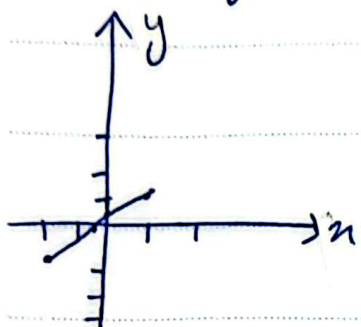


Subject: _____

Date: _____

$$2y = 2n - \frac{1}{n} \quad 2n = 2y - 1 \Rightarrow 2y = 2n + 1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{2n+1}{2}$$

①



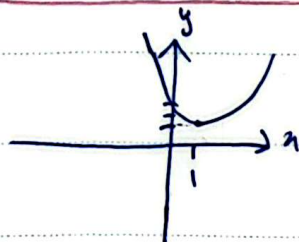
n	0	1	-2	$-\frac{1}{2}$
y	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	-1	0

$$\Delta \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\} \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\delta \Delta = \frac{1}{2} \times \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

5

الف) و ب)



$$y = n^2 - 2n + 3 \quad \begin{array}{c|c|c|c|c} n & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ \hline y & 3 & 2 & 3 & 6 \end{array}$$

②

مردود یک به یک مستند زیر از رأس به بعد در دامنه است.

$$y = n^2 - 2n + 3 \xrightarrow{\text{معکوس}} y = (n-1)^2 + 2 \Rightarrow n-1 = \sqrt{y-2} \Rightarrow n-2 = (\sqrt{y-2})^2$$

$n \in [2, +\infty)$ (الف) $\rightarrow y = \sqrt{n-2} + 1$ $\leftarrow \sqrt{n-2} = y-1$

$n \in [2, +\infty)$ (ب)

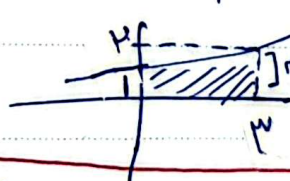
10

$$f(n) = 2n - \sqrt{16 - 4n(4-n)} = 2n - \sqrt{(4-n)^2} \rightarrow 2n - |4-n|$$

③

$$n \in (-\infty, 4] \rightarrow f(n) = 4 - n \rightarrow f^{-1}(n) = \frac{4-n}{1} \quad R_{f \circ g} = (-\infty, 4]$$

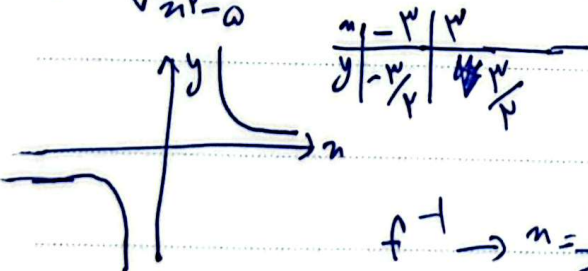
$$\delta_{\Delta} = \left(\frac{4 \times 4}{4} \right) + 4 = 8$$



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$$y = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - a}} \Rightarrow \text{معکوس افقی} \Rightarrow \text{یک به یک}$$

④



$$f^{-1} \rightarrow n = \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2 - a}} \xrightarrow{\text{مربع}} n^2 = \frac{y^2}{y^2 - a} \rightarrow n^2 y^2 - a n^2 = y^2$$

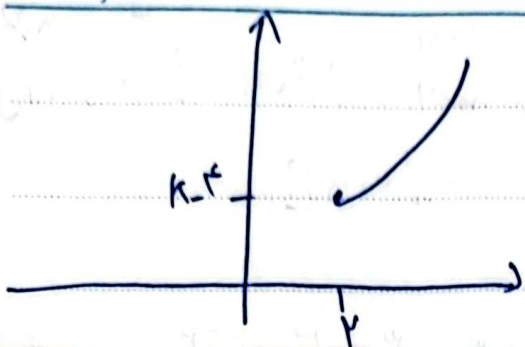
$$y^2 (n^2 - 1) = a n^2$$

Ruzzie

$$y^2 = \frac{a n^2}{n^2 - 1}$$

$$|y| = \frac{\sqrt{a} |n|}{\sqrt{n^2 - 1}}$$

20



$$g(n) = \begin{cases} n^2 - 1 & n \geq 1 \\ n^2 + 4n + 1 & n \leq 0 \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

$$n_D = n \leftarrow \quad n_D = -\frac{b}{Pa} = \mu$$

$$n=2 \rightarrow \omega_n = \omega \Rightarrow K \gg \omega_{K+1} = \boxed{K/5 - 6}$$

$f(m) = \mu + |m| \rightarrow \begin{cases} m \geq 0 \Rightarrow \mu_m \\ m < 0 \Rightarrow \mu_m \end{cases} \rightsquigarrow f^{-1}(m) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\mu} m & m \geq 0 \\ \frac{1}{\mu} m + 2\pi\epsilon & m < 0 \end{cases}$
 $f^{-1}(m) = \frac{\mu}{\epsilon} m - \frac{1}{\epsilon} |m| \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} a = \frac{\mu}{\lambda} \\ b = -\frac{1}{\lambda} \end{matrix} \xrightarrow{x} \frac{\mu}{\lambda} x - \frac{1}{\lambda} = \boxed{-\frac{\mu}{\epsilon}}$

$$f(m) = \frac{\mu n + \tau}{n + \mu} \xrightarrow{(y, -t_0)} -10 = \frac{1e}{v + m} \Rightarrow \boxed{m = \mu} / f(m) = \frac{\mu n + \tau}{n - \mu}, n \neq \mu$$
$$n = -10 \rightarrow f(-10) = \frac{-\mu + \tau}{-1\mu} = \gamma \Rightarrow \text{cib} = p.t$$
$$f^{-1}(m) = \frac{\mu n + \tau}{n - \mu}, n \neq \mu \Rightarrow y = \underbrace{f \circ f^{-1}}_m(n) + \underbrace{f^{-1}}_{f(m) \text{ kul.}}(n) = n + \frac{\mu n + \tau}{n - \mu} = 0$$

$$f(w - r_n) = v - g\left(\frac{n}{v}\right) \rightarrow g\left(\frac{n}{v}\right) = v - f(w - r_n) \rightarrow g(n) = t = v - f(w - r_n)$$

$$f^{-1}(v - t) = w - r_n \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f^{-1}(v - t) = w - r_{g(t)} \\ g^{-1}(t) = n \end{array} \right. \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} g(n) = t \\ f(w - r_n) = v - t \end{array} \right. \quad (1) \star$$

$$r_{g(t)}^{-1} = w - f^{-1}(v - t) \xrightarrow{t=r} r_{g^{-1}(r)} + f^{-1}(v - r) = (w)$$

$y = \frac{an+p}{1-n}$ $\rightarrow -y = \frac{-an+p}{1+n}$ $\rightarrow \frac{a(n-p)+1}{1+(n-p)} = \frac{an+p}{n-1}$ $\rightarrow \frac{an+p}{n-1} = \frac{an+p}{n-1} - p$ $\rightarrow \frac{an+p}{n-1} = \frac{an+p}{n-1} - p$ $\rightarrow \frac{an+p}{n-1} = \frac{an+p}{n-1} - p$

$$f(n) = n + 5[n] \xrightarrow[y=n+5]{x=2y} f^{-1}(n) = g(n) \Rightarrow y = n - 5[y] \Rightarrow f^{-1}(n) = n - \frac{5}{2}[n] \quad (10)$$

$$[y] - [\hat{\theta}^T x] = [y] - \theta^T x$$

$$\frac{1}{\omega} [n] \leftarrow f(n) - f(m) = n + \frac{1}{\omega} [n] - m + \frac{1}{\omega} [m] = \left\{ \frac{1}{\omega} [n] \right\}$$