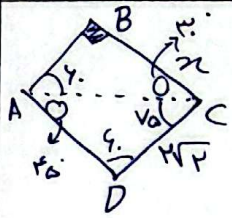


$$\frac{r}{\sin \hat{A}} = \frac{r \cdot \sqrt{2}}{\sin \hat{B}} \Rightarrow \frac{r \cdot \sqrt{2}}{\sin \hat{B}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sin \hat{B}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \sin \hat{B} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\hat{B} = 45^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$C = 90^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

(۲)



$$r = AC \times \sin 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} AC \Rightarrow \frac{r \sqrt{2}}{\sin 45^\circ} = \frac{AC}{\sin 45^\circ} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{2r}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} = \frac{4r}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow 2 = 4r \Rightarrow r = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$AC \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times 2\sqrt{2} = 2 = r \quad \checkmark$$

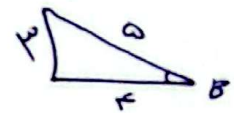
(۲)

$$\frac{C}{\sin \hat{C}} = \frac{(b^2 - r^2)}{\sin \hat{B}} \Rightarrow b^2 - r^2 = b \Rightarrow b^2 - b - r^2 = 0 \Rightarrow b = r \quad \checkmark$$

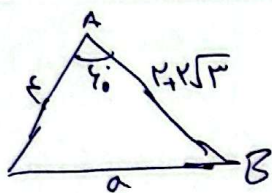
(۲)

$$r^2 + r^2 - 2(r \cdot r)(\cos \hat{B}) = 14 \Rightarrow \frac{r^2 + r^2}{r^2} = 2 \cos \hat{B} \Rightarrow \frac{2r^2}{r^2} = 2 \cos \hat{B} \Rightarrow 2 = 2 \cos \hat{B} \Rightarrow \cos \hat{B} = 1 \Rightarrow \hat{B} = 0^\circ$$

$$\frac{r}{a} = \sin \hat{B} \quad \checkmark$$



(۲)



$$r(1 + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}) + 14 - 2(r \cdot r(1 + \sqrt{2})) = a^2$$

$$a^2 = r^2 \Rightarrow a = r \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}r}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = 2\sqrt{2} = r\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow r = 2$$

$$\frac{r}{\sin \hat{B}} = r\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sin \hat{B} \Rightarrow \hat{B} = 45^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

$$C = 90^\circ \quad \checkmark$$

(۲)

$$E = F + 1 - (2(2(c \cdot x))) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{F} = c \cdot sA \Rightarrow 14 + 34 - 2(2(2(\frac{1}{F}))) = 34 = DE^2$$

$$DE = 4$$

$$(DE)^2 = 34 + 14 - 2 \times 4 \times 4 \times \frac{1}{F} = F_0 \rightarrow a^2 = F_0$$

$$a = \sqrt{F_0} = 2\sqrt{10}$$

①

$$4F + 20 - 2(4)(\frac{1}{F}) = FA = CB^2 \Rightarrow CB = V$$

$$\omega \times 1 \times \frac{1}{F} \times \sin 45^\circ \Rightarrow 1 \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

②

$$\frac{(b+c)^2 - a^2}{bc(c+A+1)} \Rightarrow \frac{b^2 + c^2 + 2bc - (b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cdot \cos A)}{bc(c+A+1)} = 2$$

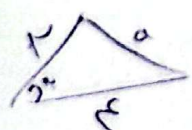
③

$$a^2 + b^2 - c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - c^2 \Rightarrow b^2 - c^2 = a^2(b-c) \Rightarrow (b-c)(b^2 + bc + c^2) =$$

$$b^2 + bc + c^2 = a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos \hat{A} \Rightarrow \cos \hat{A} = \frac{1}{F} \rightarrow \hat{A} = 14^\circ$$

④

$$3 - c \cdot s + A \cdot c \cdot s - 2c \cdot s^2 = 1 \Rightarrow -2c \cdot s^2 + 14c \cdot s - 5 = 0 \rightarrow c \cdot s \theta = \frac{4}{F} = 1$$



$$\Rightarrow F + 14 - 2(1)(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{F}) = a^2 \Rightarrow a^2 = F - 14\sqrt{2}$$

⑤