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فربختاری

نام و نام خانوادگی پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره کلاس

$$\cos^2 x = r \sin x - 1 \Rightarrow 1 - r \sin^2 x = r \sin x - 1$$

$$r \sin^2 x + r \sin x - 2 \Rightarrow \sin^2 x + r \sin x - \frac{2}{r}$$

$$(\sin x + \frac{1}{r})(\sin x - 1) \quad \sin x = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{r}}{1} = -\frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} \quad \alpha = r k \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

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$$\cos^2 x + \cos x - 2 = 0$$

$$r \cos^2 x - 1 + \cos x - 2 = r \cos^2 x + \cos x - 3$$

$$r \cos^2 x + \cos x - 3 = (\cos x + 1)(\cos x - 3)$$

$$L_2 = r k \pi$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow r k \pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3}$$

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$$\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = -\cos^2 x$$

$$-\cos^2 x = \sin^2 x$$

$$\text{الف) } \cos k\pi (r \sin k\pi + 1) = 0$$

$$\cos k\pi = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\sin k\pi = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow r k \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, r k \pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$r \cos^2 x + r \sin x \cos x = 1$$

$$r \cos^2 x = 1 + \cos^2 x$$

$$1 + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1$$

$$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 0$$

$$1 + \tan^2 x = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\cos^2 x = -\sin^2 x$$

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$$\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \times (r \cos x + 1) = \frac{1}{\sin x}$$

$$\frac{r \cos^2 x + \cos x}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{\sin x} \Rightarrow r \cos^2 x + \cos x = 1$$

$$r \cos^2 x + \cos x - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \cos^2 x + \cos x - \frac{1}{r} = 0$$

$$(\cos x + 1)(\cos x - 1) \quad r k \pi \pm \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{r}}{1} = -\frac{1}{r} \quad L_2 = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$r \sin^2 x - \sin x \cos x + \cos^2 x = r$$

$$\sin^2 x - \frac{1}{r} \sin^2 x + 1 = r \Rightarrow \sin^2 x - \frac{1}{r} \sin^2 x - 1 = 0$$

$$\Delta = (-\frac{1}{r})^2 - 4(-1)(-1) = \frac{1}{r^2} - 4 = -\frac{4r^2 - 1}{r^2}$$

$$1 + \tan^2 x = 0 \rightarrow x = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

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$$\text{الف) } \sin(\frac{\pi}{r} + k\pi) = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \sin k\pi = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow x = k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\text{ب) } \cos(k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}) = \cos(\frac{\pi}{r} + k\pi) \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

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$$\frac{\sin^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x} - \sin^2 x = \cos^2 x \Rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x} + 1 - \sin^2 x = \cos^2 x$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x} + \cos^2 x = \cos^2 x \Rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = 0$$

$$\sin^2 x = 0 \quad r \cos k\pi + 1 = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{2}$$

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فرضیات

$$\frac{\sin \frac{x}{r}}{1 + \cos \frac{x}{r}} = \frac{1}{\sin \frac{x}{r}} + \cot \frac{x}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \frac{x}{r}}{1 + \cos \frac{x}{r}} = \frac{1 + \cos \frac{x}{r}}{\sin \frac{x}{r}}$$

$$1 + \cos^r \frac{x}{r} + r \cos \frac{x}{r} = \sin^r \frac{x}{r} \Rightarrow \cos^r \frac{x}{r} - \sin^r \frac{x}{r} + 1 + r \cos \frac{x}{r} = 0$$

$$\cos x + r \cos \frac{x}{r} + 1 = 0$$

$$k=0 \rightarrow x=\pi$$

$$k=-1 \rightarrow x=-\pi$$

$$|-\pi - \pi| = r\pi$$

$$\sin x = 0 \rightarrow x = 0, \pi, r\pi$$

$$\cot x = -1 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{r}, \pi, \frac{2\pi}{r}$$

$$\frac{1 + \tan x (1 + \tan x)}{1 - \tan x (1 + \tan x)} = \tan^r x \Rightarrow \frac{(1 + \tan^r x)}{(1 - \tan^r x)} = \tan^r x$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - x\right) = \tan^r x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{r} - x = k\pi + r\pi \rightarrow x = \frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \sin^r x} = r \cos^r x \Rightarrow 1 + \sin^r x = r \cos^r x$$

$$\sin^r x + \cos^r x + \sin^r x = r \cos^r x \Rightarrow \sin^r x = r \cos^r x - \cos^r x - \sin^r x$$

$$\sin^r x = \cos^r x - \sin^r x \Rightarrow \sin^r x = \cos^r x$$

$$\sin^r x - \cos^r x = (\sin^r x + \cos^r x)(\sin^r x - \cos^r x)$$

$$-\cos^r x = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^r x = -1$$



$$x = \frac{\pi}{r}, \frac{3\pi}{r}$$

$$\sin^r x - \cos^r x = -1$$

$$(\sin x - \cos x)(\sin^r x + \sin x \cos x + \cos^r x) = -1$$

$$(\sin x - \cos x)(1 + \frac{1}{r} \sin^r x) = -1$$



$$x = \frac{\pi}{r}, \frac{3\pi}{r}$$