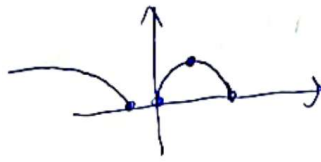


$$f(x) = \sqrt{x(1-x)}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x-x^2} & x \geq 0 \\ \sqrt{x+x^2} & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

x	-1	0	1
f(x)	0	0	0
f'(x)	>	0	<



$$n+m+n \leq \Delta$$

min $6^m = n$
 max $1 = m$
 $\Delta = k$ (تعداد)

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a-px} \quad x \geq 0 \quad a-px \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{a}{p} \geq x \Rightarrow D_f = [0, \frac{a}{p}]$$

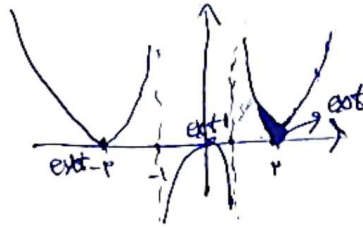
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{p}{2\sqrt{a-px}} = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = \sqrt{a-px} \Rightarrow x = a-px \Rightarrow x = \frac{a}{1+p}$$

$$f(\frac{a}{1+p}) = \sqrt{\frac{a}{1+p}} + \sqrt{\frac{pa}{1+p}} = \sqrt{a} \quad f(0) = \sqrt{a} \quad f(\frac{a}{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{a}{p}}$$

$$y_{min} y_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{a}{1+p}} \times \sqrt{\frac{a}{p}} = \frac{a\sqrt{1+p}}{1+p} = \sqrt{a} \Rightarrow a \in \mathbb{R}$$

$[a] \in \mathbb{R}$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2-1} \quad |x^2-1|$$



ext ∞

$$y = ax^2 + bx^2 + cx + d \quad \text{معمولاً } a, b, c, d \text{ معلوم است}$$

$$y' = 2ax^2 + 2bx + c$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} y'(1) = c \Rightarrow y'(1) = 2a + 2b + c \\ y(1) = d \Rightarrow y(1) = a + b + c + d \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow b + 2a = -c \Rightarrow abc = -y$$

$$f(x) = x|x^2-1| \quad [-1, 1] \cup [1, \infty)$$

$$= x^3 - px$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm 1 \Rightarrow x = -1$$

$$f(-1) = (-1)|(-1)^2-1| = -p$$

g

$$g = x^p |x| + px^p + b \quad A(-1,1)$$

$$y = -x^p + px^p + b$$

$$y' = -px^{p-1} + pa x^{p-1}$$

$$g'(-1) = -p - pa = 0 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{p}$$

$$g(-1) = 1 + \frac{p}{p} + b = 1 \Rightarrow b = -\frac{p}{p}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{b}{a} = -p}$$

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$$y = \frac{p}{p} x^p + x + \frac{0}{p} \Rightarrow y' = px^{p-1} + 1 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{p}$$

$$x = \frac{1-a}{a+1} = -\frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow a = p$$

$$y = \frac{px + p}{px + p} \quad \boxed{x = -\frac{p}{p}}$$

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$$y = \frac{bx^p + v}{x^p + a + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{bx^p}{x^p} = \frac{b}{1} = p \Rightarrow b = p$$

$$E\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) - \frac{a}{p} + 1 = 0 \quad a = p$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{p}{1} = p$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{x^p}{x^p - 1} \quad f'(x) = \frac{(x^p)(x^p - 1) - (x^p)(x^p)}{(x^p - 1)^2} = \frac{x^p - p x^{2p}}{(x^p - 1)^2}$$

x	0	1	$\sqrt[p]{\varepsilon}$
f(x)	+	0	-
f'(x)	→	↘	↘

$$\text{min } p(\sqrt[p]{\varepsilon} - 1)$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{x^p - p}{x^p - p}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(x^p)(x^p - p) - (x^p)(x^p - p)}{(x^p - p)^2} = \frac{px^p - px^{2p} + px^p}{(x^p - p)^2}$$

x	$-\sqrt[p]{p}$	$-\sqrt[p]{p} + 1$	0	$\sqrt[p]{p}$	$\sqrt[p]{p}$
f'(x)	-	+	+	-	+

$$\sigma' > \varepsilon$$

$$\leq \frac{px(x^p - \sqrt[p]{p})}{(x^p - p)^2} = \frac{px(x^p - 1)(x^p - p)}{(x^p - p)^2}$$

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