

11, 2.

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۱۸۱۵

نکته: در این صورت

بیان: $a+1=b \Rightarrow$  $\Rightarrow$ $\frac{x}{|x|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$ $\xrightarrow{x=1} b = \frac{1}{1} = 1, a = \frac{1}{1} \rightarrow a+b=2$

$g(x) = \frac{|x-1| + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{در نقطه } x=1} g'(1) = \frac{(-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1}})(1) - (\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1^2}})(1)}{(\sqrt[3]{1^2})^2} = \frac{(-1+1)(1) - (1)(1)}{1^2} = -1$

$f'(x) \xrightarrow{\text{در نقطه } x=1} \frac{(-1)(1) - (\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1^2}})(1)}{(\sqrt[3]{1^2})^2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} f'(1) = -\frac{1}{1} \\ g'(1) = -1 - \frac{\sqrt{1}}{1} \end{cases}$ ۱,۵

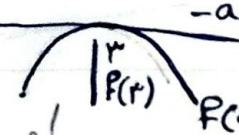
$f'(1) - 2g'(1) = -1 - 2(-1) = 1$

بیان: $ba+c = \frac{1}{a}, b = -\frac{1}{a^2}$ $\Rightarrow a(-\frac{1}{a^2}) + c = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow c = \frac{2}{a} \rightarrow ac = 2$ ۲

بیان: $f(x) = b, f(a) = b + o^m \Rightarrow m \neq 0$

$m \geq 1 \rightarrow f(a) = 0, f'_-(a) = 0 \neq f'_+(a) = m(a-a)^{m-1}$
 $m=1 \rightarrow f'_+ = 1 \neq 0 \checkmark, m \geq 2 \rightarrow f'_+(a) = m \times 0^{m-1} = 0 = f'_-(a) \times$
 پس فقط $m=1$ قابل قبول است.

$(fog)'(\sqrt[3]{2}) = ? \Rightarrow fog = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^3 - |x^3| - |x^3| - |x^3|}} \xrightarrow{\text{در نقطه } x=\sqrt[3]{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{4x^2}} = \frac{1}{x\sqrt[3]{4}}$
 $\Rightarrow (fog)'(x) = \frac{-\sqrt[3]{4}}{(x\sqrt[3]{4})^2} \xrightarrow{x=\sqrt[3]{2}} \frac{-\sqrt[3]{4}}{4} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}$ ۱,۵

 $f'(x) = -a \rightarrow f(x) = -a - x$
 $\rightarrow -a - x = -x^2 - a \rightarrow a = -\frac{x^2}{2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} f'(x) = \frac{x}{2} \\ f(x) = -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$
 $\frac{f(x)}{f'(x)} = -\frac{1}{x}$ ۲

$$f'(g(\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}})) \times g'(\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}) = ? \quad g(\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}) = r, \quad g'(x) = \frac{rx}{(\sqrt{rx-1})^2} \quad -V$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{r}{\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow g'(\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}) = \frac{14}{\sqrt{r}} = 14\sqrt{r}$$

$$f'(r) \times 14\sqrt{r} = ? \rightarrow f(x) = 14x^2 + 1 \rightarrow f'(x) = 28x \rightarrow f'(r) = 42$$

$$f \circ g' = 14 \times 14\sqrt{r} \rightarrow -1$$

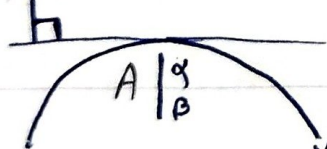
$$g'(n) = f'(n+1) - r f'(rx+10) \xrightarrow{x=-r} f'(-1) + r f'(f) = 4 \quad -A$$

$$\text{Hop: } \frac{rf(\omega-h) \times f'(\omega-h) \times -1 + rh}{h=0} \rightarrow \frac{-rf(\omega)f'(\omega)}{\omega} = ? \quad -9$$

$$f(\omega) = r, \quad f'(x) = \sqrt{r+x} + (x-r)\left(\frac{1}{r\sqrt{rx}}\right) \xrightarrow{x=\omega} f'(\omega) = \frac{r\omega}{1r}$$

$$? = \frac{r}{\omega} \times r \times \frac{r\omega}{1r} = \frac{-\omega}{r}$$

$$ay - tx = 1$$



$$y = x^2 - tx + \omega \quad \rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = 2x - t = -2 \quad -10$$

$$rx - t = -2 \rightarrow \alpha = 1, \beta = r \rightarrow A \mid 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x-2x}{\sqrt[5]{4x}} \rightarrow f'(1) = \frac{-2(\sqrt[5]{1}) - \frac{1}{5}(1)^{-\frac{1}{5}}(\frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{4}})}{\sqrt[5]{1}} = -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$g(x) = \frac{|x-2| + \sqrt{4x}}{\sqrt[5]{4x}} \rightarrow g'(1) = \frac{(-1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{4}})(1) - \frac{1}{5\sqrt[5]{1}}(1+\sqrt{4})}{5\sqrt[5]{1}}$$

$$g'(1) = -1 + \frac{2\sqrt{4}}{4} - \frac{1}{5} - \frac{2\sqrt{4}}{5} = -\frac{1}{5} - \frac{\sqrt{4}}{5}$$

$$f'(1) \cdot g'(1) = -\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2\sqrt{4}}{5} = \frac{\sqrt{4}}{5}$$

$$g(-\sqrt[5]{r}) = \frac{1}{(-\sqrt[5]{r})^5 - 1(-\sqrt[5]{r})^5} = \frac{1}{-r-r} = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$f(-\frac{1}{r}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{-\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}}} = (-\frac{1}{r})^{-\frac{1}{5}} = -(r)^{-1 \times -\frac{1}{5}} = -r^{\frac{1}{5}} = -\sqrt[5]{r} \rightarrow f \circ g(x) = x$$

$$g'(x) \times f'(g(x)) = (x)' = 1$$

$$(f \circ g)' = g'(\frac{r}{\sqrt{\lambda}}) \times f'(g(\frac{r}{\sqrt{\lambda}}))$$

$$g(\frac{r}{\sqrt{\lambda}}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{\frac{9}{\lambda} - 1}} = r \rightarrow g'(\frac{r}{\sqrt{\lambda}}) \times f'(r)$$

$$g'(\frac{r}{\sqrt{\lambda}}) = -\frac{1}{5} (x^5 - 1)^{-\frac{6}{5}} \times r = \frac{9}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \times -\frac{1}{5} \times (\frac{9}{\lambda} - 1)^{-\frac{6}{5}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda}} \times (r^5)^{-\frac{6}{5}} = -\frac{r^6}{\sqrt{\lambda}} = -\lambda\sqrt{\lambda}$$

$$f(x), x=r \rightarrow f(x) = x[x]_{+1}^r = x x_{+1}^r \rightarrow f'(r) = r r(r) = 4r$$

$$\frac{-\lambda\sqrt{\lambda} \times 4r}{-4\lambda\sqrt{\lambda}} = r$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(f(a-h) - 2)(f(a-h) - 1)}{h(a-h)} = -f'(a) \times \frac{(f(a) - 1)}{a}$$

4

$$f'(a) = \sqrt[3]{n+3} + \frac{n-4}{\sqrt[3]{(n+3)^2}} \sim -f'(a) = (\sqrt[3]{n} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{n^2}}) = 2 + \frac{1}{12} = -\frac{25}{12}$$

$$-\frac{25}{12} \times \frac{2-1}{a} = \boxed{-\frac{a}{12}}$$

تعريف مشتق $f(a)$ $\rightarrow \frac{f(h) - f(a-h)}{h} = f'(a)$