

1

$$A = 180 - (B + C) \Rightarrow A = 40^\circ \quad \sin 40^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$$

$$\frac{BC}{\sin A} = \frac{AC}{\sin B} = \frac{AB}{\sin C}$$

$$\frac{r}{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}} = \frac{r \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \sin B = \frac{r \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \times \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \Rightarrow B = 40^\circ$$

و چون $B = 40^\circ$ و $A = 40^\circ$ پس $AC = BC$

2

$$C.D = (40 + 40 + 40 + 40 + 40) = 200$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$\frac{\sin 40^\circ}{r} = \frac{\sin 40^\circ}{r} = \frac{\sin 40^\circ}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

3

$$(b^2 - r^2) \frac{\sin C}{\sin B} = c$$

$$\frac{c}{\sin C} = \frac{b^2 - r^2}{\sin B}$$

$$\frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{b^2 - r^2}{\sin B}$$

$$b^2 - r^2 = b^2 - b^2 - r^2 = -r^2$$

$$(b - r)(b + r) = -r^2$$

$$\frac{r}{b} = \frac{r}{b}$$

$$b = r$$

4

$$AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2 - 2AB \cdot BC \cdot \cos B$$

$$149 = 100 + 100 - 2 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot \cos B \Rightarrow \cos B = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow B = 60^\circ$$

$$\sin B = \frac{4}{5} \Rightarrow \sin 60^\circ = \frac{4}{5}$$

5

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$149 = 100 + 100 - 2 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot \cos A \Rightarrow \cos A = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow A = 60^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$\frac{\sin 60^\circ}{a} = \frac{\sin 60^\circ}{b} = \frac{\sin 60^\circ}{c}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{c}$$

$$a = b = c$$

$$f = f + (1 - \Gamma) \times |f_c| \times C.S.A \approx C.A \approx 7$$

$$DE^T = \Delta E^T + AB^T - \Gamma \Delta E^T + AD C.S.A$$

$$14 + 14 - 17 = 11 \Rightarrow DE = \sqrt{E} \Rightarrow \boxed{DE = \sqrt{11}}$$

$$BC^T = AB^T + AC^T - \Gamma AD \times AC.S.A = 14 + 14 - 1 \times 14 \times 14 \Rightarrow BC = \sqrt{14}$$

$$S = AC \times AB \times \sin A \approx \frac{1}{2} = 14 \times 14 \times \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{10}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma bc + b^T + c^T - b^T c^T + \Gamma bc C.S.A}{bc C.S.A + bc} = \frac{\Gamma bc + \Gamma bc C.S.A}{bc C.S.A + bc} = \boxed{2}$$

$$a^T + b^T - c^T = a^T + a^T - a^T c$$

$$b^T - c^T = a^T(b - c) \Rightarrow (b - c)(b^T + c^T + bc) = (b - c)(a^T)$$

$$\Rightarrow a^T(b^T + c^T + bc) = b^T + c^T + \Gamma bc C.S.A \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{C.S.A = -\frac{1}{\Gamma}} \Rightarrow \boxed{A = 180^\circ}$$

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} AB \times AC \times \sin A = \frac{1}{\Gamma} (b - c \cos \theta)(1 + \Gamma c \cos \theta) = \frac{1}{\Gamma} (b - c \cos \theta)(1 + \Gamma c \cos \theta) = 1$$

$$\Gamma + \Gamma c \cos \theta - c \cos \theta - \Gamma c \cos \theta = \Gamma \Rightarrow \Gamma c \cos \theta = \Gamma c \cos \theta + 1$$

$$bc^T = AB^T + AC^T - \Gamma \times \frac{1}{\Gamma} \times 1 = 14 + 14 - 14 \cos \theta = 14(2 - \cos \theta)$$

$$\boxed{14 \cos \theta + 1 = 14 \sqrt{2}}$$