

$$f(x) = (x+1)^y + (x^y - 1)^y + m(x^y + 1) + n(x^y + 1) + m$$

$$x^y + x^y + 1 + 9x^y = 9x^y + 1 = 10x^y - x^y + x^y \quad m = -10 \quad n = 6$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^y (x_i^y) = (y+1) = (p+1) = (-9p+10) \quad m+n+p+k = -10+6+(-9)+10 = -1$$

$$p+1 = -10 \Rightarrow p = -11$$

$$-11+k = -1 \Rightarrow k = 10$$

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$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x-y}{x^y - yx^y - 1}}$$

$$x^y - yx^y - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x^y - yx^y = 1 \Rightarrow (x-y)(x+y) = 1$$

$$x-y = 1 \Rightarrow x = y+1$$

$$x+y = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1-y$$

$$D = (-y, +\infty) = \{y\}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{yx^y + 1}{x-y[-x]}$$

$$x-y[-x] \neq 0$$

$$x > -y[-x]$$

$$D_f = [R - [-y, -1)]$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x(x^y-1)}{(x+1)^y}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x(x^y-1)}{(x+1)^y}} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x(x^y-1)}{(x+1)^y} \geq 0 \Rightarrow [1, +\infty) \cup [-1, 0]$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x(x^y-1)}{(x+1)^y}} = [R - (-\infty, 0)] \quad \text{①} \quad \text{②} \quad \text{③} \quad \text{④} \quad \text{⑤} \quad \text{⑥} \quad \text{⑦} \quad \text{⑧} \quad \text{⑨} \quad \text{⑩}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{|x-y|-x^y}{|x|-1-x^y}}$$

$$-x^y + |x-y| \geq 0 \Rightarrow |x-y| \geq x^y$$

$$x-y \geq x^y \Rightarrow x \geq x^y + y \Rightarrow \Delta = -y \Rightarrow \Delta \leq 0$$

$$-x-y \geq x^y \Rightarrow x \leq -x^y - y \Rightarrow (x-y)(x+y) \geq 0 \Rightarrow [1, +\infty) \cup [-1, 0] \quad \text{①} \quad \text{②} \quad \text{③} \quad \text{④} \quad \text{⑤} \quad \text{⑥} \quad \text{⑦} \quad \text{⑧} \quad \text{⑨} \quad \text{⑩}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{|x-y|-1} = k$$

$$|x-y|-1 = k$$

$$|x-y|-1 = -k$$

$$x-y = k+1$$

$$x-y = -k-1$$

$$x = y+k$$

$$x = k+y$$

$$x = -k+y$$

$$x = -k+y$$

$$x = k+1$$

$$k+y = -k+1 \Rightarrow k = -1-y$$

$$y-k = -k+1 \Rightarrow k = 1$$

$$k+y = y-k \Rightarrow k = 0$$

$$[-1, 1]$$

$$y = kx - [x]$$



$\frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{(x-1)} + b \Rightarrow (x-1)+1 = x \rightarrow$ $b = +1 \quad a = -1 \quad a-b = -1-(-1) = -1$ $\frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{(x-1)} + b \Rightarrow x-1+1 = x \rightarrow$	$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1x + 1}{x+1} + b$ $-1 + (-1) = \boxed{-1}$ $a = -1, b = 1 \Rightarrow a-b = -1-1 = -2$
$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + 1x - x - 1}{x^2 - 1} ; x \neq \pm 1 \\ \frac{ax + r}{x + b} ; x = \pm 1 \end{cases}$ $(y + r = -1) \Rightarrow y + r = 0, r = 0$ $(0 + r = -1) \Rightarrow r = -1$ $r = -1, b = 1 \Rightarrow C = -1, b = 1$	$\frac{1 - 1x - 1}{x} = \frac{1 - 1x}{x} = \frac{-1x}{x} = -1$ $\frac{-1x}{x} = -1, \forall x$ $\frac{-1 + r}{-1 + b} = -1, \forall x \Rightarrow r - 1 = -1 + b \Rightarrow r = b$ $\frac{a + r}{1 + b} = -1, \forall x \Rightarrow a + r = -1 + b$ $r = -1, b = 1 \Rightarrow a - 1 = -1 + 1 \Rightarrow a = 0$
$b - \frac{1}{x} > 0 \Rightarrow b > \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{x} > 1$ $f(x) - \frac{1}{x} > 0 \Rightarrow f(x) > \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow x > \frac{1}{f(x)}$ $\frac{b}{x} = 1 \Rightarrow b = x$ $\frac{1}{x} = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1$	$f(x) - \frac{1}{x} = k \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} = k \Rightarrow 0 = k$ $f(x) - \frac{1}{x} = k \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} = k \Rightarrow 0 = k$ $f(x) - \frac{1}{x} = k \Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} = k \Rightarrow 0 = k$
$g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ $x+1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -1$ $x \geq -1$ $\sqrt{m-x} + n$ $m-x \geq 0 \Rightarrow m \geq x$ $m = x \Rightarrow x \geq x$	$D_{f \circ g} = [1, 1]$ $\sqrt{f(x)+1} = \sqrt{1+1} = \sqrt{2}$ $f(x) = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1$ $f(x) = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1$ $f(x) = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow \sqrt{x} = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1$
$y = \frac{1}{x} (x - [x]) = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow y = (x - [x]) = \frac{1}{x}$ $(x - [x]) = \frac{1}{x}$	$1/2 - [1/2] = 0/2$ $0/2 - [0/2] = 0/2$ $-1/2 - [-1/2] = 0/2$ $-1/2 - [-1/2] = 0/2$