

$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x-1 & x \geq 3 \\ 4x-9 & x < 3 \end{cases}$
 $y = \sqrt{f(x) - f(x+1)}$
 $f(x) \geq f(x+1)$

$D \in (-\infty, 1]$

$(-\infty, 0] \cup [0, 1]$

$A^+ \quad B^- \quad B^- \quad A^- \quad B^+, A^-$

$3(3-x)-1 \geq 4(x+1)-9$
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$15 \geq 4x$
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$f^{-1}(f \circ f(x)) < f^{-1}(f(x^2))$

$f(x) < x^2$

$(x^2 + x)^2 < x^2 \Rightarrow x^2 + x < x \Rightarrow x^2 < 0 \Rightarrow x < 0$

$x \in (-\infty, 0)$

$y = |x| \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{x} \right)$

$\text{تایید غیر صفری است}$

$\text{صفر دانه نابودیت} \leftarrow \text{ارثا}$

صفر دانه نابودیت

$y = \frac{2x+1}{|x| - |x+1|}$

$a = 0$

$y = -2x-1$

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$f(x) = \log \frac{1}{x}$

$g(x) = x^2 - 2x - 1$

$f \circ g(x)$

$(-\infty, -2)$

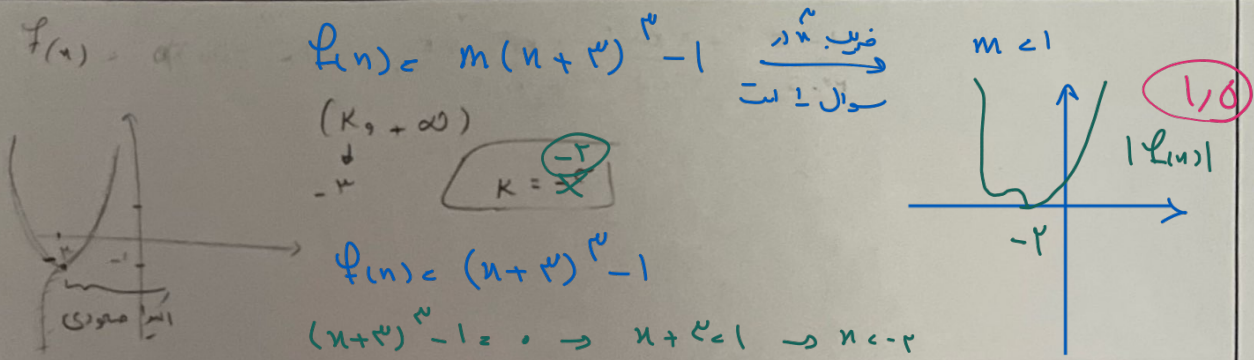
$(-\infty, 1] \cup [3, \infty)$

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$$a^r - r > 1 \leadsto a^r > r \leadsto \begin{matrix} a > r \\ a < -r \end{matrix} \quad (-\infty, -r) \cup (r, +\infty) : \text{اعداد صحیح} \quad 1,0$$

$$a^r - r \geq 1 \leadsto \begin{matrix} a > r \\ a \leq -r \end{matrix} \quad (-\infty, -r] \cup [r, +\infty) : \text{اعداد صحیح} \quad *$$

تایید ثابت صفر هم می تواند باشد



$$f^{-1}(f \circ f)(n) \leq f^{-1}(f(n))$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(n) \leq \sqrt{n} &\rightarrow n + \sqrt{n} - r \leq \sqrt{n} \leadsto n \leq r \\ D_f \Rightarrow n \geq 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow 1 \leq n \leq r$$

نشان می دهد عدد صحیح $1, 2$

$$D_{f \circ f} \rightarrow f(n) \in D_f \rightarrow n + \sqrt{n} - r \geq -(\sqrt{n} + r)(\sqrt{n} - 1) \geq 0 \rightarrow n \geq 1$$

$D_{f \circ f} = [1, r]$

1,20

$$f(n) = r^a - r^{-a} \quad a = \sqrt[4]{4 \cos^2 n - 1} \quad -1 \leq \cos n \leq 1$$

$$-1 \leq \cos^2 n \leq 1 \quad -1 \leq 4 \cos^2 n - 1 \leq 3 \quad -1 \leq \sqrt[4]{4 \cos^2 n - 1} \leq 1$$

$$a = -1 \leadsto \frac{1}{r} - r = -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$a = r \leadsto r - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r^2 - 1}{r}$$

$$R_f \in \left[-\frac{r}{r}, \frac{1}{r}\right] \rightarrow b - a \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r+1}{r}$$

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دست کن

$$f(n) = a - [n] \Rightarrow R_f \in (r, r) \rightarrow R_f = D_g$$

$$g \circ f(n) \leadsto f(n) = r \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} - \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\hookrightarrow f(n) = r \rightarrow \frac{r^2}{r} - \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{r^2 - 1}{r}$$

$R_{g \circ f} \in \left[\frac{1}{r}, \frac{r^2 - 1}{r}\right]$

1,20

$$f(n) = n - [n] - r \quad \xrightarrow{0 \leq n - [n] < 1} -r \leq n - [n] - r < -1$$

سوال ۱۰

$$Rf = [-r, -1)$$

$$\int \frac{r^{-r} - r^r}{r} z = -\frac{10}{\lambda}$$

$$\int \frac{r^{-1} - r^1}{r} z = -\frac{r}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Regul} = \left[-\frac{10}{\lambda}, -\frac{r}{2}\right)$$