

$$D_{g \circ f} = \{n \mid n \in D_f, f(n) \in D_g\} \quad D_f \begin{cases} x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \\ \log \frac{x-1}{2} > 0 \rightarrow x-1 > 1 \rightarrow x > 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow x \geq 2$$

$$D_g: -n^2 + (n-1) \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(n-1)^2}{4} \geq 0 \Rightarrow n=2 \Rightarrow f(n)=2 = \sqrt{\log \frac{n-1}{2}} \\ \rightarrow \zeta = \log \frac{n-1}{2} \rightarrow n-1 = 2^\zeta = 14 \rightarrow D_{f \circ g} = \{14\} \\ \downarrow \\ n=14$$

$$f \circ g(n) = 2n^2 - 4n + 14 - \Delta = 2n^2 - 4n + 11$$

$$g \circ f(n) = (2n-1)^2 - 2(2n-1) + 1 = 4n^2 - 4n + 1$$

$$f \circ g(n) = g \circ f(n) \Rightarrow 2n^2 - 4n + 11 = 4n^2 - 4n + 1 \rightarrow 2n^2 - 4n + 10 = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} n_1 + n_2 &= -\frac{-4}{2} = 2 \\ n_1 \cdot n_2 &= \frac{10}{2} \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow (n_1 + n_2)^2 - 4n_1 n_2 = n_1^2 + n_2^2 = (2)^2 - 2(10) = -16$$

$$f(n) = 2n = t \rightarrow \frac{t}{2} = n \rightarrow g(t) = \Delta \left(\frac{t}{2} \right)^2 + 11 = \frac{\Delta t^2}{4} + 11$$

$$\rightarrow g(n-1) = \frac{\Delta(n^2 - 1) + 44}{4} = \frac{\Delta n^2 - \Delta + 44}{4} \rightarrow -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{\frac{\Delta}{4}}{\frac{\Delta}{4}} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\Delta(1) - \Delta + 44}{4} = 11$$

$$3g(n) - \zeta = 3n^2 - 4n - 1 \rightarrow 3g(n) = 3n^2 - 4n + 2 \rightarrow g(n) = n^2 - \frac{4}{3}n + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$g \circ f(n) = (3n-\zeta)^2 - 2(3n-\zeta) + 1 = 9n^2 - 12n + 2\zeta + 1$$

$$f \circ g(n) = -n + \Delta, \quad f \circ g(n) = \frac{2n}{-a} + 2, \quad g(n) = \frac{2}{3}f(n) - 1$$

$$\rightarrow f \circ g(n) = f(n) - \left[\frac{2}{3}f(n) - 1 \right] = -\frac{f(n)}{3} + 1 = -n + \Delta \rightarrow f(n) = 3n + \zeta$$

$$\rightarrow g(n) = 3n - 1 \rightarrow f \circ g(n) = 2[3n-1] + \zeta = 6n + \zeta - 2 = \frac{2}{-a} + 2$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{a = -\frac{1}{3}}$$

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$f \circ g(n) = \log_r \frac{1}{r^{n-n^r}} \rightarrow 1n-n^r > 0 \rightarrow D_{f \circ g} = (0, 1) = A$ $1n-n^r \xrightarrow{D_{f \circ g}} 0 < 1n-n^r \leq 1 \rightarrow \log_r \frac{1}{r^{n-n^r}} \leq 1 \rightarrow R_{f \circ g} = (-\infty, 1] = B$ $A \cap B = (0, 1] \Rightarrow \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \rightarrow 17$	8
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$f(n) = 2 \rightarrow n - \frac{2}{n} = 2 \rightarrow n^2 - 2 = 2n \rightarrow n^2 - 2n - 2 = 0 \rightarrow (n-2)(n+1) = 0$ $\rightarrow g(2) = 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} n=2 \rightarrow g(2) = \alpha \times 2^2 + 2 \times 2 = 4\alpha + 4 = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = -1} \\ \downarrow \\ n=-1 \rightarrow g(2) = \alpha \times (-1)^2 - 2 = -\alpha - 2 = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = -3} \end{cases}$	10