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$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{a}{x} \quad \text{در بازه } [1, 2] \rightarrow \frac{f(2) - f(1)}{2 - 1} = \frac{1 - \frac{a}{2} - (1 - a)}{2 - 1} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}a}{2} = \frac{a}{4}$$

سوال 1

$$f'(x) = \frac{a}{x^2} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{x^2} = \frac{a}{4} \Rightarrow x^2 = 4 \Rightarrow x = \pm\sqrt{4} \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{4}$$

$$y = 2ax^2 - 2x + 11a \Rightarrow y' = 4ax - 2 \Rightarrow 4ax - 2 = 1 \Rightarrow 4ax = 3$$

$$\text{در بازه } y = x \rightarrow y' = 1 \Rightarrow 2ax = \frac{3}{2}$$

سوال 1

$$2ax^2 - 2x + 11a = x \Rightarrow 2ax^2 - 3x + 11a = 0$$

x	-2	$+2$
y'	$+$	$-$
y	\nearrow	\searrow

min

$$y' = 3x^2 - 12 = 0 \Rightarrow 3x^2 = 12 \Rightarrow x^2 = 4 \Rightarrow x = \pm 2$$

$$(2, -12) \leftarrow \text{min}$$

$$y = x^3 + ax^2 - 2bx - 2 \quad y' = 3x^2 + 2ax - 2b = 3x^2 + 4x$$

سوال 4

$$x = 0, -2$$

$$y'(0) = -2b = 0 \Rightarrow b = 0$$

$$d = ?$$

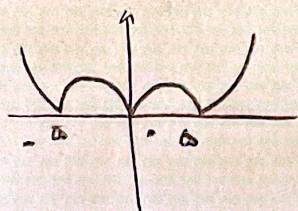
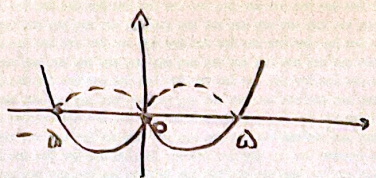
$$y'(-2) = 12 - 2a = 0 \Rightarrow 2a = 12 \Rightarrow a = 6$$

$$y = x^3 + 3x^2 - 2 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 0 \Rightarrow y = -2 \Rightarrow (0, -2) \\ x = -2 \Rightarrow y = 0 \Rightarrow (-2, 0) \end{cases}$$

$$d = \sqrt{(-2 - 0)^2 + (0 + 2)^2} = \sqrt{2^2 + 2^2} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$f(x) = x^r - a|x| \begin{cases} x > 0 & x^r - ax \Rightarrow x(x-a) \quad x=0, a, -a \\ x < 0 & x^r + ax \Rightarrow x(x+a) \end{cases}$$

Ⓐ مثال



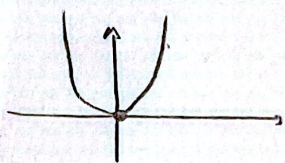
r min
 r max

$$\frac{n}{m} = \frac{r}{r}$$

Ⓐ

$$|x(|x| + r)| \begin{cases} x > 0 & |x^2 + rx| = |x(x+r)| \sim \rightarrow -r \\ x < 0 & |-x^2 + rx| = |x(-x+r)| \sim \rightarrow -r \end{cases}$$

Ⓐ مثال



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Ⓐ

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt[r]{x^r} (x-a) & x \geq a \\ -\sqrt[r]{x^r} (x-a) & x \leq a \end{cases}$$

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{r(x-a)}{r\sqrt[r]{x}} + \sqrt[r]{x^r} & x \geq a \\ -\left(\frac{r(x-a)}{r\sqrt[r]{x}} + \sqrt[r]{x^r}\right) & x \leq a \end{cases}$$

Ⓐ مثال

$$\Rightarrow -\left(\frac{r(x-a)}{r\sqrt[r]{x}} + \sqrt[r]{x^r}\right) = 0 \Rightarrow -\frac{r(x-a)}{r\sqrt[r]{x}} = \sqrt[r]{x^r} \Rightarrow x-a = -\frac{r}{r} x \Rightarrow x = \frac{ra}{a}$$

$$-\sqrt[r]{\left(\frac{ra}{a}\right)^r} \left(\frac{ra}{a} - a\right) = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow \sqrt[r]{\left(\frac{ra}{a}\right)^r} \times a = \frac{a}{r} \Rightarrow \sqrt[r]{\left(\frac{ra}{a}\right)^r} \times \sqrt[r]{a^r} = \frac{a}{r} \Rightarrow a = \frac{r}{a}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x^2-n} & x \geq 1 \\ \sqrt{-x^2-n} & x \leq -1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{r_{n-1}}{r\sqrt{x^2-n}} & x \geq 1 \\ \frac{-r_{n-1}}{r\sqrt{x^2-n}} & x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

Ⓐ مثال

$$f'(x) \in \{-1, 0, 1\}$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow \left\{-\frac{1}{r}\right\}$$

$$f'_{-}\left(-\frac{1}{r}\right) > 0, f'_{+}\left(-\frac{1}{r}\right) < 0 \Rightarrow \left\{-\frac{1}{r}\right\} \Rightarrow \frac{km+n}{k-n} = \frac{f(1)+0}{f} = 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{n}{1-x|x|} \quad x > 0 \quad \frac{n}{1-x^2} \rightsquigarrow y' = \frac{(1-x^2) + 2x(x)}{(1-x^2)^2} = \frac{1+n^2}{(1-x^2)^2} \quad (1)$$

$$x < 0 \quad \frac{n}{1+x^2} \rightsquigarrow \frac{1+n^2-2n(x)}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{-x^2+1}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$1-3x^2 = 0 \rightarrow 3x^2 = 1 \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$-x^2+1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm 1 \quad \text{نقطه بحرانی در } (-1, 1)$$

1, 1, 1, 1

$$y = \begin{cases} \frac{n}{1-x^2} & n \geq 0 \\ \frac{n}{1+x^2} & n < 0 \end{cases} \rightsquigarrow Dy = \mathbb{R} - \{1, -1\}$$

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$$y' = \begin{cases} \frac{1-n^2+2n^2}{1-n^2} = \frac{1+n^2}{1-n^2} & n > 0 \\ \frac{1+n^2-2n^2}{1-n^2} = \frac{1-n^2}{1+n^2} & n < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \boxed{n = -1}$$

تلاش $n = 0$ مشتق نپذیرد و مشتق در آن صفر نیست پس تنها یک نقطه ای برای $x = -1$ دارد

$$2an^2 - 2n + 12a = n \rightarrow 2an^2 - 4n + 12a = 0 \rightarrow an^2 - 2n + 6a = 0$$

$$\Delta = 0 \rightarrow 4 - 48a^2 = 0 \rightarrow a^2 = \frac{1}{12} \rightarrow a = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}$$

اگر $a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}$ باشد در سری عبارت صفت مرتبه دروسی نیز نامیده سوم بن افند پس $a = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}$

$$f'(n) < 0 \rightarrow m^2 - n - 2 \leq 0 \rightarrow -1 \leq m \leq 2, m \neq 2 \rightarrow -1 \leq m < 2$$

لا (ریشه منفی) $\rightarrow 1 - m \leq 1 \rightarrow m \geq 0$

1, 2 $\rightarrow m = 0 \leq 1$