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نام و نام خانوادگی طاهره جوی پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۱ کلاس دوازدهم سر A

$$D_{g \circ f} = \{n \mid n \in D_f, f(n) \in D_g\} \quad D_f \begin{cases} n-1 > 0 \rightarrow n > 1 \\ \log \frac{n-1}{2} > 0 \rightarrow n-1 > 1 \rightarrow n > 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow n \geq 2$$

$$D_g: -n^2 + (n-1) \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(n-1)^2}{4} \geq 0 \Rightarrow n=2 \Rightarrow f(n)=2 = \sqrt{\log \frac{n-1}{2}}$$

$$\rightarrow 1 = \log \frac{n-1}{2} \rightarrow n-1 = 2^1 = 2 \rightarrow D_{f \circ g} = \{1, 2\}$$

$\downarrow$
 $n=1$

$$f \circ g(n) = 2n^2 - 4n + 14 - 2 = 2n^2 - 4n + 12$$

$$g \circ f(n) = (2n-2)^2 - 2(2n-2) + 1 = 4n^2 - 8n + 4$$

$$f \circ g(n) = g \circ f(n) \Rightarrow 2n^2 - 4n + 12 = 4n^2 - 8n + 4 \rightarrow 2n^2 - 4n - 8 = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} n_1 + n_2 &= -\frac{-4}{2} = 2 \\ n_1 \cdot n_2 &= \frac{-8}{2} = -4 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow (n_1 + n_2)^2 - 4n_1 n_2 = n_1^2 + n_2^2 = (2)^2 - 2(-4) = 20$$

$$f(n) = 2n = t \rightarrow \frac{t}{2} = n \rightarrow g(t) = 2\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)^2 + 11 = \frac{t^2}{2} + 11$$

$$\rightarrow g(n-1) = \frac{2(n^2 - 1) + 22}{2} = \frac{2n^2 - 2 + 22}{2} = \frac{2n^2 + 20}{2} \rightarrow -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{20}{2} = -10$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2(19) - 20(10) + 22}{2} = -10$$

$$3g(n) - 1 = 3n^2 - 4n - 1 \rightarrow 3g(n) = 3n^2 - 4n + 2 \rightarrow g(n) = n^2 - \frac{4}{3}n + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$g \circ f(n) = (3n-1)^2 - 2(3n-1) + 1 = 9n^2 - 6n + 1$$

$$f - g(n) = -n + 2, \quad f \circ g(n) = \frac{2n}{-1} + 2, \quad g(n) = \frac{2}{-1}f(n) + 2$$

$$\rightarrow f - g(n) = f(n) - \left[\frac{2}{-1}f(n) + 2\right] = -\frac{f(n)}{-1} + 2 = -n + 2 \rightarrow f(n) = 2n + 1$$

$$\rightarrow g(n) = 3n - 1 \rightarrow f \circ g(n) = 2[3n - 1] + 1 = 6n - 1 = \frac{2}{-1} + 2$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = -\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$f \circ g(n) = n^r$$

$$g \circ f(n) = rn$$

مربعه ←

$$f \circ g(n) - g \circ f(n) \leq 0 \rightarrow n^r - rn \leq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq n \leq r$$

$$f\left(\frac{n^r - r}{n}\right) = f\left(n - \frac{r}{n}\right) = \left(n^r + \frac{r}{n^r} - r\right) + \left(n - \frac{r}{n}\right)$$

$$f\left(n - \frac{r}{n}\right) = \left(n - \frac{r}{n}\right)^r + \left(n - \frac{r}{n}\right) \rightarrow f(n) = n^r + n$$

$$f \circ g(n) = \log_r^{1n - n^r} \rightarrow 1n - n^r > 0 \rightarrow D_{f \circ g} = (0, 1) = A$$

$$1n - n^r \xrightarrow{D_{f \circ g}} 0 < 1n - n^r \leq 1r \rightarrow \log_r^{1n - n^r} \leq r \rightarrow R_{f \circ g} = (-\infty, r] = B$$

$$A \cap B = (0, r] \Rightarrow \{1, 2, 3, r\} \rightarrow \checkmark$$

$$f(n) = 1 - rn^r$$

$$h(g(n)) = n^r - rn^r + \Delta n - r$$

مربعه ←

$$n^r = -\Delta n + r$$

$$h(g(n)) = f(n) \rightarrow n^r - rn^r + \Delta n - r = 1 - rn^r$$

$$f(n) = r \rightarrow n - \frac{r}{n} = r \rightarrow n^r - r = rn \rightarrow n^r - rn - r = 0 \rightarrow (n - r)(n + 1) = 0$$

$$n = r \leq n = 1$$

$$\rightarrow g(r) = 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} n = r \rightarrow g(r) = \alpha \times r^r + r \times r = r(\alpha + 1) = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = 0} \end{cases}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} n = -1 \rightarrow g(r) = \alpha \times (-1)^r - r = -\alpha - r = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = -10} \end{cases}$$