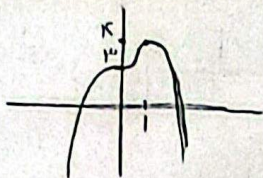
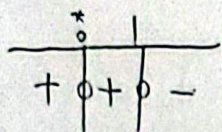


الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{f(x)+5}{(x)+1} = 3$	ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x)+5}{(x)+1} = 3$	۱
ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{f(x)+5}{(x)+1} = 3$	د) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(0)+7}{[0^+]} = \frac{7}{0^+}$ مطلق	۱
الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f([3^-]) - 2 = 8 - 2 = 6$	ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} [f(3^+) - 2] = [10] = 10$	۲
ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} [f(3^-) - 2] = [10^-] = 9$	ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} [f(3^-) - 2] = [10] = 10$	۲
الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{3[3^-]+1}{2} = \frac{3(2)+1}{2} = 3.5$	ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{3x+1}{2} = [5] = 5$	۳
ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} [5^-] = 4$	ج) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left[\frac{3x+1}{2} \right] = [5] = 5$	۳
الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x-5}{(x-5)(x-1)} = \frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$	حد ندارد	۴
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{x-5}{(x-5)(x-1)} = \frac{1}{x-1} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$	حد ندارد	۴
ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{x-4}{(x-3)^2} = \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$	حد ندارد	۴
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{x-4}{(x-3)^2} = \frac{-1}{0^+} = -\infty$	حد ندارد	۴
الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} [-3x] - [5x] = [9^+] - [10^-] = 15$	ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} \left[\frac{-1}{x^4} \right] = -14$	۵
$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} [-3x] - [5x] = [9^-] - [10^+] = 13$	$\left[\frac{-1}{x^4} \right] = [-14^+]$	۵

$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 6x$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} [f(x)] = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} [f(x)] = 2$$

6

$$\text{الف) } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 2} \xrightarrow{\text{Hop}} \frac{1^2 - 1}{1^2 - 2} = \mu \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1 - x^2}{x^2 - 2} \xrightarrow{\text{Hop}} \frac{-1^2 - 1}{1^2 - 2} = -\mu \end{array} \right.$$

حذف

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{1 - x^2}{x^2 - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{-x^2}{x^2 - 2} = -\mu$$

7

$$\text{ب) } 1) \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^+} \frac{-\sin x}{2 \sin x \cos x} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^-} \frac{\sin x}{2 \sin x \cos x} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

حذف

$$\text{الف) } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^+} \sqrt{\cos x} = 0 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \sqrt{\cos x} = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} \sqrt{\cos x} \xrightarrow{\cos x \rightarrow 0} \text{حذف}$$

8

$$\text{ب) } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \sqrt{x - 2\sqrt{x}} = 0 \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \sqrt{x - 2\sqrt{x}} = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \sqrt{x - 2\sqrt{x}} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 0} \text{حذف}$$

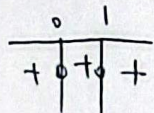
$$\text{الف) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{(-1) [\sin x]}{x^3 - x^2} = \frac{1}{x^3 - x^2} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\text{ب) } 1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 - 2}{x - 1} = x + 2 > 2$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{x^2 - 2}{x - 1} = 1$$

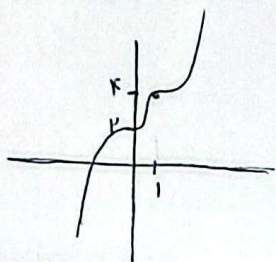
9

$$\text{الف) } f'(x) = 12x^2 - 12x^2 = 0$$

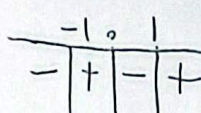


$$f(0) = 2$$

$$f(1) = 2$$



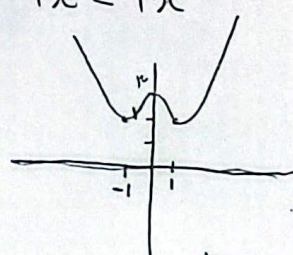
$$\text{ب) } f'(x) = 3x^2 - 6x$$



$$f(0) = 2$$

$$f(1) = 2$$

$$f(-1) = 2$$



تابع زوج است

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