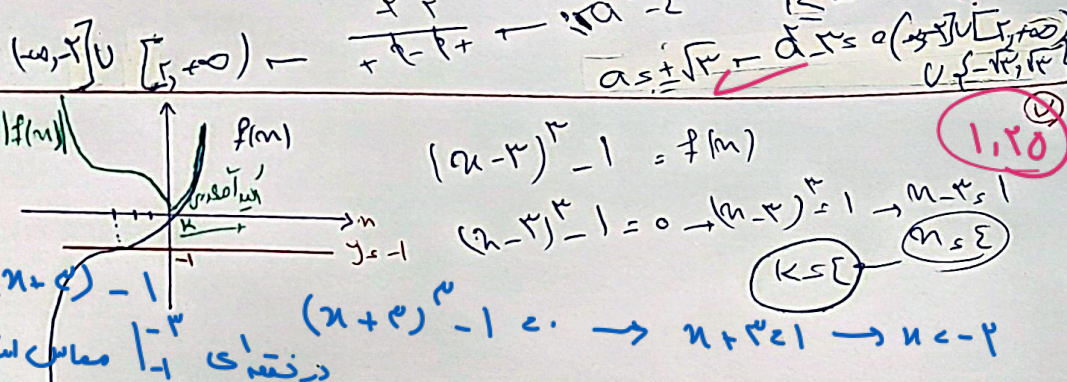


$(-\infty, -r) \cup (r, +\infty) \rightarrow \frac{-r^2}{1+r^2} < a^r - \varepsilon < 1 < a^r - r$  (الف) (2)  
 $(-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty) \rightarrow \frac{r^2}{1+r^2} < a^r - \varepsilon < a^r - r$  (ب) (2)



$f^{-1} \circ f(m) \leq f^{-1} \circ f(\sqrt{m}) \rightarrow f(m) \leq \sqrt{m} \rightarrow m + \sqrt{m} - r \leq \sqrt{m}$  (الف) (1, 20)  
 $m > 0 \rightarrow 0 < m \leq r \rightarrow m + \sqrt{m} - r \geq 0$   
 $(\sqrt{m}+r)(\sqrt{m}-1) \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{m} \geq 1 \rightarrow m \geq 1$   
 $\rightarrow 1 \leq m \leq r$

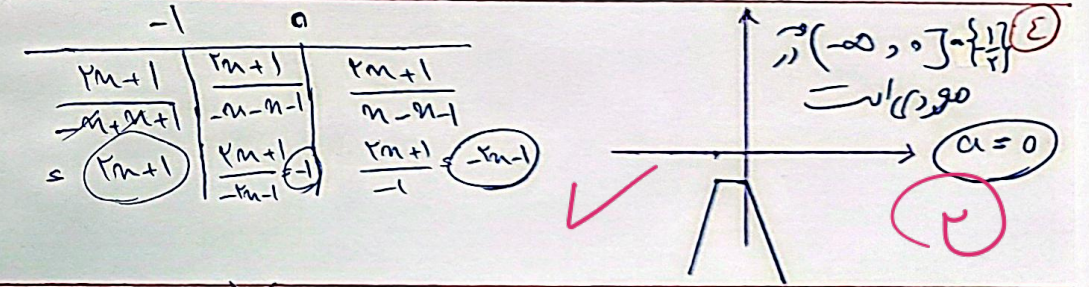
$\cos m = 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{m} = 1 \rightarrow m = 1$   
 $\cos m = -1 \rightarrow \sqrt{m} = -1 \rightarrow m = 1$   
 $\cos m = 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{m} = 0 \rightarrow m = 0$   
 $\rightarrow 1 \leq m \leq r$   
 $a = -1 \rightarrow b = \sqrt{a+1} = 0$   
 $a = 1 \rightarrow b = \sqrt{a+1} = \sqrt{2}$

$f(m) = m - [m] - r$   
 $g \circ f = \frac{m - [m] - r}{r} = \frac{m - [m]}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = \frac{m - [m]}{r} - 1$   
 $\frac{m - [m]}{r} - 1 = \frac{m - [m] - r}{r}$   
 $\frac{m - [m] - r}{r} = \frac{m - [m]}{r} - 1$

$f(m+r) = \begin{cases} r(m+r) - 1 & m+r \geq r \\ f(m+r) - 9 & m+r < r \end{cases}$   
 $f(r-m) = \begin{cases} r(r-m) - 1 & r-m \geq r \rightarrow 0 \geq m \\ \varepsilon(r-m) - 9 & r-m < r \rightarrow 0 < m \end{cases}$   
 $f(m+1) = \begin{cases} r(m+1) - 1 & m+1 \geq r \rightarrow m \geq r-1 \\ \varepsilon(m+1) - 9 & m+1 < r \rightarrow m < r-1 \end{cases}$

$f(m) < m^r \rightarrow f^{-1} \circ f(m) < f^{-1} \circ f(m^r) \rightarrow f(m) < m^r$  (الف) (2)  
 $(m^r + m)^r < m^r \rightarrow m^r + m < m \rightarrow m^r < 0 \rightarrow m < 0$

$m > 0 \rightarrow m^r + 1$   
 $m < 0 \rightarrow -m^r - 1$   
 $m \neq 0$



$0 < m^r - r - 1 < 1 \rightarrow \log_r(m^r - r - 1) < \log_r(1) = 0$   
 $0 < (m-r)(m+r) < 1 \rightarrow \log_r(m-r)(m+r) < \log_r(1) = 0$   
 $(-\infty, -r) \cup (r, +\infty) \rightarrow \frac{r^2}{1+r^2} < a^r - \varepsilon < a^r - r$   
 $\frac{r^2}{1+r^2} < a^r - \varepsilon < a^r - r$   
 $\frac{r^2}{1+r^2} < a^r - \varepsilon < a^r - r$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} f(n) = \log \frac{n}{2} \\ g(n) = n^2 - 2n - 1 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{نزدی} \\ \text{مقدور} \end{array} \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{نزدی} \\ \text{نزدی} \end{array} \right\} g$$

$$n^2 - 2n - 1 \rightarrow \text{U} \rightarrow n \leq 1 \quad \text{نزدی است}$$

$$f_{\text{lim}} = \log \frac{n^2 - 2n - 1}{2} \rightarrow n^2 - 2n - 1 > 0 \rightarrow n > 2 \leq n < -2$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{استدلال}} n < -2$$

$$0 \leq n - [n] < 1 \rightarrow -2 \leq n - [n] - 2 < -1$$

$$R_f = [-2, -1)$$

$$\int \frac{2^{-2} - 2^2}{2} = -\frac{15}{2}$$

$$\int \frac{2^{-1} - 2^1}{2} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow R_{\text{و.ف.}} = \left[-\frac{15}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}\right)$$