

ایضاً  $\sqrt{x}$

موضوع: \_\_\_\_\_

تاریخ: / /

$$P_m = \sqrt{x(1-|x|)} \rightarrow x(1-|x|) = 0 \rightarrow x = 0, 1, -1 \quad (1)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{-x^2+x} & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \sqrt{x^2+x} & x \leq -1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{-2x+1}{2\sqrt{-x^2+x}} & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \frac{2x+1}{2\sqrt{x^2+x}} & x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

$$(1) \rightarrow \frac{-2x+1}{2\sqrt{-x^2+x}} = 0 \rightarrow -2x+1=0 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(2) \rightarrow \frac{2x+1}{2\sqrt{x^2+x}} = 0 \rightarrow 2x+1=0 \rightarrow 2x=-1 \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$(1) \rightarrow \frac{0 \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad 1}{1+1-1} \rightsquigarrow \frac{1}{2} \text{ کلاس}$$

$$0, 1, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{کلاس}, \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{کلاس} \quad m+n+k = 1+0+0 = 1$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{a-2x}$$

$\rightarrow a-2x \geq 0 \rightarrow a \geq 2x \Rightarrow \frac{a}{2} \geq x$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{-2}{2\sqrt{a-2x}} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a-2x}} \Rightarrow a-2x = x \Rightarrow a = 3x \Rightarrow x = \frac{a}{3}$$

$$f(0) = \sqrt{a}$$

$$f\left(\frac{a}{3}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{a}{3}} \text{ min}$$

$$f\left(\frac{a}{3}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{a}{3}} + \sqrt{a - \frac{2a}{3}} = \sqrt{\frac{a}{3}} + \sqrt{\frac{a}{3}} = 2\sqrt{\frac{a}{3}}$$

max

ابتداءً من النقطة  $\frac{a}{3}$

$$D_f = \left[0, \frac{a}{2}\right]$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{a}{3}} \times 2 = \sqrt{\frac{a}{3}} \times \sqrt{12} = \frac{2\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{12} \Rightarrow 2\sqrt{a} = \sqrt{12} \Rightarrow \sqrt{a} = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow a = 3 \Rightarrow [a] = 3$$

$$\frac{x^r}{x^r-1} \cdot |x^r-3| \rightarrow \frac{x^r}{x^r-1} (x^r-3)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x > 1, x < 3 \\ -2 < x < 2 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{r x^{r-1} (x^r-1) - r x (x^r-1)'}{(x^r-1)^2} = \frac{r x^{r-1} (x^r-1) - r x (r x^{r-1})}{(x^r-1)^2} =$$

$$\frac{r x^{r-1} (x^r-1) - r x (r x^{r-1})}{(x^r-1)^2} = \frac{r x^{r-1} (x^r-1) - r^2 x^r}{(x^r-1)^2} =$$

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$\rightarrow x = 2, -2$   
 من النقطة  $\frac{a}{3}$   
 من النقطة  $\frac{a}{3}$

$A(0,0) \quad B(1,1)$

(1)

$y = ax^{\mu} + bx^{\nu} + cx + d \xrightarrow{(0,0)} d = 0$

$(1,1) \rightarrow a + b = 1$

$y' = \mu ax^{\mu-1} + \nu bx^{\nu-1} + c = 0 \xrightarrow{x=0} c = 0$

$x=1 \rightarrow \mu a + \nu b = 0$

$\begin{cases} -\mu a + b = 1 \\ \mu a + \nu b = 0 \end{cases}$

$b = \mu$

$a = -\nu$

$a \times b = -9$

$f(x) = x | \mu - x^{\nu} | \xrightarrow{x = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{c}{\sqrt{3}} | \mu - \frac{9}{\sqrt{3}} | = \frac{\mu}{\sqrt{3}} | \frac{12-9}{\sqrt{3}} |$

$x = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow \sqrt{\mu} | \mu - \mu | = 0$

$f(x) = \mu x - x^{\mu} \rightarrow f'(x) = \mu - \mu x^{\mu-1} = 0 \rightarrow \mu(1 - x^{\mu-1}) = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 1$

$\frac{-1}{-1} + \frac{+1}{+1}$   
 min max

$(-1, -2)$

$A(-1,1) \quad x^{\nu} | x | + \mu ax^{\nu} + b \rightarrow 1 - x^{\mu} + \mu ax^{\nu} + b$

(2)

$f'(x) = -\mu x^{\mu-1} + \mu ax^{\nu-1} = 0 \xrightarrow{x=-1} -\mu - \mu a = 0 \Rightarrow a = -1/\nu$

$b = \frac{\mu}{\nu} \quad 1 - \frac{\mu}{\nu} + b = 1$

$a = -1/\nu \quad 1 + \mu a + b = 1$

$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{\mu}{\nu} x - \nu = -\mu$

Subject.

Date. / /

$$y = \frac{(ax + \mu)}{(a+1)x + (a-1)} \rightarrow \frac{a}{a+1} = \frac{b}{a} \Rightarrow b = \frac{a^2}{a+1} \quad (14)$$

$$ax + x + a - 1 = 0 \rightarrow x(a+1) = -a+1 \rightarrow x = \frac{1-a}{1+a}$$

$$\left( \frac{a}{a+1}, \frac{1-a}{1+a} \right)$$

$$y' = \mu x + 1 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{\mu} \quad \frac{-1/\mu}{-1+} \quad \frac{a}{a+1} = -\frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$y = \frac{-1/\mu x + \mu}{\mu x - a} \Rightarrow \frac{-1/\mu x + \mu}{\mu x - a} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-1/\mu x + \mu}{\mu x - a} = 0 \Rightarrow x = \mu \quad \mu a = -a - 1 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$A\left(-\frac{1}{\mu}, \mu\right) \quad y = \frac{bx^r + v}{rx^r + ax + 1} \rightarrow \frac{b}{r} = -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow b = -1 \quad (15)$$

$$y = \frac{-rx^r + v}{rx^r + ax + 1} \Rightarrow rx^r + ax + 1 \xrightarrow{x=\mu} \mu a + \mu + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \mu a = -\mu - 1 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{1}{-\frac{1}{\mu}} = \mu \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^E}{x^E - 1} \rightarrow \frac{x^E(x^E - 1) - (x^E)(x^E)}{(x^E - 1)^2} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{x^E(\cancel{x^E} - 1 - \cancel{x^E})}{(x^E - 1)^2} = \frac{x^E(x^E - 2)}{(x^E - 1)^2}$$

$\frac{+1-1-1+}{\text{الساكنه}}$

$(x^E) = \text{طول الجزيء}$        $(\frac{1}{x^E}) = \sqrt[3]{3x} - 2$   
 $\text{الساكنه}$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^E - 1}{x^E - 1} \rightarrow \frac{x^E(x^E - 1) - 1(x^E - 1)}{(x^E - 1)^2} \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{x^E(\cancel{x^E} - 1 - \cancel{x^E} + 1)}{(x^E - 1)^2} = \frac{x^E(1x^E - 1x^E + 1)}{(x^E - 1)^2} = \frac{1(x^E - x^E + 1)}{(x^E - 1)^2}$$

$$\frac{1(x^E - 1)}{(x^E - 1)^2} = \frac{1}{x^E - 1}$$

$\frac{-1-1-1+1+1+}{\text{الساكنه}}$        $\text{طول الجزيء}$