

$$f(x) = 2 \left[\frac{x-2}{x} \right] + a \left[\frac{x+2}{x} \right]$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 2 \times 2 + a \times 2 - 1 = 4 - a$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = 2 \times 2 + a \times 0 = 4$$

در $m = -2$ فردار (یعنی)
 $\lim_{m \rightarrow -2^-} f(m) = \lim_{m \rightarrow -2^+} f(m)$

پنجشنبه

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ربیع الاول

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$$4 - a = 4 \Rightarrow a = 0 \Rightarrow \left[\frac{a}{x} \right] = \left[\frac{0}{x} \right] = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^-} [2 \sin x - 1] = \left[2 \times \frac{1}{2} - 1 \right] = [1 - 1] = [0] = 0$$

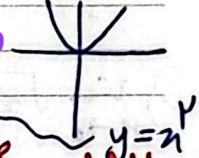
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}} [12x^3 - 2] = \left[12 \times \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 - 2 \right] = \left[-1 + \frac{1}{2} \right] = \left[-\frac{1}{2} \right] = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^-} \frac{10x - a + \left[\frac{x}{2x}\right]}{19x - \left[-\frac{x}{2x}\right]} = \frac{(10 \times -\frac{1}{2}) - a + \left[\frac{x}{x}\right]}{(19 \times -\frac{1}{2}) - \left[-\frac{1}{2}\right]} = \frac{-5 - a + 1}{-9.5 + 0.5} = \frac{-4 - a}{-9} = \frac{4 + a}{9}$$

در بخش‌های منفی صعودی ✓

در بخش‌های منفی نزولی است. ✓

و این صاف



$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^2 \pi n}{[n] + \cos \pi n} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ (مربع)} = \frac{(1 - \cos \pi n)(1 + \cos \pi n)}{(1 + \cos \pi n)(1 - \cos \pi n)} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{2x+3} - \sqrt{3x+2}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ Hop} \rightarrow \frac{2}{2\sqrt{3x+2}} - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x+2}} = \frac{2-3}{2\sqrt{3x+2}} = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{3x+2}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{2n - \sqrt{2n+1}}{2n - \sqrt{3n+1}} = \frac{0}{0} \text{ Hop} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2n+1}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3n+1}} = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{a + \sqrt{bx+c}}{x} = \frac{1}{x} \text{ (A)}$$

$$\frac{a + \sqrt{c}}{0} = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow a + \sqrt{c} = 0 \Rightarrow a = -\sqrt{c} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{c} = \frac{-\sqrt{c} \times \sqrt{c}}{c} = \frac{-1}{1} = -1$$

$$\frac{0}{0} \text{ Hop} \rightarrow \frac{b}{\sqrt{bx+c}} = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{\sqrt{bx+c}} = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow \sqrt{bx+c} = bx \Rightarrow b = \frac{bx}{x} = b$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b\sqrt{2+5n} - 2b}{9n - b} = \frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow 19a = b \text{ (A)}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b\left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+5n}}\right)}{\sqrt{2+5n} - a} = \frac{b\left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}\right)}{1 - a} \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 - a}$$

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سوال ۴

$$\underline{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{4})^-} \rightarrow x < -\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow x^2 > \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{x^2} < 4 \rightarrow \frac{4}{x^2} < 16 \rightarrow \left\lfloor \frac{4}{x^2} \right\rfloor = 11$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} < 4 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2} > -4 \rightarrow \frac{-4}{x^2} > -16 \rightarrow \left\lfloor \frac{-4}{x^2} \right\rfloor = -17$$

$$\leadsto \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{4})^-} = \frac{1 \cdot x - \infty + 11}{14x - (-16)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{4})^-} = \frac{10x + 4}{14x + 16} = \frac{-\infty + 4}{(-16) + 16} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$