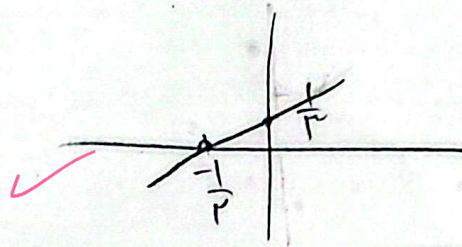


۲۰ آفرین 😊

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{2} \quad f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$+\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{27}$$



۲

الف) یک به یک

$$y = (x-1)^2 + 2 \rightarrow y-2 = (x-1)^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{y-2} = |x-1|$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{y-2} = x-1 \rightarrow x = \sqrt{y-2} + 1 \rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = \sqrt{y-2} + 1$$

$x \geq 1$

ب) یک به یک

$$y = (x-1)^2 + 2 \rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = \sqrt{y-2} + 1$$

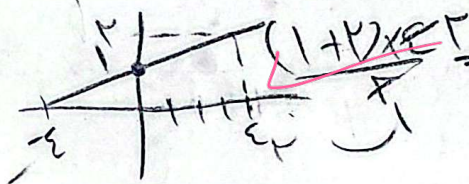
$x \geq 1$

$$f(x) = 2x - \sqrt{6x^2 - 4x + 19} \rightarrow f(x) = 2x - \sqrt{(3x-2)^2} = 2x - |3x-2|$$

$$\begin{cases} x \geq \frac{2}{3} \rightarrow 2x - (3x-2) = -x + 2 \\ x \leq \frac{2}{3} \rightarrow 2x - (2-3x) = 5x - 2 \end{cases}$$

$$f(x) = 5x - 2 \quad x \leq \frac{2}{3}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+2}{5} \quad x \leq \frac{2}{3}$$



۲

$$g^x = g^y$$

$$\frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 - 1}} = \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 - 1}} \rightarrow \frac{x_1^2}{x_1^2 - 1} = \frac{x_2^2}{x_2^2 - 1} \rightarrow x_1^2 x_2^2 - x_2^2 = x_1^2 x_2^2 - x_1^2$$

$$x_1^2 = x_2^2 \rightarrow x_1 = x_2$$

$$\frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 - 1}} = \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 - 1}}$$

$$x_1 = x_2$$

$$g^x = \frac{x^2}{x^2 - 1} \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{g^x}{g^x - 1} \rightarrow |x| = \frac{\sqrt{g^x}}{\sqrt{g^x - 1}} \rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{g^x}}{\sqrt{g^x - 1}} \rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{y-1}}$$

۲

$$x = y \begin{cases} \rightarrow \varepsilon - \lambda + k \\ \rightarrow -\varepsilon + 12 + 13k \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x + k \geq -\varepsilon + 12 + 13k \\ -13k \geq 12 \end{cases} \rightarrow \boxed{k \leq -9}$$

-9

$$f \begin{cases} \varepsilon_n & n \geq 0 \\ 12n & n < 0 \end{cases} \quad f^{-1} \begin{cases} \frac{n}{\varepsilon} & n \geq 0 \\ \frac{n}{12} & n < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{n}{\varepsilon} + \frac{n}{12}}{1} - \frac{\frac{n}{12} - \frac{n}{\varepsilon}}{1} |n|$$

$$f^{-1} = \frac{1}{\lambda} x - \frac{1}{\lambda} |x| \rightarrow a \times b = \frac{1}{9\varepsilon}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{9x}{x+m} = -1 \rightarrow 1 = -1 - m \rightarrow m = -2 \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{9x+2}{x-2} \rightarrow f = f^{-1}$$

$$x + f(x) = x + \frac{9x+2}{x-2} = x \rightarrow \frac{9x+2}{x-2} = 0 \rightarrow x = -\frac{2}{9}$$

$$f^{-1}(f(x)) = f^{-1}(x - g(x)) \rightarrow 1 - 2x = f^{-1}(-2)$$

$$1 - g(x) = -2 + g(x) = -1 \rightarrow g(x) = 0$$

$$g(x) = 0$$

$$g(x) = 0 \rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = 12x$$

$$f^{-1}(-2) + g(x) = 12x + 2 = 13$$

$$g = \frac{2x+13}{1-x} \xrightarrow{\text{multiplying by } -1} -\left(\frac{2x+13}{1-x}\right) = \frac{2x+13}{x-1} \xrightarrow{\text{multiplying by } x-1} \frac{2(x-1)+13}{x-1} = \frac{2x+11}{x-1}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{multiplying by } x-1} \frac{2x+11}{x-1} - 13 = \frac{2x+11-13(x-1)}{x-1} = \frac{14-x}{x-1}$$

$$f(x) = f^{-1}(x) \rightarrow f(x) = x$$

$$14-x = x-1$$

$$14-x = x-1$$

$$14-x = x-1 \rightarrow x = 7.5$$

نقد صبی

$$\frac{d}{dt} [y] = [y] \rightarrow [y] = [x + \xi[x]] = 0[x] = [y] \neq [y]$$

$$x = y - \xi[y] \rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} x = \frac{d}{dt} [y - \xi[y]]$$

$$x + \xi[x] - x + \xi[x] = \frac{d}{dt} x = \frac{d}{dt} [y - \xi[y]] = \xi[x]$$

قوله (Sudh)