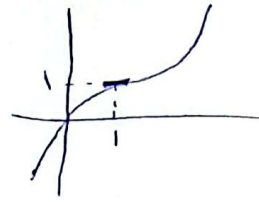


الف) $y' = 3x^2 - 6x + 3 = 0 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0 \rightarrow x = 1$ (نقطه بحرانی)

ب) $y = x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x + 1 - 1 = (x-1)^3 + 1$

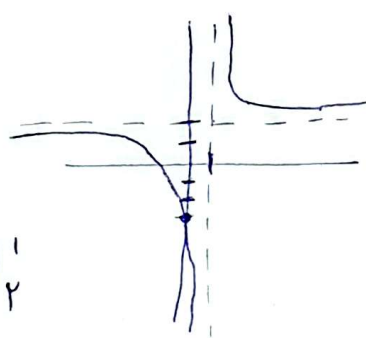


-1

-2

-3

$y = \frac{2x+3}{x-1}$
 ↘ جانب قائم = 1
 ↘ جانب افقی = 2
 ↓
 $x=0 \rightarrow y=-3$



مركز تقارن = $1/2$

از همه نواحی میلند

-4

$y = \frac{ax+c}{x-b} \Rightarrow \frac{2x+3}{x-1}$

الف)

$c \begin{cases} 2 \\ 3 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} b=1 \\ a=3 \end{cases}$

$x = \frac{3y+3}{y-1}$

$xy - 2x = 3y + 3 \rightarrow y(x-3) = 3 + 2x$

$y^{-1} = \frac{2x+3}{x-3}$

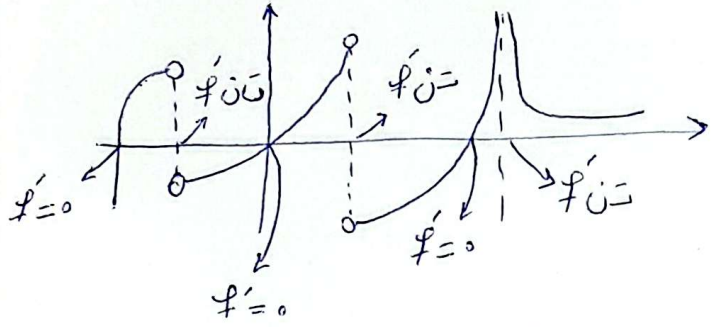
ب)

$$y = \frac{r^2x+1}{x-r} \quad w/r \quad y-y_w = m(x-x_w)$$

-6

آرسین نوری

$$m \begin{cases} =1 \rightarrow y-r = x-r \rightarrow y=x+1 \\ =-1 \rightarrow y-r = -x+r \rightarrow y=-x+r \end{cases}$$



6 نقه -7

-1

$$y = \frac{x^2+r}{x^2+x+r} \rightarrow y' = \frac{r(x^2+x+r) - (2x+1)(x^2+r)}{(x^2+x+r)^2} = \frac{x^2-r}{(x^2+x+r)^2} = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm\sqrt{r}$$

x	$-\infty$	$-\sqrt{r}$	\sqrt{r}	$+\infty$
y	1	$\frac{r}{r+\sqrt{r}}$	$\frac{r}{r+\sqrt{r}}$	1
		↓ max	↓ min	

$$\frac{r}{r+\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{r}{r-\sqrt{r}} = \frac{r^2}{r^2-r} = \frac{r}{r-1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$y = x^r + ax + b \rightarrow y = x^r + x - r \quad y = (x^r + x - r)^r \rightarrow y' = r(x^r + x - r)^{r-1} (rx + 1) = 0$$

$$y = (x^r + x - r)^r \rightarrow y' = r(x^r + x - r)^{r-1} (rx + 1)$$

x	$-\frac{r}{r-1}$	$-\frac{1}{r}$	1
	-	+	-
	↓	↑	↓

$\frac{1}{19} \rightarrow$ max نسبی

x	$-\frac{r}{r-1}$	$-\frac{1}{r}$	1
	+	-	+
	↓	↓ min نسبی	↑

$$-\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} = 0$$