 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow F'_-(a) \neq F'_+(a) \Rightarrow x \geq a$

اگر $m > 1 \rightarrow f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 \\ 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow$ مشتق پذیر است

$$(F(g(x)))'_{(-\sqrt[3]{2})}$$

$x = -\sqrt[3]{2} \rightarrow g(x) = \frac{1}{2x^2} < 0$

$F(g(x)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2x^2} - (-\frac{1}{2x^2})}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{x^2}}} = \frac{1}{\frac{2}{x}} = x$ $\xrightarrow{\text{مشتق}} \boxed{1}$

$$f'(x) = -a \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{a}$$

$$f(x) = -ax - a \Rightarrow -\frac{x}{a} - \frac{a}{a} = -\frac{x+a}{a}$$

$$f'(x) - f(x) = 1 \Rightarrow -a - (-\frac{x+a}{a}) = 1 \Rightarrow -a + \frac{x+a}{a} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{x}{a} = 1 \Rightarrow x = a \Rightarrow a = -\frac{x}{x} \quad 6$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{f'(x)} = \frac{-x(-\frac{x}{x}) - a}{+\frac{x}{x}} = \frac{+\frac{x^2}{x} - \frac{10}{x}}{+\frac{x}{x}} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{x}}$$

$$(f(g(x)))' = g'(x) \cdot f'(g(x))$$

$$g'(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}) \Rightarrow g'(x) = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}\right)' \Rightarrow (x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{1}{2} (x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1)^{-\frac{3}{2}} (x^{\frac{1}{2}}) \xrightarrow{x=\frac{4}{9}} -\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{3} - 1\right) \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad 7$$

$$g(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}} = \sqrt{x}$$

$$f'(x) \Rightarrow f(x) = (2x)^2 + 1 = 4x^2 + 1 \rightarrow f'(x) = 8x \xrightarrow{x=2} 16 \quad 42$$

$$\frac{(42)(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})}{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = 42$$

$$g'(x) = f'(x+1) + f'(x-1)$$

$$g'(-1) = f'(-1) + f'(1) =$$

$$f(x) = f(x \pm mT) \quad \text{دوره تناوب}$$

$$f'(x) = f'(x \pm mT) \quad m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\rightarrow f'(-1) = f'(1) \rightarrow g'(-1) = 1 + 3 = 4 \quad 8$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(f(a-h)-1)(f(a-h)-1)}{h(a-h)} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a-h)-f(a)}{h} \times \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a-h)-1}{a-h} = -\frac{1}{a} f'(a) \quad 9$$

$$f'(x) = (1) \sqrt{x+1} + \frac{1(x-1)}{x\sqrt{(x+1)^2}} \Rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{a} \times \frac{10}{12} = -\frac{5}{6} \right]$$

$$xy = x+1 \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{x} \xrightarrow{\text{مشتق}} -\frac{1}{x^2} \xrightarrow{x=1} f'(a) = -1$$

$$f'(x) = x-1 \rightarrow f'(a) = a-1 = -1 \rightarrow a = 1 = x$$

$$x=1, y=1-1+1=1 \quad \text{نقطه } (1, 1)$$