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$$\textcircled{1} f'_+(1) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{b(\sqrt[r]{x} - 1)(\sqrt[r]{x} + 1)}{b\sqrt[r]{x} - b} = \frac{b}{r}$$

$$f'_-(1) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{(\sqrt[r]{x} - 1)(\sqrt[r]{x} + 1 + \sqrt[r]{x})}{\sqrt[r]{x} - 1} = \frac{\sqrt[r]{x} - 1}{x - 1} = 1$$

$$a+1 = b \Rightarrow a = b-1$$

$$\frac{b}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow b = r \quad a = r \quad a+b = 2r$$

$$\textcircled{P} \quad (f(1) - g(1))' = \frac{1x-1 - 1x + 1 \cdot \sqrt[3]{1x}}{\sqrt[3]{1x}} = \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{1x}}{\sqrt[3]{1x}}$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{first}} \left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{1x}}{1x} \right)$

$$\textcircled{P} \quad \text{Given: } ab + c = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f'_-(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} \frac{bx + c - \frac{1}{a}}{x - a} = \frac{b(a-a)}{a-a} = b$$

$$f'_+(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} \frac{\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{a}}{x - a} = \frac{\frac{a-x}{ax}}{x-a} = \frac{-1}{ax} = -\frac{1}{a^2}$$

$ba^2 = -1$
 $a^2b + a = 1$
 $-1 = 1 \Rightarrow ac = 1$

$$\textcircled{P} \quad f'_+(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} \frac{b + (x-a)^m - b}{x-a} = (x-a)^{m-1} = (0)^{m-1}$$

$$f'_-(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} \frac{b - b}{x-a} = 0$$

$\Downarrow$
 $m-1=0 \Rightarrow m=1$

$$\textcircled{Q} \quad g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} \Rightarrow g'(x) = \frac{-2x^1}{x^4} \Rightarrow g'(\sqrt[3]{1x}) = -\frac{2\sqrt[3]{1x}}{\sqrt[3]{1x}^4}$$

$$\hookrightarrow g(\sqrt[3]{1x}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1x}}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1x}} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt[3]{1x}^2} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{1x}^2}$$

$$\textcircled{y} \quad f(r) = -ra - a \Rightarrow -ra - a + ra + a = r$$

$$f'(r) = -a \Rightarrow f'(r) = -a \Rightarrow ra = -r \Rightarrow a = -1, a$$

$$\Downarrow \Rightarrow \frac{f(r)}{f'(r)} = \left(-\frac{1}{r} \right)$$

$$\textcircled{v} \quad (f \circ g)' = f'(g(r)) \times g'(r) = \frac{-r}{\sqrt{r}} \times r = \left(-\sqrt{r} \right)$$

$$f(r) = r^{1/2} \Rightarrow f'(r) = \frac{1}{2}r^{-1/2} \Rightarrow f'(r) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{r}}$$

$$g\left(\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}\right) = r$$

$$g'(r) = \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{r}}}{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{r-1}}r} = \frac{-r}{r} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad f'(r) = f'(r+1) + r f'(r+1)$$

$$\Rightarrow f'(-1) = f'(-1) + r f'(-1) = r f'(-1) = \textcircled{y}$$

$$f'(-1) > f'(r)$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{hop}} \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\overbrace{-f}^{-f} \quad \overbrace{f}^f}{-1} = \textcircled{-2}$$

$f(a) = 2$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad y = \frac{1}{x}x + \frac{1}{y} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \frac{\text{y-ax}}{\text{y}} = -2$$

$$y' = 2x - 2 = -2 \Rightarrow \textcircled{x=1} \quad \longrightarrow \quad (1, 2)$$