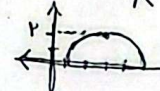


$$y = \frac{x^2 + x + 2}{x - 1} \Rightarrow yx - y = x^2 + x + 2 \Rightarrow x^2 + (1 - y)x + y + 2 = 0$$

$$\Delta \geq 0 \Rightarrow (1 - y)^2 - 4(y + 2) \geq 0 \Rightarrow y^2 - 4y - 7 \geq 0$$

$$y \geq 7 \text{ یا } y \leq -1 \Rightarrow R_f =]R - (-1, 7)$$

الف) $R = [-\frac{\Delta}{4a}, +\infty)$, $-\frac{\Delta}{4a} = -\frac{15 - 4 \times 2 \times 1}{4 \times 1} = -\frac{15}{4} \Rightarrow R = [-\frac{15}{4}, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \sqrt{-x^2 + 4x - 5} = \sqrt{-(x - 2)^2 + 2^2 - 1} = \sqrt{4 - (x - 2)^2}$  $\Rightarrow R = [0, 2]$

ج) $\sqrt{[0, +\infty)} \Rightarrow R = [0, +\infty)$ (مقدار رانگال $(-\infty, \infty)$ هست)
 برد هسته زیر رانگال $(-\infty, \infty)$ هست (منفی نمی پذیرد)

د) $g(x) = x^2 - 4x^2 + 7x + 2 \Rightarrow R_g = (-\infty, +\infty)$ log $\Rightarrow R =]R$

الف) $R =]R - \{\frac{a}{c}\} \Rightarrow R =]R - \{\frac{2}{3}\}$

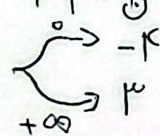
ب) $R = [0, +\infty) - \{\sqrt{\frac{a}{c}}\} \Rightarrow R =]R - \{\frac{2}{3}\}$ مقدار رانگال همواره مثبت است و بجانب افقی تابع است

ج) $y = \frac{x^2 + 4x + 1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4x}} = \sqrt{x^2 + 4x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4x}} \neq 1$ کمترین مقدار $\sqrt{x^2 + 4x} = \sqrt{4} = 2$

د) $y = x^2 + 4x + \frac{1}{x^2 + 4x} - 2 = \frac{x^4 + 4x^3 + 1 - 2x^2 - 8x^2 - 8x}{x^2 + 4x} = \frac{x^4 - 4x^2 - 8x + 1}{x^2 + 4x}$
 $R = [\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, +\infty) = [\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}, +\infty) = [\sqrt{2}, +\infty)$
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < x^2 + 4x + \frac{1}{x^2 + 4x} < +\infty \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} < x^2 + 4x + \frac{1}{x^2 + 4x} < +\infty \Rightarrow R = [\sqrt{2}, +\infty)$

روشن اصلی: $y = \frac{x^2 + 4x}{x^2 - 1} \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{y + 4}{y - 4} \Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{y + 4}{y - 4}}$

$\frac{y + 4}{y - 4} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-4}{+4} \frac{2}{-2} \Rightarrow R =]R - (-4, 4)$

روشن ۲: $y = \frac{x^2 + 4x}{x^2 - 1} \Rightarrow \frac{-4}{+4} \frac{2}{-2} \Rightarrow R = (-\infty, -4] \cup (4, +\infty)$
 

روشن اصلی: $y = \frac{2 \sin x - 1}{\sin x + 2} \Rightarrow \sin x = \frac{-2y - 1}{y - 2} \Rightarrow -1 \leq \frac{-2y - 1}{y - 2} \leq 1$

$-1 \leq \frac{-2y - 1}{y - 2} \Rightarrow 0 \leq \frac{-2y - 1}{y - 2} + 1 \Rightarrow 0 \leq \frac{-2y - 1 + y - 2}{y - 2} \Rightarrow 0 \leq \frac{-y - 3}{y - 2} \Rightarrow y \in [-\frac{3}{2}, 2)$

$\frac{-2y - 1}{y - 2} \leq 1 \Rightarrow \frac{-2y - 1}{y - 2} \leq 1 \Rightarrow y \in (-\infty, \frac{1}{2}] \cup (2, +\infty)$

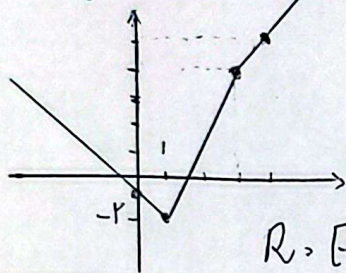
روشن ۲: $y = \frac{2 \sin x - 1}{\sin x + 2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow y \in [-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}]$

خارج نمی تواند
صفر شود $\sin x$ از دو طرف محدود است.

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x + \frac{1}{4}}{x^2 - x + 1} = \frac{(x - \frac{1}{2})^2}{(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}} \begin{cases} \rightarrow 0 \\ \rightarrow 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \text{مخرج نمی تواند صفر شود}$$

$$\Rightarrow R: [0, 1)$$

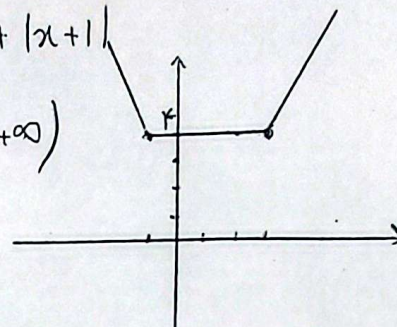
الف) $y = |2x - 2| - |x - 2|$



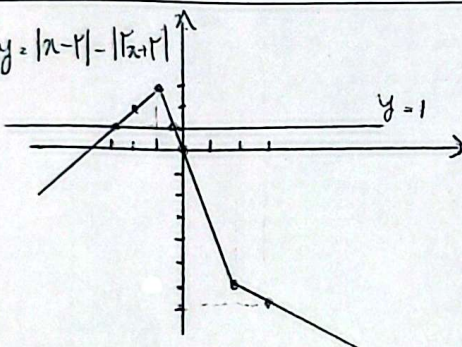
$$R: [-2, +\infty)$$

ب) $|x - 2| + |x + 1|$

$$R: [3, +\infty)$$



$y = |x - 2| - |x + 2|$



$$-x + 2 + 2x + 2 = 1$$

$$x = -3$$

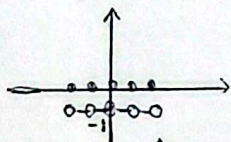
$$-x + 2 - 2x - 2 = 1$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{3}$$

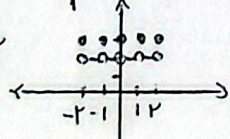
$$\text{جواب: } R = (-3, -\frac{1}{3})$$

الف) $[x] + [2 - x] = [x] + [-x] + 2$

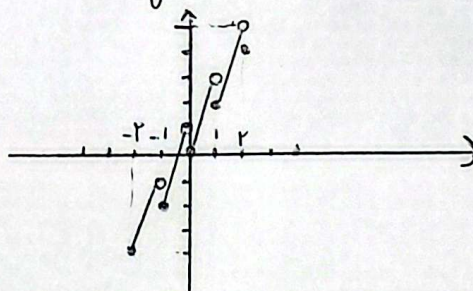
$$[x] + [-x]$$



$$[x] + [-x] + 2$$



ب) $y = 3x - [x]$ پاره خطی با شیب 3



الف) $y = \sin^2 x - \sin x + 1$

$$\begin{cases} \sin x = 1 \Rightarrow y = 1 \\ \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{4} \\ \sin x = -1 \Rightarrow y = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$R: [\frac{3}{4}, 3]$$

ب) $y = \sin^4 x + \sin^2 x + 1$

$$\begin{cases} \sin^2 x = 1 \Rightarrow y = 3 \\ \sin^2 x = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow y = \frac{9}{4} \\ \sin^2 x = 0 \Rightarrow y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$R: [1, 3]$$