

كيفية

المسألة الأولى

$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{a}{x} \xrightarrow{[1, \sqrt{2}]} \frac{(1 - \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}}) - (1 - a)}{\sqrt{2} - 1} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \quad x = \pm \sqrt{2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{a}{x^2} \xrightarrow{\quad} \frac{a}{x^2} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow x^2 = \sqrt{2}$$

$$A(x, -x) \rightarrow \gamma a x^2 - \delta x + 11a = -x \rightarrow \gamma a x^2 - \Sigma x + 11a = 0$$

$$y = \Sigma a x - \delta = 1 \rightarrow a x = \frac{\gamma}{\Sigma} (x < 0)$$

$$\boxed{a x^2 - \gamma x + 11a = 0}$$

$$\Delta = 0 \downarrow$$

$$\Sigma - \gamma^2 a^2 = 0 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$y' = \gamma x^2 - 11 = \gamma (x^2 - \frac{11}{\gamma}) \rightarrow \begin{array}{c|c|c|c} x & -\sqrt{11/\gamma} & \sqrt{11/\gamma} & \\ \hline y' & + & - & + \\ \hline y & \nearrow & \searrow & \nearrow \end{array}$$

$$y = x^2 - 11x + \gamma$$

$$= (\sqrt{11})^2 - 11(\sqrt{11}) + \gamma = -11$$

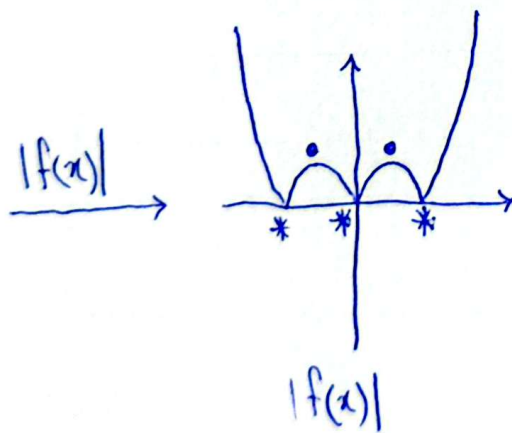
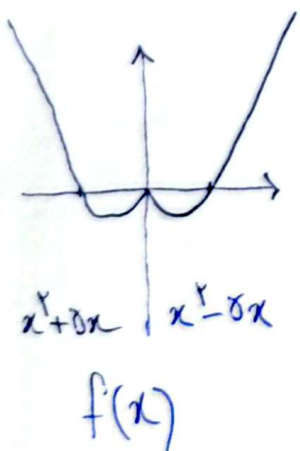
min

$$y' = \gamma x^2 + \gamma a x - \gamma b$$

$$(0,0), (-\gamma, 0) \in y' \rightarrow \boxed{b=0} \quad \boxed{a=\gamma}$$

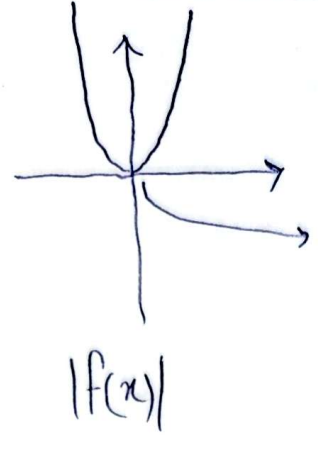
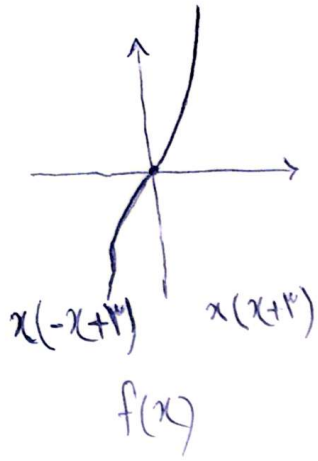
$$y = x^2 + \gamma x^2 - \Sigma$$

$$\begin{matrix} (0, -\Sigma) \\ (-\gamma, 0) \end{matrix} \rightarrow d = \sqrt{(\Sigma)^2 + (-\gamma)^2} = \sqrt{2} = \gamma\sqrt{2}$$



المسألة الثانية

$$\begin{cases} * \min_{\text{بؤي}} = \gamma = n \\ * \max_{\text{بؤي}} = \gamma = m \end{cases} \rightarrow \left\{ \frac{n}{m} = \frac{\gamma}{\gamma} \right.$$



انگه بجرانی

✓ با توجه به بازه [0, a] :

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2} (-x+a)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x(-x+a)}{3\sqrt[3]{x}} - \sqrt[3]{x^2} = 0 \rightarrow 2x(-x+a) = 3x \rightarrow -x+a = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow a = 3$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x^2-x} & x \geq 1 \\ \sqrt{-x^2-x} & -1 \leq x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x-1}{2\sqrt{x^2-x}} & x \geq 1 \\ \frac{-(2x+1)}{2\sqrt{-x^2-x}} & -1 \leq x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

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$$\rightarrow y = \frac{m^2 - m - 2}{(x - (m-1))^2} \rightarrow \frac{-1 \quad 2}{+ \phi - \phi +} \rightarrow m = -1, 0, 1$$

به ازای مقدار صحیح در بازه (1, +∞) نزولی است

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{1-x^2} & x \geq 0 \\ \frac{x}{1+x^2} & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1-3x^2}{(1-x^2)^2} & x \geq 0 \\ \frac{1-x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

* صفر انگه بجرانی نیست

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2 انگه بجرانی به طول کی $x = -1, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ دارد