

1 | $A|B|_0^3 \Rightarrow f'(x) = m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{f}{x}$

2 | $P|:1 \quad q|:f \Rightarrow y = \frac{x+f}{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{ax+b} = \frac{x+f}{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow x^2+ax+b = \frac{x^2+2fx+f^2}{x}$
 $x^2 + (1-9a)x + 2b = 0$ کیسه $\Rightarrow \Delta = 0 \Rightarrow (1-9a)^2 - 100 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow 1-9a = \pm 10 \Rightarrow a \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow a = 2 \Rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{2x-1}$
 $\Rightarrow f(9) = \sqrt{17} = 3$

3 | $y = \frac{m}{x} + \frac{n}{x} \quad g(x) = \frac{(x+m)(x+n) - (x^2+mx+1)}{(x+n)^2}$
 $f'(1) = \frac{m}{1} = \frac{f(m+n) - (m+n)}{1^2} \Rightarrow m+n = f \Rightarrow m = 2 \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{x^2+2x+1}{x+2}$
 $\Rightarrow f(1) = \frac{m}{1} + \frac{n}{1} = \frac{1+2+1}{1} = 1 \Rightarrow n = 1 \Rightarrow m+n = 3$

4 | $f(x) = \frac{(x-\sin x)(\sin^2 x + 3\sin x + 9)}{x - \sin x (x + \sin x)} \Rightarrow 3g(x) - f(x) = \frac{9 - \sin^2 x - 3\sin x - 9}{x + \sin x}$
 $= \frac{-\sin x (\sin x + 3)}{\sin x + 3} = -\sin x \Rightarrow 3g(x) - f(x) = -\cos x \Rightarrow x = \frac{\omega R}{\sqrt{3}}$
 $= -\cos \frac{\omega R}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

5 | $\sqrt{x} > 0 \Rightarrow g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow g(\sqrt{x}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}}} > 0 \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x}}}$
 $\Rightarrow f \circ g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}} = -x \Rightarrow (f \circ g)'(x) = -1$

$$g(x) = \frac{f(x)-1}{x} \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} g(x) \Rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \Rightarrow f'(0) = ?$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{\cos x (\sin x) - (\cos x)(\sin x - 1)}{(1 + \sin x)^2}} \left(\frac{-1 + \sin x}{1 + \sin x} \right)$$

$$f'(0) = \sqrt{\frac{(\cos 0)(1)}{(1 + \sin 0)^2}} \left(\frac{-1 + (\sin 0)}{1 + (\sin 0)} \right) = \sqrt{1} \times \frac{-1}{2} = \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$f(x) = -x^2 - 1 \Rightarrow f'(x) = -2x \Rightarrow x_1 = -x_2 = t \Rightarrow f'(t) = \frac{-1}{f'(t)}$$

$$\Rightarrow -2t = \frac{-1}{2t} \Rightarrow 4t^2 = 1 \Rightarrow t = \pm \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{-9}{4}$$

$$d \Rightarrow y = k \Rightarrow k = \frac{-9}{4} \Rightarrow |m| \cdot |k| = \sqrt{0 + \frac{81}{16}} = \left(\frac{9}{4} = 1, 2k \right)$$

$$f'(x) = 2 \cdot 2\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \Rightarrow \text{نقطة} \Rightarrow \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{f(x)}{x} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{f'(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{4\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}{2x} \Rightarrow 1 \cdot \frac{4\sqrt{x}}{2x} + \frac{1}{2x} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{2x}$$

$$2\sqrt{x} = \frac{1}{2x} \Rightarrow f(x) = 1 \Rightarrow \left(x = \frac{1}{4} \right) f'\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{4}} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 4}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \right)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right)(-5(x+1)) - (-5x+1)(\sqrt{x})}{(-5x^2+x+1)^2} = \frac{4x^2-x+1}{\sqrt{x}(-5x^2+x+1)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(-5x^2+x+1) \cdot \sqrt{x}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x^2 - x + 1 = -5x^2 + x + 1 \Rightarrow 1 - x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}} = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{4}} g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow f \circ g = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-1}} \right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow (f \circ g)'(x) = \frac{-2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-1}}}{\left(\frac{1}{2x-1}\right)^2} \Rightarrow f \circ g\left(\frac{\sqrt{1/2}}{2}\right) = \frac{-1 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{1/2} \Rightarrow \frac{-\sqrt{2} \cdot 2}{1} = -2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$