

$$r \left[\frac{r-a}{r} \right] + a \left[\frac{x+1}{r} \right] \xrightarrow{-r^+} r \left[\frac{r-a}{r} \right] + a \left[\frac{-r^+}{r} \right] = r$$

$$\xrightarrow{-r^-} r \left[\frac{r-(-r^-)}{r} \right] + a \left[\frac{-r^-+r}{r} \right] = r-a$$

$$r-a=r \Rightarrow a=r$$

$$\left[\frac{a}{r} \right] = \left[\frac{r}{r} \right] = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}^-} [r \sin x - 1] \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}^-} [r \sin \frac{\pi}{4} - 1] \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4}^-} [r(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) - 1] =$$

$$\lim [1 - 1] = \lim [0] =$$

-1



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{r}} [1x^r - x] \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{r}} [1(-\frac{1}{r})^r - (-\frac{1}{r})] = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{r}} [-1 + \frac{1}{r}] = [-\frac{1}{r}] =$$

-1

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{r})^-} \frac{\log x - a + \left[\frac{r}{2r} \right]}{14x + 1} = \frac{\log x - a + 1}{14x + 1} = \frac{1}{0^-} =$$

-\infty

$$x < -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow x^r > \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x^r} < r \Rightarrow \frac{r}{2r} < 1$$

$$= \frac{r}{2r} > -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^r \pi x}{[x] + \cos \pi x} = \frac{\sin^r \pi^+}{1 + \cos \pi^+} = \frac{0^+}{1 + (-1)^+} = \frac{0^+}{0^+}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{x+3} - \sqrt{x+2}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{3((x+3) - (x+2))}{3(1+x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{3(-1-x)}{3(1+x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{-1-x}{1+x} \text{ Hop} \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{1} = \boxed{-1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x - \sqrt{x+1}}{2x - \sqrt{x+1}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(2x+1) - \sqrt{x+1}}{(2x+1) + \sqrt{x+1}} \times \frac{(2x+1) + \sqrt{x+1}}{(2x+1) + \sqrt{x+1}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(2x+1) - \sqrt{x+1}}{(2x+1) + \sqrt{x+1}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(2x^2 + 3x + 1) - (x^2 - 1)}{(x^2 - 1)(x+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a + \sqrt{bx+c}}{x} = \frac{1}{f} \quad a + \sqrt{c} = 0 \Rightarrow a = -\sqrt{c}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{bx+c} - \sqrt{c}}{x} = \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{bx+c-c}{x \times 2\sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{bx}{2x\sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$b = \frac{\sqrt{c}}{f} \quad \frac{ab}{c} = \frac{-\sqrt{c} \times \frac{\sqrt{c}}{f}}{c} = \left(\frac{-1}{f} \right) = \boxed{-\frac{1}{f}} \quad \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{f} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{\sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{f + k \left[\frac{x}{x} \right]}{\sin x} = +\infty \quad [-k] = \left[-\frac{\epsilon}{f} > k > -\frac{\epsilon}{f} \right] = \boxed{-\frac{\epsilon}{f}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{f + k(-1)}{0^+} = +\infty \Rightarrow \epsilon - k > 0 \Rightarrow k < \epsilon$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{f + k(-1)}{0^-} = +\infty \Rightarrow \epsilon - k < 0 \Rightarrow k > \epsilon$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{b\sqrt{x+3} - 14}{ax - b} \quad a - b = 0 \Rightarrow b = 14$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{14\sqrt{x+3} - 14}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{14(\sqrt{x+3} - 1)}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{14}{\sqrt{x+3} + 1} = \frac{14}{2} = 7$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x+3} - 1}{(x-1)x} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x+3} - 1}{x-1} = \frac{\sqrt{x+3} - 1}{(\sqrt{x+3} - 1)(\sqrt{x+3} + 1)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$