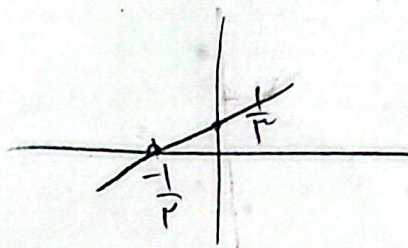


$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x - \frac{1}{2} \quad f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$+\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$



الف) یک به یک

$$y = (x-1)^2 + 2 \rightarrow y-2 = (x-1)^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{y-2} = |x-1|$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{y-2} = x-1 \rightarrow x = \sqrt{y-2} + 1 \rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = \sqrt{y-2} + 1$$

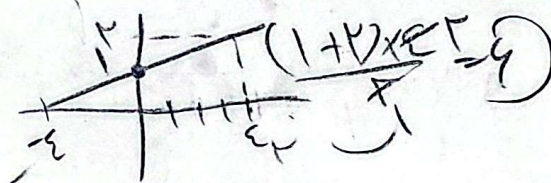
ب) یک به یک

$$y = (x-1)^2 + 2 \rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = \sqrt{y-2} + 1$$

$$f(x) = 2x - \sqrt{6x^2 - 4x + 15} \rightarrow f(x) = 2x - \sqrt{(3x-2)^2} = 2x - |3x-2|$$

$$f(x) = 3x - 2 \quad x \leq 2$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+2}{3} \quad x \leq 2$$



$$g^x = g^y$$

$$\frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 - a}} = \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 - a}} \rightarrow \frac{x_1^2}{x_1^2 - a} = \frac{x_2^2}{x_2^2 - a} \rightarrow x_1^2(x_2^2 - a) = x_2^2(x_1^2 - a)$$

$$\frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 - a}} = \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_2^2 - a}}$$

$$x_1 = x_2$$

$$g^x = \frac{x^2}{x^2 - a} \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{a y^2}{y^2 - 1} \rightarrow |x| = \frac{\sqrt{a} |y|}{\sqrt{y^2 - 1}} \rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{a} y}{\sqrt{y^2 - 1}} \rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = \frac{\sqrt{a} y}{\sqrt{y^2 - 1}}$$

$$x = y \begin{cases} \rightarrow \varepsilon - 1 + k \\ \rightarrow -1 + 12 + 13k \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x + k \\ -13k \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \varepsilon - 1 + k \\ -1 + 12 + 13k \end{cases}$$

$$-13k \geq 12$$

$$k \leq -1$$

-9

$$f \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \varepsilon & x \geq 0 \\ 12 & x < 0 \end{cases} \end{cases} \quad f^{-1} \begin{cases} \begin{cases} \frac{x}{\varepsilon} & x \geq 0 \\ \frac{x}{12} & x < 0 \end{cases} \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{\frac{x}{\varepsilon} + 12}{1} - \frac{\frac{x}{12} - 12}{1} |x|$$

$$f^{-1} = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} x - \frac{1}{12} |x| \rightarrow a \times b = \frac{1}{96}$$

-9

$$f(x) = \frac{9x + 1}{x + 1} \rightarrow 1 = -1 - m \rightarrow m = -1 \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{10x + 1}{x - 1} \rightarrow f = f^{-1}$$

-9

$$x + f(x) = x + \frac{10x + 1}{x - 1} = x \rightarrow \frac{10x + 1}{x - 1} = 0 \rightarrow x = -\frac{1}{10}$$

$$f^{-1}(f(x)) = f^{-1}(x - g(x)) \rightarrow 1 - 2x = f^{-1}(-1)$$

$$x - g(x) = -1 + g(x) = 1$$

$$g(x) = 1$$

$$g(1) = 1 \rightarrow 1 - g^{-1}(1) = 2x$$

$$f^{-1}(-1) + g^{-1}(1) = 1 - 2x + 1 = 2$$

-9

$$g = \frac{10x + 1}{1 - x} \xrightarrow{\text{division}} - \left(\frac{-10x + 1}{1 + x} \right) = \frac{10x + 1}{1 + x} \xrightarrow{\text{division}} \frac{10(x - 1) + 11}{1 + (x - 1)} = \frac{10x - 9}{x}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{division}} \frac{10x + 1}{x - 1} - 10 = \frac{10x + 1 - 10x + 10}{x - 1} = \frac{11}{x - 1}$$

$$f(x) = f^{-1}(x) \rightarrow f(x) = x$$

$$10x + 1 = x^2 - 1$$

$$x^2 - 10x - 2 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = \frac{-(-10)}{1} = 10$$

نقد صبی

$$y = x + \xi[n] \rightarrow (y) = [x + \xi[n]] = 0[n] = [y] \neq [g]$$

+

$$\frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{1}{1} = x - \xi[n]$$

$$x + \xi[n] - x + \xi[n] = \frac{0}{0} = \frac{1 \xi[n]}{0} = \xi[n]$$

قوله (Sudh)