

$$y = (x - 2\left[\frac{x}{2}\right])^2 \rightarrow (2\left(\frac{x}{2} - \left[\frac{x}{2}\right]\right))^2 \rightarrow R = [0, 4]$$

$$0 < y = [0] < 1 \quad 0 < 2(1^2 - [0]) < 2$$

$$-\sin x + \log y - 4 = 0 \quad \log y = \sin x + 4$$

$$y = 10^{\sin x + 4} \quad \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\sin x = -1} y = 10^3 \\ \xrightarrow{\sin x = 1} y = 10^5 \end{array} \quad R = [10^3, 10^5]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 9}} \quad y^2 = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 9} = \frac{x^2 - 9 + 5}{x^2 - 9} = 1 + \frac{5}{x^2 - 9}$$

$$x^2 = \frac{5}{y^2 - 1} + 9 \quad x = \sqrt{\frac{4y^2 - 4}{y^2 - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{(2y-2)(2y+2)}{(y-1)(y+1)}} = \frac{-1 \cdot \frac{2}{y} \cdot \frac{2}{y} \cdot 1}{\frac{1}{y} - 1 + \frac{1}{y} + 1} = \frac{-4}{2} = -2$$

عبارت زیر را در کمال متن می شود

$$[-\frac{2}{y}, \frac{2}{y}] \cup (1, +\infty) \quad a+b+c = \frac{5}{y^2}$$

$$f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1 - 1 = (\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 1)^2 - 1 \quad R$$

$$y = (\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} + 2)(\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}}) \quad \begin{array}{l} y = t^2 + 2t \\ t = \sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} y = \sqrt{b+1} - 1 \\ b+1 = (y+1)^2 \end{array}$$

$$y = (3 - \sin x)(1 + \sin x) = -\sin^2 x + 2\sin x + 3$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\sin x = -1} -1 - 2 + 3 = 0 \\ \xrightarrow{\sin x = 1} -1 + 2 + 3 = 4 \\ \xrightarrow{-\frac{b}{2a}} -\frac{2}{-2} = 1 \end{array} \quad R = [0, 4]$$

$$\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}} = 0 \quad a \square + b \square + c \rightarrow f_{\max} \rightarrow \infty = \infty$$

$$f_{\min} \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 + 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$R_f = [2 + 2\sqrt{2}, +\infty)$$

صفت الف

$$f(x) = \frac{-1}{x} + 10$$

$$D_f = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

مجموع اعضای بردار من خواهد

$$D_f = \left\{ \frac{19}{10}, \frac{11}{10}, 9, \frac{19}{10}, \dots, 17 \right\} \quad S_n = \frac{9}{2} \left(\frac{19}{10} + \frac{19}{10} \right) = 158$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}$$

$$f(4) = 1$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{bx^2 + ax - 10}$$

$$a =$$

$$bx + c \xrightarrow{x=4} \xrightarrow{x=7}$$

$$16b + c = 1$$

$$b = 1 \quad c = -2$$

$$y = \sqrt{x^2 + 4}$$

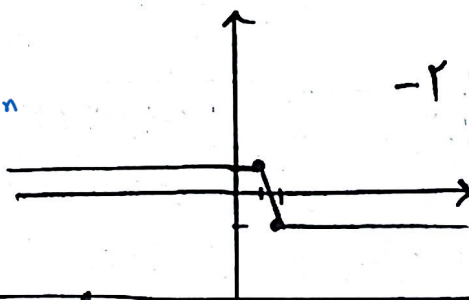
$$D_f = [2, +\infty)$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 4}$$

$$|x-2| - |x-1| = kx$$

k باید (مثبت) یا (منفی) باشد

$$k = -\frac{1}{2}$$



$$-2 < k < 0$$

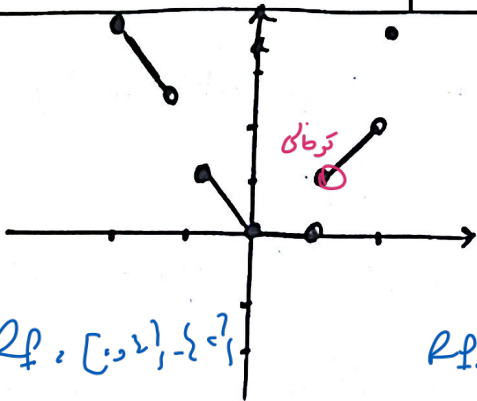
$$y = x[x]$$

$$-1 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow -x$$

$$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow -x$$

$$0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow 0$$

$$1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow x$$

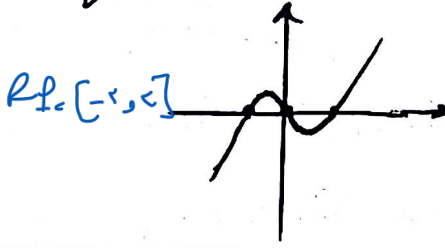


$$D_f = [0, 2] \cup [2, 4]$$

$$y = x|x| - x$$

$$x^2 - x \quad x \geq 0$$

$$-x^2 - x \quad x < 0$$



$$D_f = [-2, 2]$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x^2+x}$$

$$R = \{a, b\}$$

$$a+b = -1$$

$$\frac{x+1+x+1}{x(x+1)}$$

$$= \frac{2(x+1)}{x(x+1)}$$

$$= \frac{2}{x}$$

$$D_f = R - \{0, -1\}$$

$$x = -1 \rightarrow y = -2$$

$$D_f = R - \{0, -1\}$$

$$\frac{a\alpha+b}{c\alpha+d} \xrightarrow{\alpha=0 \rightarrow 1} \text{منهج صفر و واحد} \rightarrow Rf = (-\infty, +\infty) \cup [r, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x - 4\sqrt{x} + 3}{x - 2\sqrt{x} + 1} = \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} - 3)}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} - 1)} = \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 3)}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)}$$

1/0

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{x} - 3}{\sqrt{x} - 1} \quad \sqrt{x} = \frac{-y + 3}{-y + 1} \rightarrow \sqrt{y} = \frac{-x + 3}{-x + 1} = \frac{3 - x}{1 - x}$$

$$\frac{3 - x}{1 - x} \geq 0 \quad \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{x} + 1} \quad R_{f-1} = R_f = (1, 3]$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{x^2(x-1) + 2(x^2-1)}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{(x-1)(x^2 + 2x + 2)}{(x-1)(x+1)}$$

10
1

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 2}{x+1} = \frac{(x+1)^2 + 1}{(x+1)} = x+1 + \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$Rf = R - \left\{-1, \frac{0}{1}\right\} \quad -1 + \frac{0}{1} = \left(\frac{0}{1}\right) \quad f(x) = \frac{(x-1)(x+2)(x+1)}{x^2-1} = x+2$$

$$f(1) < 1, \quad f(-1) = 1, \quad 1 + 2 < 2$$