



$$y = \frac{x^2 + \varepsilon}{x^2 - 1} \xrightarrow{\text{حد اول}} x^2 = \frac{-(-y - \varepsilon)}{y - 1} \rightarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{y + \varepsilon}{y - 1}} \quad (2) \text{ (ع)}$$

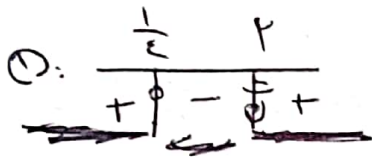
$$\rightarrow R = \text{[scribbled out]}$$

$$\frac{-\varepsilon}{1 + \phi - \phi + 1} \rightarrow R = (-\infty, -\varepsilon] \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 + \varepsilon}{x^2 - 1} \quad \begin{matrix} x^2 = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\varepsilon}{-1} = -\varepsilon \\ x^2 = +\infty \rightarrow 1 \end{matrix} \left. \begin{matrix} \text{منحني من} \\ \text{نقطه} \end{matrix} \right\} \rightarrow (-\infty, -\varepsilon] \cup (1, +\infty) \quad : 2 \text{ ديد}$$

$$y = \frac{2 \sin x - 1}{\sin x + 1} \xrightarrow{\text{حد اول}} \sin x = \frac{-2y + 1}{y - 1} \quad (2) \text{ (ع)}$$

$$-1 \leq \frac{-2y - 1}{y - 1} \leq 1 \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \frac{-2y - 1}{y - 1} \leq 1 \rightarrow \frac{-2y - 1 - y + 1}{y - 1} \leq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-3y}{y - 1} \leq 0 \quad (1) \\ \frac{-2y - 1}{y - 1} \geq -1 \rightarrow \frac{-2y - 1 + y - 1}{y - 1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-y - 2}{y - 1} \geq 0 \quad (2) \end{matrix}$$



(2):   
 $\rightarrow y \in \left[ \frac{-3}{1}, \frac{1}{2} \right]$

$$y = \frac{2 \sin x - 1}{\sin x + 1} \quad \begin{matrix} \sin x = -1 \rightarrow \frac{-3}{1} \\ \sin x = 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \left. \begin{matrix} \text{منحني من} \\ \text{نقطه} \end{matrix} \right\} \rightarrow \left[ \frac{-3}{1}, \frac{1}{2} \right] \quad : 2 \text{ ديد}$$

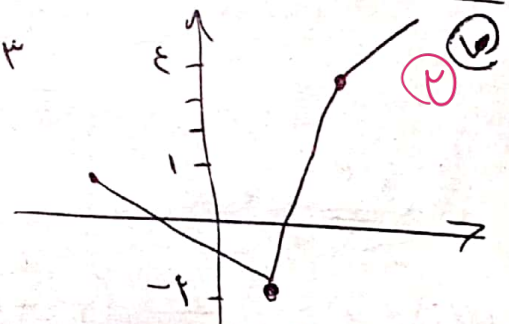
$$y = \frac{x^2 - x + \frac{1}{\varepsilon}}{x^2 - x + 1} = \frac{(x - \frac{1}{2})^2}{(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{1}{\varepsilon}} \xrightarrow{\text{حد اول}} 0 \leq 0 \leq 1 \quad (2) \text{ (ع)}$$

$$R = [0, 1)$$

$$y = |x - 1| - |x - 2|$$

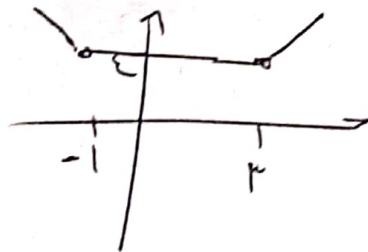
$\frac{1}{x-1} \quad \frac{1}{x-2} \quad \frac{1}{x-2}$   
 $\frac{x-1}{x-1} \quad \frac{x-2}{x-2} \quad \frac{x-2}{x-2}$   
 $\frac{x-1}{x-1} \quad \frac{x-2}{x-2} \quad \frac{x-2}{x-2}$   
 $\frac{x-1}{x-1} \quad \frac{x-2}{x-2} \quad \frac{x-2}{x-2}$

$$R = [-1, +\infty)$$



$$\Rightarrow |x-2| + |x+1|$$

قسم مشدود



$$R = [\epsilon, +\infty)$$

$$|x-2| - |2x+2| \leq 1$$

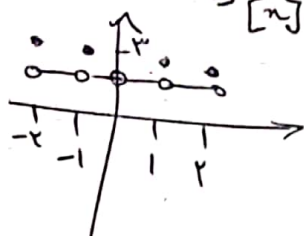
(2) (1)

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} -1 & 2 & \\ \hline -x+2+2x+2 \leq 1 & -x+2-x-2 \leq 1 & x-2-2x-2 \leq 1 \\ \hline x \leq -4 & x \geq -\frac{1}{2} & x \geq -6 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow R = (-\infty, -4] \cup [-\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$$

$$y = [x] + [x-n] \rightarrow \text{خط متقطع}$$

(2) (9)



$$R = \{2, 3\}$$

$$y = 3x - [x]$$

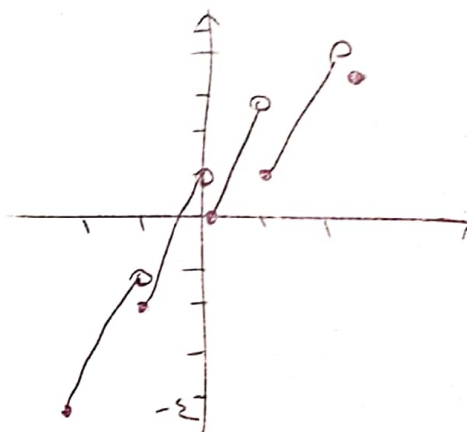
$$-1 \leq x < -1 \rightarrow 3x+2$$

$$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow 3x+1$$

$$0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow 3x$$

$$1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow 3x-1$$

$$x=2 \rightarrow \epsilon$$



$$R = [-\epsilon, \infty)$$

$$y = \sin^2 x - \sin x + 1 \xrightarrow{\sin x = 1} = 1$$

$$\xrightarrow{\sin x = -1} = 2$$

$$\xrightarrow{\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} + 1 = \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)$$

$$R = \left[\frac{5}{4}, 2\right]$$

(12)

(2)

$$y = \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x + 1 \xrightarrow{\sin^2 x = 0} = 1$$

$$\xrightarrow{\sin^2 x = 1} = 2$$

$$R = [1, 2]$$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{-b}{2a} = -\frac{1}{2}$$