

$$\Lambda \cos m - \tan^r m = 1 \quad [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\Lambda \cos m = 1 + \tan^r m \Rightarrow \frac{\Lambda \cos m}{1} = \frac{1}{\cos^r m}$$

$$\Lambda \cos^r m = 1 \quad \cos^r m = \frac{1}{\Lambda}$$

$$\cos m = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \quad m = \left\{ \frac{\pi}{\Lambda}, \frac{2\pi}{\Lambda} \right\} \Rightarrow \text{جواب}$$

$$\Delta \sin^r m + r \cos^r m = -r$$

$$\Delta (1 - \cos^r m) + r (\cos^r m - \cos^r m) = -r$$

$$\Delta - \Delta \cos^r m + \Lambda \cos^r m - r \cos^r m = -r$$

$$\Lambda \cos^r m - \Delta \cos^r m - r \cos^r m + r = 0$$

$$r \sin m \times \cos(rm) + \sin m = 1 \quad [0, 2\pi]$$

$$r \sin m (\cos^r m - \sin^r m) + \sin m = 1$$

$$r \cos^r m \sin m - r \sin^r m \sin m + \sin m = 1$$

$$r \sin m (\cos^r m - \sin^r m) + \sin m = 1$$

$$r \sin m - r \sin^r m + \sin m = 1 \quad r \sin m - r \sin^r m = 1 - \sin m$$

$$\sin^r m = 1 \quad r m = r k \pi + \frac{\pi}{r} \quad m = \frac{r k \pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r} \quad m = \left\{ \frac{\pi}{r}, \frac{2\pi}{r}, \frac{3\pi}{r} \right\}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\pi}{r} + \frac{2\pi}{r} + \frac{3\pi}{r} \leq \frac{2\pi}{r}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi + \epsilon}{r}\right)} + \frac{1}{\cos\left(\frac{\pi + \epsilon}{r}\right)} = \frac{1}{\cos r_m} - \frac{1}{\sin r_m} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin r_m - \cos r_m}{\cos r_m \sin r_m} = \phi$$

$$\frac{r \sin r_m \cos r_m - \cos r_m}{\cos r_m \sin r_m} = \phi$$

$$\frac{\cos r_m (r \sin r_m - 1)}{\cos r_m \sin r_m} = \phi$$

$$r \sin r_m = 1 \quad r_m = \left\{ \frac{\pi}{r}, \frac{\Delta \pi}{r} \right\}$$

$$\sin r_m = \frac{1}{r} \quad r_m = \left\{ \frac{\pi}{1r}, \frac{\Delta \pi}{1r} \right\}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$\boxed{\tan \alpha = \tan \frac{\pi}{r} = -\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\Delta r = \frac{\Delta \pi}{1r} - \frac{\pi}{1r} = \frac{\epsilon \pi}{1r} = \frac{\pi}{r}$$

-d

$$m(\cos m - \sin m) - r\sqrt{r} \sin r_m = \sqrt{r} \Rightarrow \cos\left(m + \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$(1) \cos \frac{\pi}{r} \cos m - \sin \frac{\pi}{r} \sin m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} (\cos m - \sin m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \quad (\cos m - \sin m) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{1} = 1$$

$$\cos m - \sin m = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$(r) m(\cos m - \sin m) - r\sqrt{r} \sin r_m = \sqrt{r} \quad m\left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right) - r\sqrt{r} \sin r_m = \sqrt{r} \quad \frac{m}{r} - r \sin r_m = 1$$

$$-r \sin r_m = r - m \quad \sin r_m = \frac{m-r}{r} \quad -1 \leq \frac{m-r}{r} \leq 1 \quad -r \leq m-r \leq r \quad -4 \leq m \leq 12 \quad m \in [-4, 12]$$

-e

$$\cos\left(m + \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = 1 \quad m \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\cos x = \cos -m$$

$$\cos\left(m - \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - m\right) = \sin\left(m + \frac{\pi}{r}\right)$$

$$\sin\left(m + \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = 1 \quad \sin\left(m + \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = \pm 1$$

$$m + \frac{\pi}{r} = r k \pi \pm \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$m = r k \pi + \frac{\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r} \quad \left\{ \frac{r\pi}{r} \right\}$$

$$m = r k \pi - \frac{\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r} \quad \left\{ \frac{1+\pi}{r} \right\}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{r\pi}{r}}$$

$$\sin m \sqrt{r} \cos x = \sqrt{r} \quad m \in [-\pi, r\pi]$$

$$r \sin\left(m + \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = \sqrt{r} \quad \sin\left(m + \frac{\pi}{r}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$m + \frac{\pi}{r} = r k \pi + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$m = r k \pi + \frac{\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{r} \Rightarrow m = r k \pi - \frac{\pi}{r} \quad m \in \left\{ -\frac{\pi}{r}, \frac{r\pi}{r} \right\}$$

$$m + \frac{\pi}{r} = r k \pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$m = r k \pi + \pi - \frac{\pi}{r} - \frac{\pi}{r} \Rightarrow m = r k \pi + \pi - \frac{2\pi}{r} \quad m \in \left\{ \frac{\Delta \pi}{1r} \right\}$$

-V

$$\boxed{-\frac{\pi}{1r} + \frac{r\pi}{1r} + \frac{\Delta \pi}{1r} = \frac{r\pi}{1r} + \frac{q\pi}{r}}$$

$$r \sin \alpha \sin \left(\frac{r\pi}{r} - \alpha \right) = 1 \quad -r(r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha) = 1 \quad \sin \alpha \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{r} \quad r\alpha = r k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow r\alpha = r k\pi + \pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$n = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \quad m = \left\{ \frac{11\pi}{4}, \frac{15\pi}{4} \right\}$$

$$n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} \quad m = \left\{ \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{9\pi}{4} \right\}$$

$$\left(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \frac{15\pi}{4} + \frac{5\pi}{4} + \frac{9\pi}{4} = \frac{40\pi}{4} \right)$$

9

$$\frac{(1 + \cos(r\alpha))(1 + \cos(\epsilon\alpha))(1 + \cos(\lambda\alpha))}{(r \cos^r \alpha)(r \cos^r \epsilon\alpha)(r \cos^r \lambda\alpha)} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{(1 + \cos(r\alpha))(1 + \cos(\epsilon\alpha))(1 + \cos(\lambda\alpha))}{(r \cos^r \alpha)(r \cos^r \epsilon\alpha)(r \cos^r \lambda\alpha)} \times \frac{-\sin^r \alpha}{-\sin^r \alpha} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{(-\sin^r \alpha \times r \cos^r \alpha)}{-\sin^r \alpha} \times r \cos^r \epsilon\alpha = \frac{1}{\lambda} \frac{-\sin^r \alpha}{-\sin^r \alpha} = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$\frac{-\sin^r \lambda\alpha}{-\sin^r \alpha} = 1 \quad \frac{-\sin \lambda\alpha}{-\sin \alpha} = \pm 1 \quad -\sin \lambda\alpha = \pm \sin \alpha \quad \lambda\alpha = k\pi \pm \alpha$$

$$\lambda\alpha = k\pi + \alpha \quad \forall \alpha = k\pi \quad \alpha = \frac{k\pi}{\lambda}$$

$$\lambda\alpha = k\pi - \alpha \quad \alpha = k\pi \quad \alpha = \frac{k\pi}{\lambda}$$

$$\boxed{k_{\max} = 9}$$

10

$$\tan(r\alpha) \tan(n) = 1 \quad \tan r\alpha = \cot n \quad \tan r\alpha = \tan \left(\frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha \right)$$

$$r\alpha = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha \quad r\alpha = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} \quad n = \frac{k\pi}{\epsilon} + \frac{\pi}{\lambda}$$

$$\boxed{n = \left\lceil \frac{9\pi}{\lambda} \right\rceil}$$