

Diagram of triangle ABC with side AB = $r_0 \sqrt{5}$, side BC = r , and angle A = 7° .

$$\frac{r_0 \sqrt{5}}{\sin B} = \frac{r}{\sin 7^\circ} \rightarrow \frac{r_0 \sqrt{5}}{\sin B} = \frac{r}{\sin 7^\circ}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{r \sin 7^\circ}{r_0 \sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow \boxed{B = 7^\circ}$$

$$\boxed{C = 90^\circ}$$

Diagram of a quadrilateral ABCD with diagonal AC. Side AB = r , side BC = r , side CD = r , and side DA = r . Angle B = 7° , angle D = 7° .

$$\frac{AC}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{CD}{\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow \frac{AC}{\sqrt{r}} = r \rightarrow \boxed{AC = r\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\rightarrow x = \sqrt{r} \times r \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \boxed{r}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{x = r}$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C} \rightarrow \frac{\sin C}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{b}$$

$$\rightarrow (b^2 - r) \frac{c}{b} = c \rightarrow b^2 - r = b$$

$$\rightarrow b^2 - b - r = 0$$

$$\frac{1 \pm r}{r} = -1 \rightarrow \boxed{r = 0}$$

$$S = \sqrt{P(P-a)(P-b)(P-c)} = \sqrt{\frac{r}{2} \times \frac{r}{2} \times \frac{r}{2} \times \frac{r}{2}} = \frac{r}{2} \times \frac{r}{2} = \frac{r^2}{4}$$

$$\rightarrow r \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sin B = \frac{r^2}{4} \rightarrow \sin B = \frac{r^2}{r \times \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{r}{1} = \boxed{\frac{r}{1}}$$

Diagram of triangle ABC with side AB = $r + r\sqrt{r}$, side BC = r , and side AC = r . Angle A = 7° .

$$a^2 = AB^2 + AC^2 - 2 \times AB \times AC \times \cos 7^\circ$$

$$\rightarrow a^2 = (r + r\sqrt{r})^2 + r^2 - 2 \times (r + r\sqrt{r}) \times r \times \cos 7^\circ$$

$$\rightarrow a^2 = r^2 \rightarrow \boxed{a = r\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\frac{r}{\sin B} = \frac{r}{\sin 7^\circ} \rightarrow \sin B = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \sin B = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \boxed{B = 90^\circ}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{C = 90^\circ}$$

$$F = 1 + \frac{F}{\omega} - 2 \times 2 \times 1 \times \cos \theta$$

$$\rightarrow -F \cos \theta = 1 \rightarrow \boxed{\cos \theta = -\frac{1}{F}}$$

$$DE^2 = 19 + 13 - 2 \times 2 \times 9 \times \frac{1}{F} \rightarrow \boxed{DE = 2\sqrt{11}}$$

$$BC^2 = 2\omega + 4F - 2 \times \omega \times \frac{F}{F}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{BC = \sqrt{11}}$$

$$\frac{1}{F} \times \frac{\sqrt{11}}{F} \times \frac{F}{F} \times \omega = \boxed{1 \cdot \sqrt{11}}$$

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$$b^2 + c^2 + 2bc - b^2 - c^2 + 2cb \cos A = \frac{2bc(1 + \cos A)}{bc(1 + \cos A)} = \boxed{2} \quad \text{--- } \wedge$$

$$a^2 + b^2 - c^2 = a^2 + a^2 b - a^2 c$$

$$\rightarrow b^2 - c^2 = a^2(b - c)$$

$$\rightarrow (b - c)(b^2 + bc + c^2) = a^2(b - c) \rightarrow a^2 = b^2 + c^2 + bc$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 + 2bc \cos A$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\cos A = -\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{F} \times \frac{1}{F} \times (F - \cos) (1 + F \cos) = \wedge$$

$$F + 9 \cos - \cos - F \cos^2 = \wedge \rightarrow F \cos^2 - \wedge \cos + \omega = 0$$

$$\frac{\wedge \pm \sqrt{\wedge^2 - 4F\omega}}{2F} = \boxed{\cos \theta = 1}$$

$$\rightarrow AB = \sqrt{11}$$

$$\boxed{AC = 5}$$

$$BC^2 = F + 19 - 2 \times 2 \times F \times \frac{\sqrt{11}}{F}$$

$$\boxed{BC = \sqrt{10 - 4\sqrt{11}}}$$

$$\rightarrow BC^2 = a^2 = 10 - 4\sqrt{11}$$