

این معادله استیسی فراد دارد هم به A

معادله:  $y = \frac{\mu}{\mu} n + 1$   
 لذا از تقاطع

$A \mid \mu, B \mid 1$

$f(\mu) = \frac{\mu}{\mu} = 1$   
 به تابع  $f$  در نقطه  $x=3$

$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{\mu-1}{\mu-0} = \frac{\mu-1}{\mu}$

$\begin{cases} (-1, 1) \\ (1, 1) \end{cases}$ 
 $m = \frac{\mu-1}{\mu} = \frac{1}{\mu}$  معادله استیسی  $\frac{1}{\mu} n + \frac{\mu}{\mu} = \sqrt{2n-1} \rightarrow x^2 + 2nx + 1y = 9en - 9$   
 $y = \frac{1}{\mu} n + \frac{\mu}{\mu}$   
 $\rightarrow x^2 + (1-9e)n + 2a = 0$

$f(n) = \sqrt{2n-1} \xrightarrow{n=9} f(9) = \sqrt{18-1} = \sqrt{17}$   
 $\Delta = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 2\sqrt{17} \\ a = -\frac{1}{9} \end{cases}$

معادله:  $\mu y - \mu n = h \rightarrow y = \frac{\mu n + h}{\mu}$

معادله استیسی:  $\frac{\mu n + h}{\mu} = \frac{n^2 + mn + 1}{n + \mu} \rightarrow 0 = n^2 + (\mu m - n - 9)n + \mu - \mu n$

معادله استیسی معادله  $n=1$  در  $\Rightarrow 0 = (n-1)^2 = n^2 - 2n + 1$   
 $\begin{cases} \mu - \mu n = 1 \\ \mu m - n - 9 = -1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} m = 2 \\ n = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow m+n = 3$

$(\mu g - f)'(n) = ?$

$\frac{9}{\mu + \sin n} = -\sin n$   
 $\frac{9 + \sin^2 n + \mu \sin n}{\sin n + \mu} = \frac{-\sin n (\sin n + \mu)}{\sin n + \mu} = (\mu g - f)'(n)$

$\rightarrow (\mu g - f)'(n) = (-\sin n)' = -\cos n \rightarrow (\mu g - f)'(\frac{9\pi}{\mu}) = -\cos \frac{9\pi}{\mu} = \frac{-1}{\mu}$

$f \circ g(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n-1}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2g(n)}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{n^2}}} = -n$

$f(n) = \begin{cases} \alpha & n \leq 0 \\ -1 & n > 0 \end{cases}$   $(f \circ g)(n) = -1 \rightarrow -1 = \text{جواب سوال}$

$g(n) = \begin{cases} 9 & n \leq 0 \\ \frac{1}{n^2} & n > 0 \end{cases}$

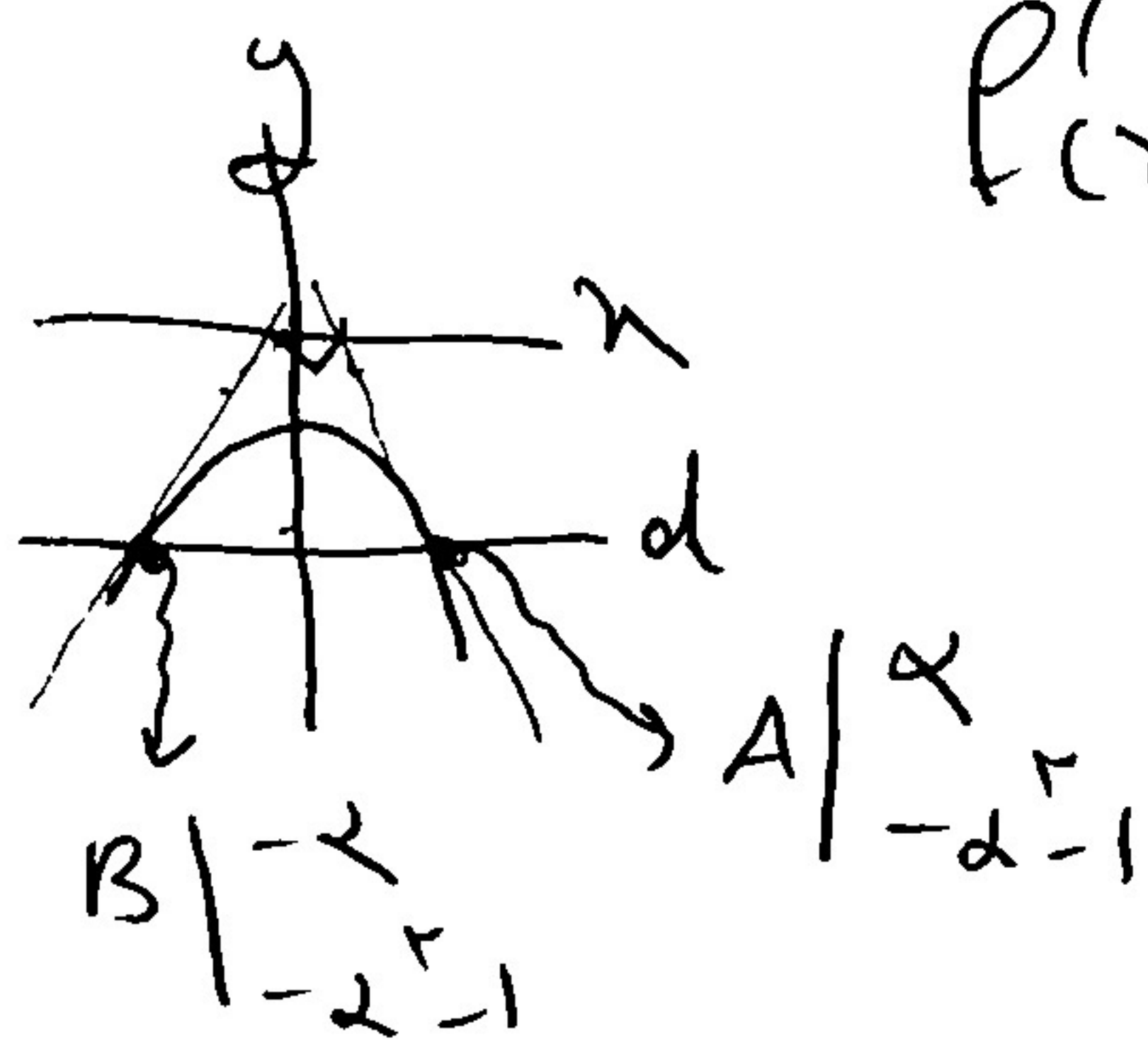
$$g(x) = \frac{f(x)-1}{x} = \left( \frac{\sin x - 1}{\sin x + 1} \right)^x - 1$$

در حسابی و هم ازشی و نیز

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$$h' g(x) = h' \frac{\left( \frac{x-1}{x+1} \right)^x - 1}{x} \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 0} h' \frac{-x}{(x+1)^2} = \frac{-x}{1-x^2}$$

تابع توانی =  $f(x) = -x^2 - 1$



$$f'(x) = -2x \rightarrow \begin{cases} f'(\alpha) = -2\alpha \\ f'(\alpha) = +2\alpha \end{cases}$$

$m m' = -1$   
 $-2\alpha \times 2\alpha = -1$   
 $\alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

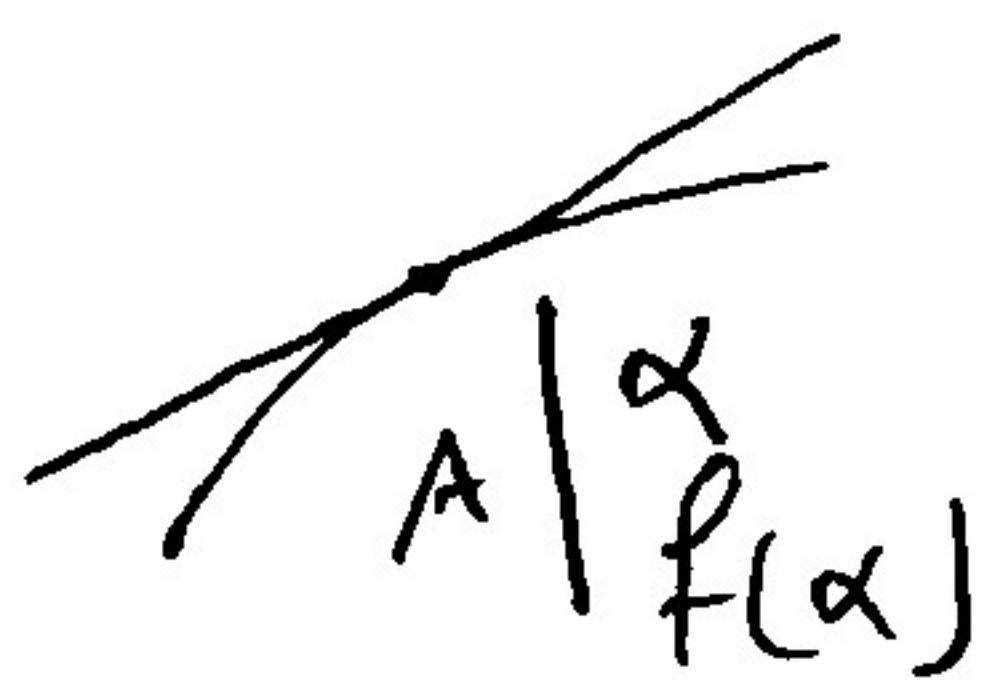
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$$d: g = mn$$

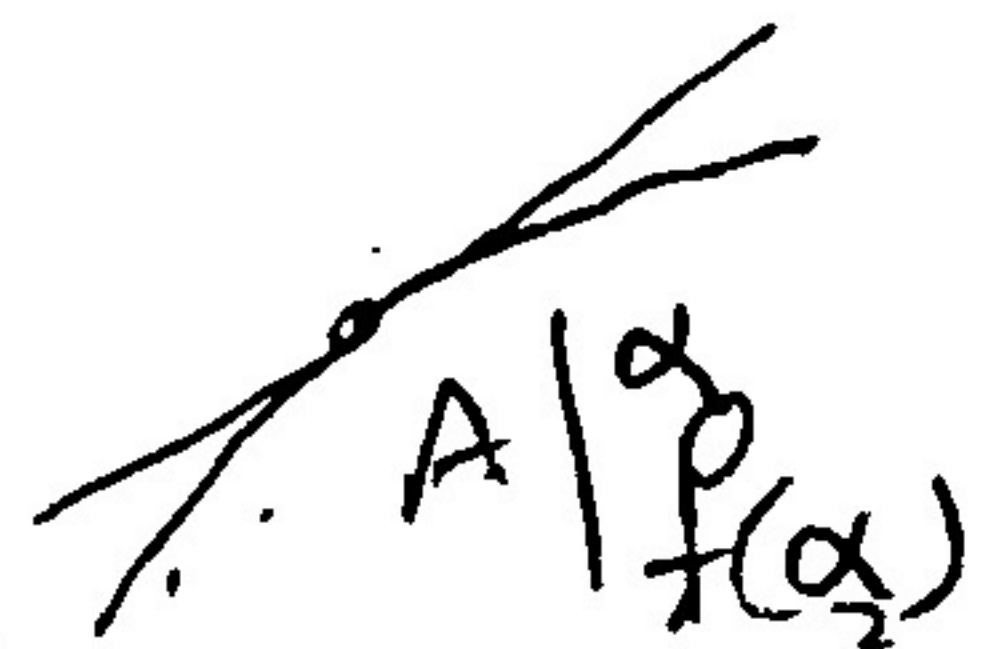
$$m = f'(\alpha) = \frac{f(\alpha) - 0}{\alpha - 0}$$

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$$m = \frac{\alpha^{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}} + 14\alpha\sqrt{\alpha}}{\sqrt{\alpha}} = \frac{\alpha^{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}} (\alpha^{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}} + 14)}{\alpha}$$

$$\alpha^{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\alpha} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow m = f'(\alpha) = \frac{\alpha^{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}} + 14\alpha\sqrt{\alpha}}{\sqrt{\alpha}}$$



$$m = f'(\alpha) = \frac{f(\alpha)}{\alpha}$$

$$\alpha f'(\alpha) = f(\alpha) \rightarrow \alpha \frac{\alpha^{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}} + 14\alpha\sqrt{\alpha}}{\sqrt{\alpha}} = \alpha^{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}} + 14\alpha\sqrt{\alpha}$$

تابع توانی =  $f(x) = x^x$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}} (x-1)^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}}$$

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$$x = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2} \rightarrow f' \circ g\left(\frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}\right) = f'(1) \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \times \sqrt{10} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \times \sqrt{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$