

$$f(x) = x + 2\sqrt{x} \rightarrow f(x) = (\sqrt{x+1})^2 - 1 \rightarrow x \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow y+1 = (\sqrt{x}+1)^2 \rightarrow \pm\sqrt{y+1} = \sqrt{x}+1 \xrightarrow{\sqrt{x+1} \geq 0} \sqrt{y+1} - 1 = \sqrt{x}$$

$$\pm(\sqrt{y+1}-1)^2 = x \xrightarrow{x \geq 0} (\sqrt{y+1}-1)^2 = x \rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = (\sqrt{x+1}-1)^2$$

$$\rightarrow (\sqrt{x+1})^2 - 1 = f(x) \quad x \geq 0 \rightarrow (\sqrt{x+1})^2 \geq 1 \rightarrow f(x) \geq 0 \rightarrow R_f = P_f = [0, +\infty)$$

$$y = x - 1 + 2\sqrt{x}$$

$\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{البرصی}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\text{البرصی}} \quad \underbrace{\quad}_{\text{البرصی}}$

$2\sqrt{x} + x - 1 = x \rightarrow 2\sqrt{x} \geq 1$
 با جمع طرفین و
 تقسیم بر 2
 $\sqrt{x} \geq \frac{1}{2}$

$$\rightarrow x \geq 0 \rightarrow \text{نقطه برخورد (0,0) است} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{انقطاع}}$$

$$f(x) = x^3 + \varepsilon x \rightarrow y = \sqrt[3]{f^{-1}(x) - \varepsilon x}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) - \varepsilon x \geq 0 \rightarrow f^{-1}(x) \geq \varepsilon x \xrightarrow{\text{در دو طرف توان 3 بگیریم}} f^{-1}(x)^3 \geq \varepsilon^3 x^3$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{x^3 + \varepsilon x}{x^3} = 1 + \frac{\varepsilon}{x^2} \rightarrow f^{-1}(x) = x \rightarrow x \geq x^3 + \varepsilon x$$

$$x^3 + \varepsilon x \leq 0 \rightarrow x(x^2 + \varepsilon) \leq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 0 \rightarrow \text{بی نهایت}$$

$$f(x) = x - x + \sqrt{x+1} \quad x \geq -1 \rightarrow \text{فردینیت سنجار اول} \rightarrow f^{-1}(x+\varepsilon) = g(x)$$

$$g(x) = f^{-1}(x+\varepsilon) = x - \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow f(x - \frac{3}{2}) = x + \varepsilon \rightarrow -x + \frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{x+1} = x + \varepsilon$$

$$\sqrt{x+1} \geq 2x+1 \xrightarrow{\text{توان 2 بگیریم}} x+1 \geq 4x^2+4x+1 \rightarrow \varepsilon x^2 + 3x \geq 0 \rightarrow x(\varepsilon x + 3) \geq 0$$

$$x \geq -\frac{3}{\varepsilon} \rightarrow D_f \geq -\frac{3}{\varepsilon} \Rightarrow R_f = [-\frac{3}{\varepsilon}, +\infty) \quad f^{-1}(x+\varepsilon) = x - \frac{3}{2} \quad \alpha = -\frac{3}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\rightarrow x \geq 0 \quad f^{-1}(x) = -\frac{3}{2} \quad x = -\frac{3}{\varepsilon} \rightarrow f^{-1}(\varepsilon - \frac{3}{\varepsilon}) = -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{\varepsilon} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{البرص در دایره}}$$

$$\rightarrow f \circ f(x) = f^{-1} \circ f(x) \rightarrow D_{f \circ f} = D_f = x \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow f \circ f(x) = x \quad x \geq 0$$