

$$y = \frac{x^2 + 2x}{x-1} \quad x \neq 1 \rightarrow yx - y = x^2 + 2x \rightarrow x^2 + 2(1-y) + (1+y) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{-(1-y) \pm \sqrt{(1-y)^2 - 4(1+y)}}{2} \Rightarrow \Delta \geq 0 \rightarrow 1+y^2-2y-1-4y \geq 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow y^2 - 2y - 4 \geq 0 \rightarrow (y-1)/y+1 \geq 0 \quad y \neq -1 \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$$

$$\text{الف) } y = x^2 - 5x + 1 \xrightarrow{a^2} x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{5}{2} \rightarrow y_{\min} = -\frac{17}{4} \rightarrow R_f = [-\frac{17}{4}, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \sqrt{-x^2 + 4x - 5} \xrightarrow{a^2} x_{\max} = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2, y_{\max} = 4 \rightarrow R_f = \sqrt{-\infty, 4} = [0, 2] \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ج) } y = \sqrt{x^2 - 2x^2 + 4x + 1} \quad R_f = [0, +\infty) = \sqrt{1R} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{د) } \log(x^2 - 4x^2 + 12x + 4) \quad R_f = (-\infty, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 4} \Rightarrow R_f = R - \{ \frac{4}{3} \} \quad \checkmark$$

$$R_f = [\frac{4}{3}, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 4}} \Rightarrow R_f = [0, +\infty) - \{ \frac{4}{3} \} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ج) } y = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 3} = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 3} = \sqrt{x^2 + 3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + 3}} = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow \sqrt{3} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{د) } y = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 3} = x^2 + 3 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 3} - 3 \rightarrow y_{\min} = 3 + \frac{1}{3} - 3 = \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow R_f = [\frac{1}{3}, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ریشه اصلی: } y = \frac{x^2 + 4}{x^2 - 1} \rightarrow yx^2 - y = x^2 + 4 \rightarrow x^2(1-y) + (1+y) = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{0 \pm \sqrt{0 - 4(1-y)(1+y)}}{2(1-y)} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow 1(1-y) \neq 0 \Rightarrow y \neq 1, -4/(1-y)/(1+y) \geq 0 \quad y \neq -1 \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ریشه دوم: } y = \frac{3(x^2 + 1)}{11(x^2 - 1)} \quad x^2 - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \text{برخلاف بازه} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$x^2 \Rightarrow [0, +\infty) \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 = 0 \rightarrow y = -4 \\ x^2 \rightarrow +\infty \rightarrow \lim_{x^2 \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x^2 + 3}{11x^2 - 11} = \frac{3}{11} \end{cases} \quad \checkmark$$

$$y = \frac{2 \sin x - 1}{\sin x + 3} \quad \text{ریشه اصلی: } \sin x + 3y = 2 \sin x - 1 \rightarrow (y-1) \sin x = -(1+3y) \rightarrow \sin x = \frac{-(1+3y)}{y-1} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow -1 \leq \frac{-(1+3y)}{y-1} \leq 1 \rightarrow -1 \leq \frac{-(1+3y)}{y-1} \rightarrow \frac{-(1+3y)}{y-1} + 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-y+2}{y-1} \geq 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-(1+3y)}{y-1} \leq 1 \rightarrow \frac{-y+1}{y-1} \leq 0 \rightarrow \frac{y-1}{-y+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow y \in (-\infty, \frac{1}{2}] \cup [1, +\infty) \Rightarrow y \in [\frac{1}{2}, 1] \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ریشه دوم: } -1 \leq \sin x \leq 1 \quad \sin x + 3 \neq 0 \quad \text{مخرج صفر نمی شود پس بر دایره ناممکن است} \quad R_f = y \cap y_2 = [\frac{1}{2}, 1] \quad \checkmark$$

$$\hookrightarrow \sin x = 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{2(1) - 1}{1 + 3} = \frac{1}{4}, \sin x = -1 \rightarrow y = \frac{-2}{4} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow R_f = [-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}] \quad \checkmark$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^5 - x + 1}{x^5 - x + 1}$$

$$x^5 - x + 1 \neq 0 \quad \Delta < 0 \rightarrow \text{مربع ناقص} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{(x - \frac{1}{5})^5}{(x - \frac{1}{5})^5 + \frac{4}{5}} \quad f(x) = \frac{x}{x + \frac{4}{5}} \rightarrow R_f = [0, 1)$$

الف) $y = |x-2| - |x-3| \Rightarrow y = \begin{cases} x+1 & x > 3 \\ x-5 & 1 < x < 3 \\ -x-1 & x < 1 \end{cases}$

ب) $y = |x-2| + |x+1|$ عكس محاور

$y = \begin{cases} x-1 & x > 2 \\ x+3 & -1 < x < 2 \\ -x-1 & x < -1 \end{cases}$

$R_f = [-2, +\infty)$

$R_f = [1, +\infty)$

$|x-2| - |x+1| \leq 1$

$-2 < x < 2$ $-2 < x < 2$ $x-2 - (x+1) \leq 1$

$\rightarrow x-3 \leq 1 \rightarrow x \leq 4$

$\rightarrow x-3 \leq 1 \rightarrow x \leq 4$

$\Rightarrow x \in (-\infty, -3] \cup [-\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$

الف) $y = [x] + [2-x] = [x] + [-x] + 2 \rightarrow R_f = \{2, 3\}$

ب) $y = 3x - [x]$

$R_f = [-1, 5)$

الف) $y = \sin^2 x - \sin x + 1 \rightarrow \sin x = \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{1}{2}, f(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{3}{4} \min$

$\sin x = 1 \rightarrow y = 1$ $\sin x = -1 \rightarrow y = 3 \rightarrow R_f = [\frac{3}{4}, 3]$

ب) $y = \sin^2 x + \sin^2 x + 1 = (\sin^2 x) + \sin^2 x + 1$

$\rightarrow \sin^2 x = \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x$ $\sin^2 x = 0 \rightarrow y = 1 \min$ $\Rightarrow R_f = [1, 3]$

$\sin^2 x = 1 \rightarrow y = 3 \max$