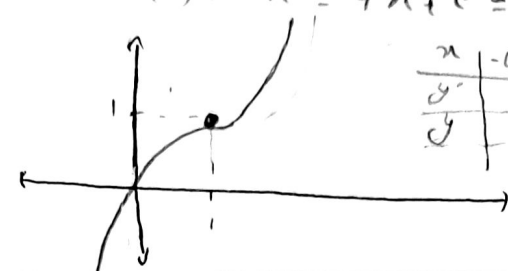


$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x \rightarrow f'(x) = 3x^2 - 6x + 2 = 3x^2 - 2n + 1 \quad f'(a) = 0 \Rightarrow a = 1$
 $f''(x) = (3x^2 - 6x + 2)'$
 $f''(1) = 6 - 6 + 2 = 2 > 0$ نقطه بطنی


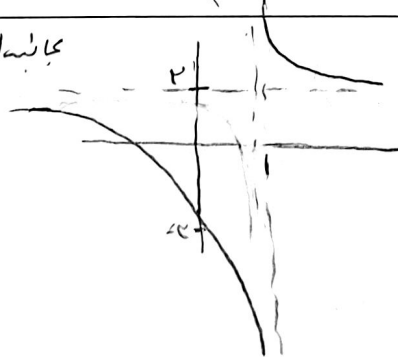
x	$-\infty$	1	$+\infty$
y	+	0	+
y	↗	↘	↗

$y' = \frac{(-3x^2)(x^2) - (2n)(-2x+2)}{x^4} = \frac{-3x^4 + 4x^2 - 2n}{x^4}$ (الف)
 $y = \frac{3x^4 - 4x^2 + 2n}{x^4}$
 $y' = \frac{12x^3 - 8x}{4x^5} = \frac{3x^2 - 2}{x^4}$
 $3x^2 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{2/3}$

x	$-\infty$	$-\sqrt{2/3}$	0	$+\sqrt{2/3}$	$+\infty$
y	-	+	0	-	+
y	↘	↗	↘	↗	↘

$y = \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x-1} \Rightarrow y' = \frac{(2x-4)(x-1) - (x^2-4x+3)(-1)}{(x-1)^2}$ (الف)
 $y' = \frac{-2x^2 + 4x - 0}{(x-1)^2}$
 $-2x^2 + 4x = 0 \Rightarrow x = 0, 2$

x	$-\infty$	0	2	$+\infty$
y	-	+	-	+
y	↘	↗	↘	↗

از هر چهار ناحیه گفتند
 بجانب قائمه = اریب منفرجه = $x=1$
 افقی = $y = \frac{9}{2}$


الف) $x=2$ بجانب قائم نامیبات
 ب) $y=3$ بجانب افقی نامیبات
 $\frac{2x+4}{x-3}$
 $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 4 \\ -1 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$
 $a=3 \Rightarrow a \cdot 3 = \frac{2x+4}{x-3}$

$f(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{x-2}$

$x=2$ *درد*
 $y=3$ *بند*

$(2, 3)$
نقطه تقاطع

$x+b = -x+a \Rightarrow -1+a=3 \Rightarrow a=4$
 $x+b = 1+b=3 \Rightarrow b=1$

$x+1$ *بند*
 $x+1$ *درد*

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$f = \{x, y, z\}$
 $f' = \{x, -1, z\}$

درد

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$\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow a^2 - 4b > 0 \Rightarrow a > 2\sqrt{b}$

$a < 2\sqrt{b}$

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$f(x) = \frac{x^2+1}{x-2}$

$f'(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2+1} - \frac{x^2+1}{(x-2)^2}$

$f'(2) = \frac{4}{5} - \frac{5}{0} = \frac{4}{5}$

$f'(-2) = \frac{-4}{5} - \frac{5}{16} = \frac{-14}{16} = \frac{-7}{8}$

$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{-7}{8} = \frac{-14}{16} = \frac{-7}{8}$

x	$-\infty$	-2	2	$+\infty$
f'	$+$	$-$	$+$	
f	\searrow	\nearrow	\searrow	\nearrow

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$f(x) = m(x-1)(x+1) \Rightarrow m=1, a=-1, b=1$

$g(x) = f'(x) \Rightarrow g(x) = 2x$

$g(x) = f''(x) \Rightarrow g(x) = 2$

$f(x) = (x^2-x-1)^2$

$f'(x) = 2(x^2-x-1)(2x-1)$

$f''(x) = 2(2x-1)(2x-1) + 2(x^2-x-1)(2) = 4(2x-1)^2 + 4(x^2-x-1)$

$f''(1) = 4(2(1)-1)^2 + 4(1^2-1-1) = 4(1)^2 + 4(-1) = 4 - 4 = 0$

x	$-\infty$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	1	$+\infty$
f'	$-$	$-$	$+$	$+$
f	\searrow	\searrow	\nearrow	\nearrow

$-\frac{1}{2} - (-\frac{1}{2}) = 0$

$-\frac{1}{2}$ *نقطه تقاطع*

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