

$$T = \frac{\pi}{1-r} = \frac{\pi}{r} = AC$$

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$$B \Rightarrow x = 0 \rightarrow B = \tan \frac{\pi}{4} = 1$$

$$S = \frac{B \times AC}{2} = \frac{\frac{\pi}{4}}{2} = \frac{\pi}{8}$$

$$-\cos^r x = \frac{1}{f} \sin^r x - \frac{1}{f} \quad x^r - (\sin x) x + \frac{1}{f} \sin^r x - \frac{1}{f} = 0$$

$$\frac{f}{q} - \frac{r}{f} \sin x + \frac{1}{f} \sin^r x - \frac{1}{f} = 0 \rightarrow q \sin^r x - r f \sin x + v = 0 \quad \sin^r x - r f \sin x + \frac{v}{q} = 0$$

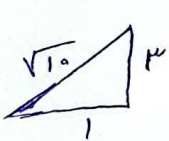
$$(\sin x - r)(\sin x - \frac{v}{q}) = 0 \quad \sin x < \begin{cases} r \frac{1}{q} = \frac{v}{r} x \\ \frac{r}{q} = \frac{1}{f} v \end{cases}$$



$$1 + \tan^r x = \frac{1}{\cos^r x} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{q}} = \frac{q}{1}$$

$$\log(\sin x) - \log(-\cos x) = \log \frac{\sin x}{-\cos x} = \log r$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{-\cos x} = r \quad -\tan x = r$$



$$\sin x = \frac{r}{\sqrt{10}} \quad \cos x = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$\sin x - \cos x = \frac{r}{\sqrt{10}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{f}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{f\sqrt{10}}{10}$$

~~sin^r theta = (1 - cos^r theta)^r = 1 + cos^f theta - r cos^r theta~~

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$$\sin^r \theta = (1 - \cos^r \theta)^r = 1 + \cos^f \theta - r \cos^r \theta$$

$$\cos^f \theta - r \cos^r \theta + 1 + \cos^r \theta = \cos^f \theta - \cos^r \theta + 1 = \frac{f}{\theta}$$

$$\cos^f \theta + \sin^r \theta = \cos^f \theta - \cos^r \theta + 1 = \frac{f}{\theta}$$

$$\frac{\sin^r x}{\cos x} - \frac{1}{\cos x} > 0 \quad \frac{\sin^r x - 1}{\cos x} > 0 \quad \xrightarrow{(-1, 0]} \cos x < 0$$

$$\frac{r \sin x + \sin x \cos x}{r - r \cos^r x} = \frac{\sin x (r + \cos x)}{r \sin^r x} < 0 \Rightarrow \sin x < 0$$

~~$$\frac{r \cos \alpha + r \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{r \cos \alpha + r \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = 0$$~~

$$\frac{r}{\sin \alpha} + \frac{r}{\cos \alpha} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{r \cos \alpha + r \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = 0 \quad r \cos \alpha + r \sin \alpha = 0 \quad -4$$

$$r \cos \alpha = -r \sin \alpha \quad \tan \alpha = -\frac{r}{r} \quad \cot \alpha = -\frac{r}{r} \quad \tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = \frac{-r-r}{r} = \frac{-12}{9}$$

$$1 + \sin \delta = 1 + \cos \delta = r \cos^2 \delta$$

-5

$$1 - r \sin^2 \delta = \sin^2 \delta + \cos^2 \delta - r \sin^2 \delta = \cos^2 \delta - \sin^2 \delta = \cos 10$$

$$\frac{1 - \tan^2 \delta}{1 + \tan^2 \delta} = \cos 10 \quad -6$$

$$r \cos^2 10 - 1 = r \cos^2 10 - \sin^2 10 - \cos^2 10 = \cos^2 10 - \sin^2 10 = \cos 20$$

$$\cos 10 \times \cos 20 \times \cos 30 \times \frac{\sin 10}{\sin 10} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin 10} (\sin 10 \cos 10 \times \cos 20 \times \cos 30) = \frac{1}{\sin 10} \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin 20 \cos 40 \cos 60 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin 10} \left( \frac{1}{4} \sin 20 \cos 40 \cos 60 \right) = \frac{1}{\sin 10} \times \frac{1}{4} \sin 20 = \frac{1}{4} \frac{\cos 10}{\sin 10} = \frac{1}{4} \cot 10$$

$$\sin \alpha + r \cos \alpha = r \rightarrow \sin \alpha = r - r \cos \alpha \quad \cos^2 \alpha + (r - r \cos \alpha)^2 = 1 \quad -9$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha + r^2 + 9 \cos^2 \alpha - 12 r \cos \alpha = 1 \quad 10 \cos^2 \alpha - 12 r \cos \alpha = -r^2 \quad \cos^2 \alpha = r \cos^2 \alpha - 1$$

$$\delta \cos^2 \alpha = 10 \cos^2 \alpha - \delta \quad 10 \cos^2 \alpha - 12 r \cos \alpha - \delta = -1$$

$$\sin \alpha \times \sin b = \frac{1}{4} (\cos(a-b) - \cos(a+b)) \rightarrow \sin B \sin C = \frac{1}{4} (\cos(B-C) - \cos(B+C)) \quad -10$$

$$\cos a \times \cos b = \frac{1}{4} (\cos(a+b) + \cos(a-b)) \rightarrow \cos A \times \cos A = \frac{1}{4} (\cos A + \cos A)$$

$$A + B + C = 180 \rightarrow B + C = 180 - A \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} (\cos(180 - (rC + A)) - \cos(180 - A))$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (\cos(rC + A) + \cos A)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \cos A + \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{1}{4} \cos(rC + A) + \frac{1}{4} \cos A \rightarrow -\frac{1}{4} \cos(rC + A) = \frac{1}{4} \cos(rC + A) = -1$$

$$rC + A = 180 \quad C = B = 72 \quad A = 36$$