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$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left. \begin{array}{l} | \cdot | \\ | \cdot | \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} y - r = \frac{1}{r} (x - r) \\ m = \frac{1}{r} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{ax-1} = \frac{x+\epsilon}{r} \\ \frac{a}{r\sqrt{ax-1}} = \frac{1}{r} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} a = r \checkmark \\ a = -\frac{r}{9} \text{ odd} \end{array} \\
 \text{مثال} \quad & f(a) = g(a) \quad f(r) = \sqrt{r \cdot 0 - 1} = 1 \\
 & f'(a) = g'(a)
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & a \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 \\ \frac{r+m}{\epsilon} \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} \Delta y = \frac{r}{\epsilon} m - \frac{1}{\epsilon} \\ \frac{r+m}{\epsilon} \xrightarrow{\text{مثال}} \frac{r}{\epsilon} + \frac{m}{\epsilon} = \frac{r}{\epsilon} - \frac{1}{\epsilon} \\ \frac{m+m}{\epsilon} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \quad \underline{m+m=1} \end{array}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & f = \frac{(r - \sin x)(1 + \cos x + r \sin x)}{(r - \sin x)(r + \sin x)} = \frac{r \sin x + 1}{r + \sin x} + \frac{\sin x^2}{r + \sin x} = r + \frac{\sin x}{r + \sin x} \\
 & f'(x) = \frac{r \cos x \cdot (r + \sin x) - \cos x \sin x}{(r + \sin x)^2} = \frac{\sin x (r + r \sin x + \cos x)}{(r + \sin x)^2} \\
 & \text{مثال} \quad g'(a) = \frac{r \cos}{(r + \sin r)^2} \\
 & \sin\left(\frac{\Delta x}{r}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \\
 & \cos\left(\frac{\Delta x}{r}\right) = +\frac{1}{r}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$(f \circ g)'(g(a)) = \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{rx^2} + \frac{1}{r_0^2}}} \right)' = \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{r_0^2}}} \right)' = (-r)' = -1$$

$$\frac{f-1}{x} = g$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f-1}{n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} g$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f' = f'(0)$$

$$f(n) = \left(\frac{x-1}{x+1} \right)^x = \left(1 - \frac{x}{x+1} \right)^x$$

$$f' = x \left(1 - \frac{x}{x+1} \right) \left(\frac{-x}{(x+1)^2} \right)$$

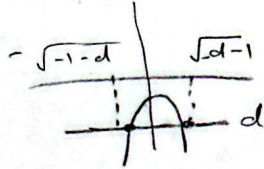
$$x \left(1 - \frac{x}{x+1} \right) \left(\frac{-x}{(x+1)^2} \right) = \epsilon$$



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$$y = -x^2 - 1$$

$$y' = -2x$$



$$+x \left(+\sqrt{-1-d} \right) \left(+x \right) \left(+\sqrt{-1-d} \right) = +1$$

$$-d-1 = \frac{d}{\epsilon}$$

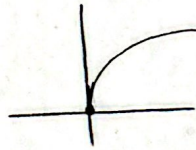
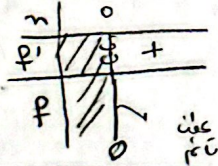
$$d = -\frac{d}{\epsilon} \Rightarrow \text{rwb} = \frac{d}{\epsilon}$$

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$$f(x) = x\sqrt{x} (e^{2x} + x)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x(e^{2x} + x)}{x\sqrt{x}} + \frac{x \times 1 \times x \sqrt{x} \times 2x}{\sqrt{x}}$$

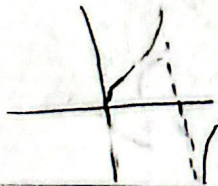
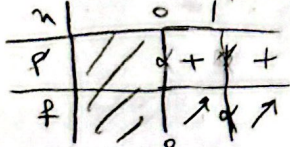
$$= \frac{e^{2x} + x + 2x^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$



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$$f'(x) = \frac{-x^2 + x + 1}{x\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(-e^{2x} + 1)2x}{x\sqrt{x}} = \frac{4x^2 - x + 1}{x\sqrt{x}}$$



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$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} \right] \right)^x$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{8}}{x}} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} (x) \right)^x = \lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{8}}{x}} \ln x \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{x-1}} \right)^x \left(\frac{x \times x}{x \sqrt{x-1}} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{x \times (x \times x) (x \times x) (x \times x \times \sqrt{8})}{x^2 \times 14 \sqrt{8}} = -1$$

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