

مسئله ۱۲ امده شد ۹

۱۹ آزمون!

$$0 < \frac{x}{p} - \left\lfloor \frac{x}{p} \right\rfloor < 1 \rightarrow 0 < \left(\frac{x}{p} - \left\lfloor \frac{x}{p} \right\rfloor \right)^p < 1$$

الف) $f\left(\frac{x}{p} - \left\lfloor \frac{x}{p} \right\rfloor\right)^p$

$0 < \left(\frac{x}{p} - \left\lfloor \frac{x}{p} \right\rfloor \right)^p < 1$

ب) $-\sin x + \log y - k = 0 \rightarrow \log y = \sin x + k \rightarrow y = 10^{\sin x + k}$

$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1$
 $\mu \leq \sin x + k \leq \omega$

$\rightarrow y = 10^{\mu} \leq 10^{\sin x + k} \leq 10^{\omega}$

$[0, +\infty)$

$\frac{x^p - k}{x^p - 9} \xrightarrow{+\infty} y = 1 \rightarrow x^p - 9 = 0 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[p]{9} \cup [1, +\infty)$

$\xrightarrow{0} y = \frac{k}{9}$

$y \geq 0 \rightarrow [0, \frac{k}{9}] \cup [1, +\infty)$

$1 + 0 + \frac{k}{9} = \frac{10}{9}$

$a + b + c = \frac{2}{c}$

زیر است $\rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{2}{c}} = \frac{2}{c}$

$$f(x) = \left(\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1 \right)^p - 1$$

$$x > 0 \rightarrow x + \frac{1}{x} \geq 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} \geq \sqrt{2} \rightarrow \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1 \geq \sqrt{2} + 1$$

$$\rightarrow \left(\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1 \right)^p \geq 2 + 2\sqrt{2} \rightarrow \left(\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1 \right)^p - 1 \geq 2 + 2\sqrt{2}$$

ب) $\mu + \mu \sin x - \sin x - \sin x^p = -\sin^p x + \mu \sin x + \mu$

$$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1 \rightarrow \sin x = -1 \rightarrow -(1) - \mu + \mu = 0 \quad -\frac{b}{pa} = \frac{-\mu}{-\mu} = 1 \rightarrow -1 + \mu + \mu = k$$

$$\sin x = 1 \rightarrow -(1) + \mu + \mu = k$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \leq R \leq k$$

$Df = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 9\}$ $x=1 \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{\mu} + 10 = \frac{\mu 9}{\mu}$ $x=2 \rightarrow y = -\frac{2}{\mu} + 10 = \frac{\mu 8}{\mu}$

$x=3 \rightarrow y = 9$ $x=4 \rightarrow y = \frac{\mu 4}{\mu}$ $x=5 \rightarrow y = \frac{\mu 5}{\mu}$ $x=6 \rightarrow y = \frac{\mu 6}{\mu}$

$x=7 \rightarrow y = 9$ $x=8 \rightarrow y = \frac{\mu 1}{\mu}$ $x=9 \rightarrow y = \frac{\mu 9}{\mu}$

$$\frac{\mu 9}{\mu} + \frac{\mu 1}{\mu} + \frac{\mu 5}{\mu} + \frac{\mu 4}{\mu} + \frac{\mu 6}{\mu} = \frac{1 \mu 9}{\mu} = k \omega$$

$$\frac{9}{r} \left(\frac{r}{c} + \frac{r}{e} \right) < \frac{9}{r} \times \frac{2}{e} = \frac{18}{e}$$

-w

$$x=0 \quad \sqrt{bx+c} \quad bx+c \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -\frac{c}{b} \quad -\frac{c}{b} = p \rightarrow c = -pb$$

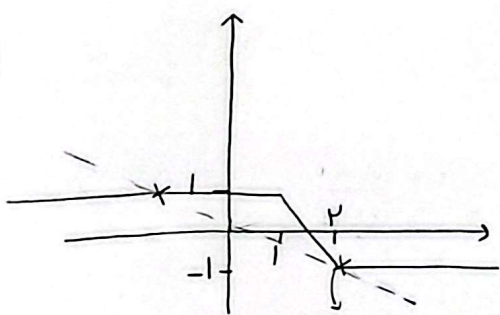
$$f(p)=1 \rightarrow \sqrt{pb+c}=1 \rightarrow pb+c=1 \rightarrow b=1 \quad c=-p$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x^p + p} \quad x^p \geq 0 \rightarrow x^p + p \geq p \rightarrow \sqrt{x^p + p} \geq p$$

(2)

-y

$$\begin{aligned} & \lambda - p - \lambda + 1 = -1 \\ & -\lambda + p - \lambda + 1 = -p\lambda + p \\ & -\lambda + p + \lambda - 1 = 1 \end{aligned}$$



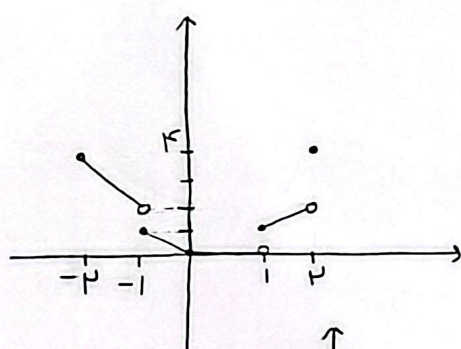
$$(p-1) \rightarrow -1 = pk \rightarrow k = -\frac{1}{p}$$

(2)

-v

$$\begin{aligned} -p \leq x < -1 &\rightarrow [x] = -p \rightarrow y = -px \\ 0 \leq x < 1 &\rightarrow [x] = 0 \rightarrow y = 0 \\ x = +p &\rightarrow [x] = p \rightarrow y = p \end{aligned}$$

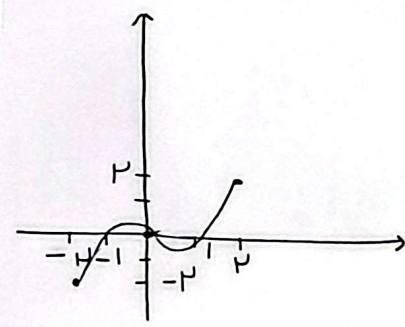
$$\begin{aligned} -1 \leq x < 0 &\rightarrow [x] = -1 \rightarrow y = -x \\ 1 \leq x < p &\rightarrow [x] = 1 \rightarrow y = x \end{aligned}$$



$$Rf = [0, p] - \{p\}$$

(2)

$$\cup \quad \begin{aligned} x < 0 &\rightarrow -x^p - x \\ x > 0 &\rightarrow x^p - x \end{aligned}$$



$$Rf = [-p, p]$$

$$y = \frac{x+1+x+1}{x^p+x} = \frac{p x + p}{x^p+x} = y \rightarrow y x^p + y x = p x + p$$

$$\rightarrow y x^p + x(y-p) - p = 0$$

$$x = \frac{p-y \pm \sqrt{y^p - p y + p + 4 y}}{p y} = \frac{p-y \pm \sqrt{y^p + p y + p}}{p y}$$

$$y \neq 0$$

$$y = -p \rightarrow \frac{p - (-p) + (-p + p)}{-p} = -1 \rightarrow x = -1 \rightarrow \text{مقرن سده}$$

-v

(2)

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x}-1)(\sqrt{x}-\mu)}{(\sqrt{x}-1)(\sqrt{x}-1)} = \frac{\sqrt{x}-\mu}{\sqrt{x}-1} = y \rightarrow y\sqrt{x}-y = \sqrt{x}-\mu$$

$$\sqrt{x}(y-1) = y-\mu \rightarrow \sqrt{x} = \frac{y-\mu}{y-1}$$

(9) -9

$$\frac{y-\mu}{y-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{+}{+} \frac{-}{-} \frac{+}{+}$$

$$y > \mu \cup y < 1$$

$$\frac{x^\mu(x+\mu) - (x+\mu)}{x^\mu - 1} = \frac{(x+\mu)(x^\mu - 1)}{x^\mu - 1} = x+\mu$$

$$x^\mu - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1 \rightarrow y \neq \mu, 1$$

$$\mu+1 = \kappa$$

(10) -10