

$$F(n+r) = \begin{cases} n+r & ; n \geq 1 \\ n-1 & ; n < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$y = \sqrt{F(r-n) - F(n+1)} \quad (1)$$

$$f_n = t-r$$

$$\begin{cases} r(t-r) + \omega & t \geq r \\ r^2 t - 1 & \\ f(t-r) & t < r \end{cases}$$

مشتق

$$f(r-n) \geq f(n+1)$$

دو

$$r \leq r \rightarrow n \leq 1 \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 1]$$

(1)

$$F(n) = (n^k + n)^k$$

$$f \circ f(n) < F(n^k) \rightarrow ((n^k + n)^k + (n^k + n)^k)^k = f \circ f$$

$$f \circ f(n) = (n^k + n^k)^k$$

$$\sqrt[k]{(n^k + n)^k + (n^k + n)^k} < n^k + n^k$$

$$z = n^k + n$$

$$g(z) = z^k + z^k$$

$$z^k + z^k < n^k + n^k$$

$$z, g(z) < g(n) \rightarrow z < n \rightarrow g(z) < g(n) \rightarrow z < n$$

$$n^k + n < n \rightarrow n^k < 0 \rightarrow (n < 0)$$

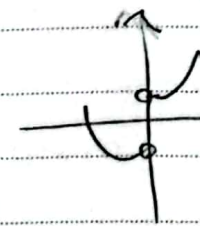
$$y = |n| / (n^k + \frac{1}{n})$$

$$n > 0 \rightarrow n^k + 1$$

$$n < 0 \rightarrow -n^k - 1$$



(2)



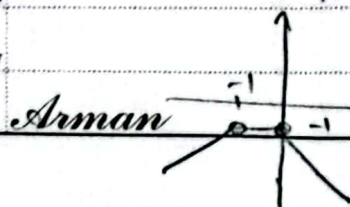
مشتق

$$f(n) = \frac{r_{n+1}}{n! + |n+1|}$$

$$\frac{|n| + |n+1|}{n! + |n+1|}$$

$$\frac{(r_{n+1})(|n| + |n+1|)}{n! - (n+1)^k - (r_{n+1}) - (|n| + |n+1|)}$$

(3)



$$\max(n) = 0$$

دو

(1)

$$y = \log x^2 - m - n \rightarrow (n-1)(m+1) > 0 \quad D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

در $(-\infty, -1)$ و $(1, +\infty)$ y صعودی است و در $(-1, 1)$ y نزولی است.

(2)

$$f(x) = (x^2 - 1)^n \quad \text{در } x=1 \text{ و } x=-1 \text{ ماکزیمم و مینیمم دارد} \quad a^2 - 1 > 1 \rightarrow a > 1 \text{ و } a < -1$$

$$a^2 - 1 \geq 1 \rightarrow a \geq 1 \text{ و } a \leq -1$$

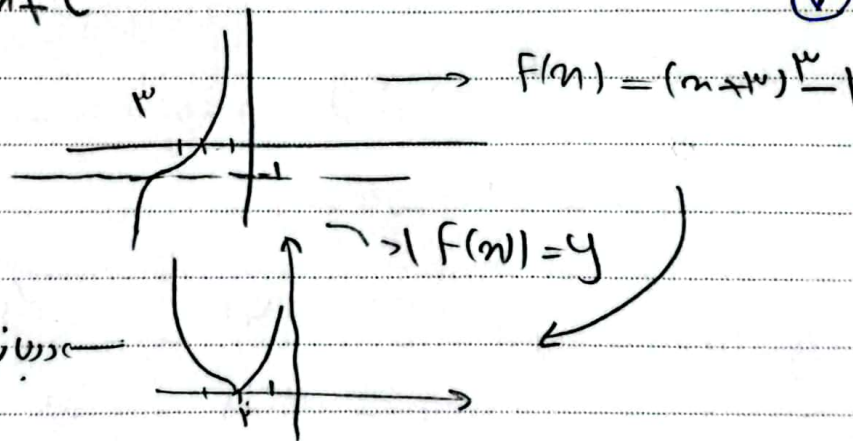
$$a^2 - 1 = 0 \rightarrow a = \pm 1$$

$$a \in (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty) \cup \{\pm 1\}$$

(3)

$$f(x) = x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$L > (-1, 0)$$



$$\min K = -1 \quad (K \text{ در } x = -1 \text{ مینیمم دارد})$$

$$f(x) = x + \sqrt{x} - 1 \quad x > 0, f(x) \geq 0 \rightarrow (\sqrt{x} + 1)(\sqrt{x} - 1) \geq 0 \quad \text{در } x=1 \text{ مینیمم دارد}$$

$$f(f(x)) \leq f(\sqrt{x}) \xrightarrow{\text{در } x=1} f(x) \leq \sqrt{x} \rightarrow x + \sqrt{x} - 1 \leq \sqrt{x} \rightarrow x \leq 1 \quad \text{در } x=1 \text{ مینیمم دارد}$$

$$Q \cap P \rightarrow x \in [1, 2]$$

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$$F(m) = r^m \sqrt{1 - 9 \cos^2 m} - r^m \sqrt{1 - 9 \cos^2 m} \quad (9)$$

$$F(m) = t - \frac{1}{t}$$

$$\text{Min: } \cos m = 0 \Rightarrow F(m) = r^m - r^{-m} = \frac{1}{r} - r = -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$\text{Max: } \cos m = 1 \Rightarrow F(m) = r^m - r^{-m} = r - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r^2 - 1}{r}$$

$$[a, b] = \left[-\frac{r}{r}, \frac{r^2 - 1}{r} \right] \rightarrow b - a = \frac{r^2 - 1}{r}$$

$$R_f = D_g \quad F(m) = r - [r] - r \quad (10)$$

$$\rightarrow 0 \leq r - [r] \leq 1 \rightarrow -r \leq r - [r] - r \leq -1 \rightarrow R_f = [-r, -1]$$

$$D_{g(m)} = [-r, -1] \rightarrow g(r) = \frac{r^{-r} - r^r}{r} = \frac{-r}{r}$$

$$g(-1) = \frac{r^{-1} - r}{r} = -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$R_{gof} = \left[-\frac{r}{r}, \frac{r}{r} \right]$$