

$$f(0) = 0 \Rightarrow 1 + b = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{b = -1}$$

①

$$f'(x) = -4 \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + 2ax \Rightarrow$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f'(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-12x(1-2x^2) + 2ax}{x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} -12 + 24x^2 + 2a = 2 \Rightarrow \boxed{a = 7}$$

$$\boxed{a + b = 4}$$

$$m_1 = -\frac{1}{m_2} \Rightarrow f'(x) = 2x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x_1 = -\frac{1}{2x_2}$$

$$|x_1| = |x_2|$$

$$x^2 = 1$$

$$x^2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$x = \pm \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = \boxed{\frac{-3\sqrt{3}}{4}}$$

$$\frac{-3\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{-3\sqrt{3}}{4} = \boxed{\frac{-3\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

②

$$y = mx + b \Rightarrow m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = 4 \Rightarrow y = 4x + b \quad (1)$$

$$b = -9 \Rightarrow y = 4x - 9$$

$$m = f'(x) \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = 4x - 9$$

$$a = \frac{y}{x} (4x - 9)(x - 1) \Rightarrow a = \frac{4x^2 - 13x + 9}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x^2 - 13x + 9 - \frac{a}{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta = 0 \Rightarrow 4x - 19 \left(\frac{a}{x} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4x^2 - 19x + 14 \frac{a}{x} = 0 \Rightarrow 14 \frac{a}{x} = 19x - 4x^2 \Rightarrow \frac{a}{x} = \frac{19x - 4x^2}{14}$$

$$\boxed{a = \frac{19x^2 - 4x^3}{14}}$$

$$\boxed{f(x) = \frac{19x^2 - 4x^3}{14}}$$

$$f(1) = \frac{a+1}{a+1} = 1 \Rightarrow a+b=1 \quad (2)$$

$$\boxed{b = -1}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1-a^2}{(a+x)^2} \Rightarrow f(1) = \frac{1-a^2}{(a+1)^2} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1-a}{1+a} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 1-a = 1+a \Rightarrow 2a = -1 \Rightarrow \boxed{a = -\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$a-b = \frac{1}{2} + 1 = \boxed{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\sin x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin x \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin x \quad (3)$$

$$\boxed{x = \frac{\pi}{4}} \quad f'(x) = \cos x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin x \Rightarrow f'\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$= 0 \Rightarrow f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow y - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

$$y = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x - \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{14} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{14} + \frac{14\sqrt{2}}{14} \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{\text{مختصات رأس} = \left(\frac{14 - \pi}{14}, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)}$$

$$f'(x) = 4x^2 - 4x - 12 \quad (4)$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x & -1 & 1 \\ \hline f' & 4 & -4 \\ \hline f & -12 & -12 \end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} A \\ B \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -1 \\ 1 \end{array} \Rightarrow m = -\frac{f}{f'} = \boxed{-9}$$

$$f'(x) = -9 \Rightarrow 4x^2 - 4x - 12 = -9$$

$$4x^2 - 4x - 3 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta > 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{دو جواب}}$$

$$f'(x) = 2kx^2 + 2(k+1)x \Rightarrow f''(x) = 4kx + 2(k+1) \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow 4kx + 2k + 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{k+1}{2k} < 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} k > 0 \\ k < -1 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$$f(x) > 0 \Rightarrow k\left(-\frac{k+1}{2k}\right)^2 + (k+1)\left(-\frac{k+1}{2k}\right) > 0$$

$$\frac{-(k+1)^2}{2k} + \frac{(k+1)^2}{2k} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{2(k+1)^2}{2k} > 0 \Rightarrow (k+1)^2 > 0$$

$$k+1 > 0 \Rightarrow k > -1 \Rightarrow \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow \textcircled{1} \wedge \textcircled{2} \rightarrow k > 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\text{دو جواب منفی}}$$

$$A|_{-1} \Rightarrow abc$$

$$f''(x) = 4x + 2a \Rightarrow f''(-1) = 0 \Rightarrow -4 + 2a = 0$$

$$a = 2 \Rightarrow f(-1) = -1 \Rightarrow -1 + 2 - b - 1 = -1$$

$$b = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{2}{0}$$

$$f'(-1) = 0 \Rightarrow b = 0$$

$$f(0) = 1 \Rightarrow 1 = 1$$

$$f'(x) = 2x + 2ax \Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow x(2x + 2a) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ x = -\frac{2a}{2} \Rightarrow \text{min} \Rightarrow f(-\frac{2a}{2}) = 0 \Rightarrow \end{cases}$$

$$-\frac{12a^3}{2 \cdot 2} + \frac{fa^3}{9} + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{fa^3}{9} = -1 \Rightarrow a^3 = -9$$

$$a = -\sqrt[3]{9} \quad x_{\min} = -\frac{2a}{2} = \sqrt[3]{9}$$

$$f'(x) = 2x^2 - 12x = 2x(x - 6) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = 0 \\ x = 6 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{min} = A|_{-\sqrt[3]{9}} \quad B|_{\sqrt[3]{9}} \quad MAB = 0$$

$$f''(x) = 4x - 12 \Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow x = 3 \Rightarrow C|_{-1} \quad D|_{1}$$

$$m \cdot D = 0 \Rightarrow \text{زاویه صفر درجه}$$