

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-2)^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-2)^+} 2[x^-] + a[0^+] = 2 \times 1 + 0 = 2$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{داده}} 2 = 2 - a \rightarrow a = 2$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-2)^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-2)^-} 2[x^+] + a[0^-] = 2 - a$$

$$\rightarrow \left[\frac{2}{2} \right] = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{4})^-} [-(\sin \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{\pi}{4})^2] = \lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{4})^-} [-(\sin \frac{\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{\pi}{4})^2]$$

$$\sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}}{2}, \cos \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{4})^-} [-(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})^2]$$

$$= \left[-\frac{2}{2} \right] = -2$$

$$\left[1(-\frac{1}{1}) + \frac{1}{2} \right] = \left[-\frac{1}{2} \right] = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} \frac{10x - 5 + [(1)^-]}{14x - [(-1)^+]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} \frac{10x - 5 + 1}{14x + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-\frac{1}{2})^-} \frac{x(5x+2)}{A(x+1)} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^2 \pi x}{1 + \cos \pi x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{1 - \cos^2 \pi x}{1 + \cos \pi x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} 1 - \cos \pi x = 2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{1+n^2} - \sqrt{1+n}}{1+\sqrt{n}} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+n^2} + \sqrt{1+n}}{1+1} \times \frac{1+1+1}{1+\sqrt{1+n^2}-\sqrt{1+n}} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{1+n^2-1-n}{1+n} \times \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} \times \frac{-(n+1)}{n+1} = -\frac{1}{1}$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-n-1\sqrt{n}+1-1\sqrt{n}}{1-\sqrt{1+n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{1\sqrt{n}(1-\sqrt{n})+1(1-\sqrt{n})}{1-\sqrt{1+n}} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{(1-\sqrt{n})(1-\sqrt{n})}{1-\sqrt{1+n}} \times \frac{1+\sqrt{1+n}}{1+\sqrt{1+n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{1(1-\sqrt{n})(1-\sqrt{n})}{1-\sqrt{1+n}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{1(1-\sqrt{n})(1-\sqrt{n})}{1-\sqrt{1+n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{1(1-\sqrt{n})}{1+\sqrt{n}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\alpha + \sqrt{bn+c}}{n} = \frac{\alpha + \sqrt{c}}{0} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = -\sqrt{c}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{bn+c} - \sqrt{c}}{n} \times \frac{\sqrt{bn+c} + \sqrt{c}}{\sqrt{bn+c} + \sqrt{c}} = \frac{bn+c-c}{n(\sqrt{bn+c} + \sqrt{c})} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{b}{\sqrt{bn+c} + \sqrt{c}}$$

$$= \frac{b}{1\sqrt{c}} = \frac{1}{1} \rightarrow \boxed{b = \frac{\sqrt{c}}{1}} \rightarrow \frac{ab}{c} = \frac{-\sqrt{c}(\frac{\sqrt{c}}{1})}{c} = \frac{-c}{c} = -\frac{1}{1}$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow (-1\pi)^+} \frac{1+k[-1^+]}{\sin n} = \frac{1-1k}{0^+} = +\infty \rightarrow 1-1k > 0 \rightarrow 1 > k$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow (-1\pi)^-} \frac{1+k[-1^-]}{\sin n} = \frac{1-1k}{0^-} = +\infty \rightarrow 1-k < 0 \rightarrow k > \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{1} < k < 1 \rightarrow [-k] = -1$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b(\sqrt{1+n^2}-1)}{an-b} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+n^2}+1}{\sqrt{1+n^2}+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b(1+n^2-1)}{(an-b)(1+1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b(n^2-1)}{(an-b)(1+1)}$$

$$\times \frac{(1+n^2-1)}{(1+n^2-1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b(n-1)}{(an-b)(1+1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{b(n-1)}{(an-b)(1+1)} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} b=1 \\ a=1 \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

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