

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{f(x)+5}{(x)+1} = 3$ ✓

ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x)+5}{(x)+1} = 3$ ✓

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ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{f(x)+5}{(x)+1} = 3$ ✓

د) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0)+7}{[0^+]} = \frac{7}{0^+}$ مطلق ✓

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الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f([3^-]) - 2 = 8 - 2 = 6$ ✓

د) $\left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f([3^+]) - 2 \right] = [10] = 10$ ✓

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} [f([3^-]) - 2] = [10^-] = 9$ ✓

ج) $\left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f([3^-]) - 2 \right] = [10] = 10$ ✓

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الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{3[3^-]+1}{2} = \frac{3(2)+1}{2} = 3.5$ ✓

د) $\left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = [5] = 5$ ✓

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} [5^-] = 4$ ✓

ج) $\left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = [5] = 5$ ✓

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الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x-5}{(x-5)(x-1)} = \frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$ ✓

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$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{x-5}{(x-5)(x-1)} = \frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$ ✓

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ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{x-4}{(x-3)^2} = \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$ ✓

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$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{x-4}{(x-3)^2} = \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$ ✓

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} [-3x] - [5x] \cdot [9^+] - [-15^-] = 15$ ✓

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} \left[\frac{-1}{x^4} \right] = \left[\frac{-1}{(-\frac{1}{2})^4} \right] = \left[-16 \right] = -16$ ✓

$\frac{-1}{x^4}$

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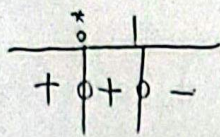
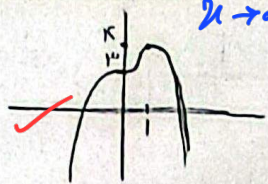
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ب) $\lim [f(x) - f(x) + x] = \lim [x] = x$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} [x] = 0$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} [x] = 0$

$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2$

$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 6x$



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$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} [f(x)] = 2$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [f(x)] = 2$

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x^2 - 1} \xrightarrow{HOP} \frac{3x^2}{2x} = \frac{3}{2}$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1 - x^3}{x^2 - 1} \xrightarrow{HOP} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{-3x^2}{2x} = -\frac{3}{2}$

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ب) 1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^+} \frac{-\sin x}{1 - \sin x \cos x} = \frac{1}{1}$

2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^-} \frac{\sin x}{1 - \sin x \cos x} = -\frac{1}{1}$

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الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{x}{\sqrt{\cos x}} = 0$

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$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \sqrt{\cos x} \xrightarrow{\cos x < 0} \text{حد ندارد}$

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{x - 2\sqrt{x}} = \text{تعریف نشده}$

$x - 2\sqrt{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x} - 2) \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x} \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 4$
 $\frac{x}{x-1} \rightarrow x \geq 1 \leq x \leq 0$ (II)

(I) $\cap$ (II) $\rightarrow x \geq 4 \leq x = 0$: ناممکن

ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{x - 2\sqrt{x}} = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \sqrt{x - 2\sqrt{x}} \xrightarrow{x < 0} \text{حد ندارد}$

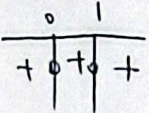
تابع در نقاط اطراف صفر تعریف نمی شود.

الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-1)^{\lfloor \sin x \rfloor}}{x^3 - x^2} = \frac{1}{x^3 - x^2} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$

ب) 1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} = x + 1 > 2$

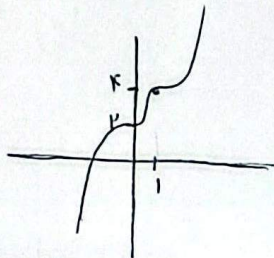
2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} = 2$

الف) $f'(x) = 12x^2 - 12x$

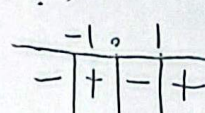


$f(0) = 2$

$f(1) = 2$



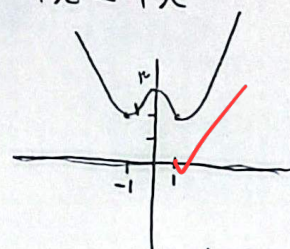
ب) $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 6x$



$f(0) = 2$

$f(1) = 2$

$f(-1) = 2$



تابع زوج است

$y' = 12x^2 - 12x \xrightarrow{y=0} 12x^2(1-x) = 0 \rightarrow 12x^2(1-x)(1+x) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x=0 \\ x=1 \\ x=-1 \end{cases}$

