

برای حل مسئله، معادله را به صورت زیر درآوریم

$$1) \quad -\frac{1}{2} \leq x-2 \leq \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{5}{2}$$

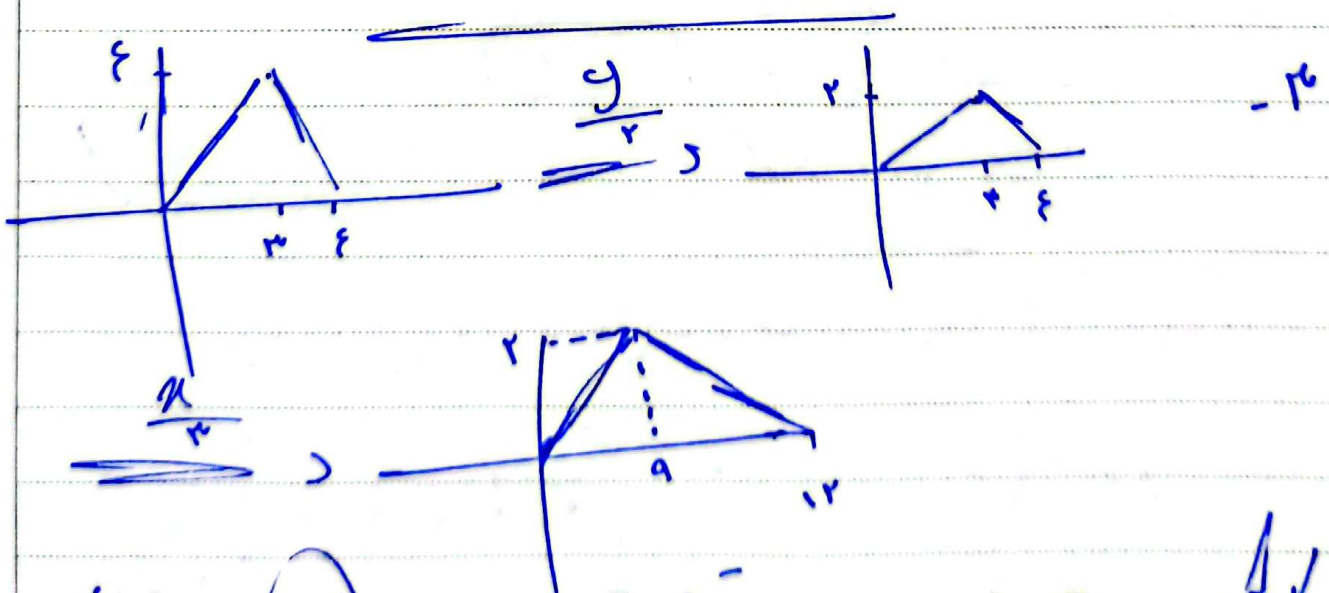
$$2) \quad x-2 \leq -2 \Rightarrow x \leq 0$$

$$f(x) = x\sqrt{x-2} \quad \text{و} \quad f(x) = x-2\sqrt{x-2}$$

$$\text{برای یافتن نقاط بحرانی، مشتق را می‌گیریم:}$$

$$y-2+\sqrt{y-2} \Rightarrow y-2+\frac{1}{2\sqrt{y-2}} = 0 \Rightarrow y=2$$

$$\Rightarrow y=2 \Rightarrow x=2$$



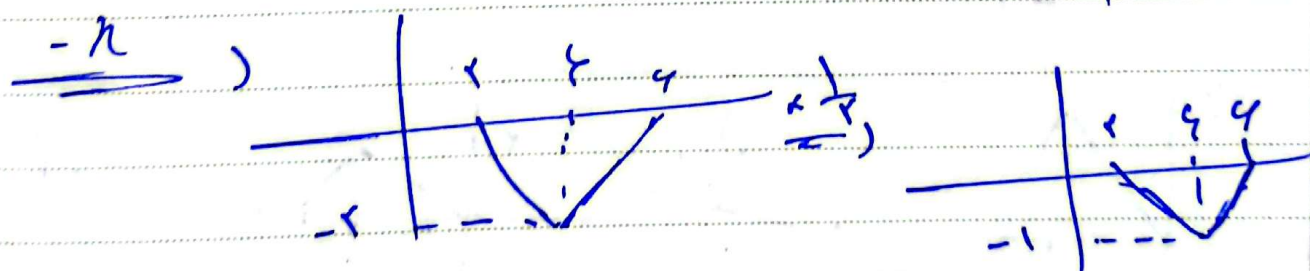
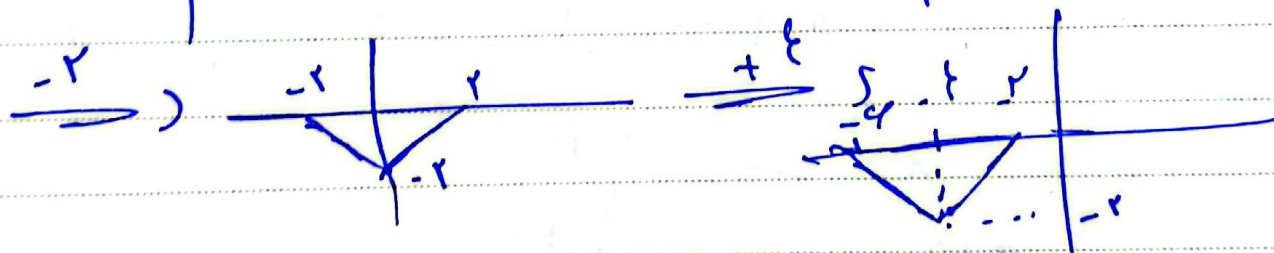
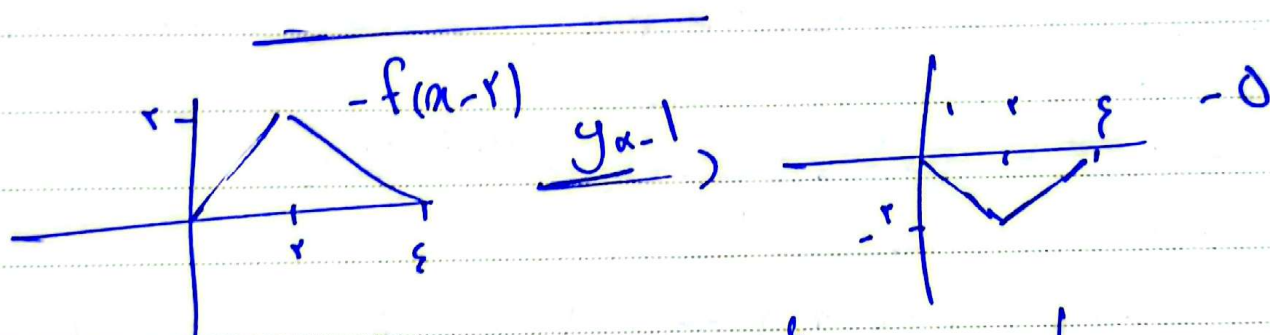
این عملیات برای یافتن نقاط بحرانی و در نهایت ایجاد نمودار می‌باشد.

$$f\left(\frac{x-a}{r}\right) = \frac{y-a}{r} \Rightarrow f(x') = \frac{x-a-\Lambda}{r}, \quad -r \leq$$

$$\Rightarrow x-a-\Lambda \geq -r \Rightarrow x-a-\Lambda \geq -r \Rightarrow \underline{x-a-\Lambda \geq -r}$$

$$y = x' - \Lambda \geq x\left(\frac{x-a}{r}\right) - \Lambda \Rightarrow x-a-\Lambda \geq -r$$

$$\Rightarrow x-a \geq x\left(\frac{x-a}{r}\right) - \Lambda \Rightarrow x \geq x\left(\frac{x-a}{r}\right) - \Lambda \Rightarrow x \geq x\left(\frac{x-a}{r}\right) - \Lambda$$



$$\sqrt{-(x+r)f(x-1)} \Rightarrow -(x+r)f(x-1) \geq 0 \quad -4$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+r)f(x-1) \leq 0 \quad -5$$

$$\Rightarrow D_y f(x, 0) \in [1, r] \Rightarrow$$

Graph of a function $f(x-1)$ showing a curve with a minimum at $x=1$ and a maximum at $x=r$.

$$S_1 = \frac{(a-r)(a-r)}{r} = \frac{a^2 - 2ar + r^2}{r} \quad -1.$$

$$S_1 = \frac{1}{r} \cdot \frac{a^2 - 2ar + r^2}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 - 2ar + r^2 = r \quad \Rightarrow (a-1)(a-r) = 0 \quad a \neq 1$$

$$\Rightarrow f(x) = |x-r| = r$$

$$\Rightarrow f\left(\frac{r}{a}\right) = \left|\frac{r}{a} - r\right| = r = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r}{a}$$