

$$g'(n) = f'(\tan n + \sqrt{2} \cos n) \times (2 \tan n \cdot (1 + \tan n) + \sqrt{2}(-\sin n))$$

$$\Rightarrow g'(\frac{\pi}{4}) = f'(1 + \sqrt{2}(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})) \times (2 \times (1 + 1) + \sqrt{2}(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})) = f'(2) \times 3 = 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$\rightarrow f'(2) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

۱

$$f(n) = \frac{(2 \cos^2 n \times (-\sin n))(\frac{1}{2} - \cos^2 n) - (-2 \cos n(-\sin n))(1 + \cos^2 n)}{(1 - \cos^2 n)^2}$$

$$\rightarrow f'(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}) = \frac{135 - 121\sqrt{3}}{331} \quad / \quad g'(n) = \frac{2 \sin n}{(1 - \cos n)^2} \rightarrow g'(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}) = \frac{24 - 22\sqrt{3}}{149}$$

$$\rightarrow f'(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}) - g'(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{4}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

۲

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} (n-3)\sqrt{\alpha n} & n \geq \frac{3}{\alpha} \\ -(n+3)\sqrt{\alpha n} & n < \frac{3}{\alpha} \end{cases} \rightarrow f'(n) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{\alpha n} + \frac{n-3}{2\sqrt{\alpha n}} & n \geq \frac{3}{\alpha} \\ -\sqrt{\alpha n} + \frac{-(n+3)}{2\sqrt{\alpha n}} & n < \frac{3}{\alpha} \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow f'_-(\frac{3}{\alpha}) = \sqrt{\frac{3}{\alpha}}\alpha, \quad f'_+(\frac{3}{\alpha}) = -\sqrt{\frac{3}{\alpha}}\alpha \rightarrow f'_-(\frac{3}{\alpha}) - f'_+(\frac{3}{\alpha}) = 2\sqrt{\frac{3}{\alpha}}\alpha = 2\sqrt{6}$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$$

۳

$$n=t \rightarrow y=-(t\alpha+2) \rightarrow f(t)=-(t\alpha+2) \\ y'=-\alpha \rightarrow f'(t)=-\alpha \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \\ - \end{array} \right. \rightarrow -2\alpha+2=-1 \rightarrow \alpha=\frac{3}{2}$$

۴

$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}n + \alpha \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}(\alpha n - 1)}{\sqrt{2}n + 1} = n + \alpha \rightarrow 2n^2 + (14 - \sqrt{2}\alpha)n + 12 = 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta=0}$$

$$(14 - \sqrt{2}\alpha)^2 - 4 \times 12 = 0 \rightarrow 14 - \sqrt{2}\alpha = \pm 12 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow n = -2 \times \\ \alpha = 5 \rightarrow n = 2, y = 1 \checkmark \rightarrow \alpha = 5 \end{cases}$$

در ناحیه اول

۵

$$(n-1)^r (dx+c) = d n^r + c n^r - r d n^r - r c n + r d n + r c = n^r + \alpha n - b$$

$\downarrow$ $\downarrow$
 $a=1$ $c=r$

$$\rightarrow n^r - 12n + 14 = n^r + \alpha n - b \rightarrow \alpha = -12, b = -14 \rightarrow b - \alpha = -14 + 12 = -2$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^n(x) \times n \sin^{n-1}(x) \times \cos(x) \times x}{(1 - \cos x)^m}$$

?

$$\frac{\sqrt{n}+1}{\sqrt{n}-1} = 2 \rightarrow 2\sqrt{n}-2 = \sqrt{n}+1 \rightarrow \sqrt{n} = 3 \rightarrow n=9$$

$$f'(n) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right)(\sqrt{n}-1) - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right)(\sqrt{n}+1)}{(\sqrt{n}-1)^2} \rightarrow f'(9) = -\frac{2}{9} \rightarrow \text{منكوس}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{نسبة التغير} = -\frac{2}{9}$$

$$\frac{f(0) - f(-1)}{1} = -1 = 1 - (1)(-\alpha + 1) \rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = -\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow n = -2\alpha = 1$$

$$f'(n) = 2(n+1)^r (2n) \left(-\frac{1}{2}n+1\right) + (n+1)^r \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \Rightarrow f'(1) = 12 - 2 = 10$$

$$y = (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)(\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x) = -\cos^2 x \rightarrow \frac{f(\frac{\pi}{4}) - f(\frac{\pi}{2})}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{1-0}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{4}{\pi}$$

$$y = \sin^2 x \cos^2 x \rightarrow \frac{f(\frac{\pi}{4}) - f(\frac{\pi}{2})}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{1(-1) - 0}{\frac{\pi}{4}} = -\frac{4}{\pi}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-\frac{4}{\pi}}{\frac{4}{\pi}} = -1$$