

Subject:

Year : Month : Day : ()

روز چهارم

$$\tan(-\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{6}) = 1 = B \quad T = \frac{R}{|u|} = \frac{R}{|v|} = AC \quad \frac{R}{v} \times 1 = \frac{R}{v} \quad (1)$$

$$x^2 \sin x - \frac{1}{x} \cos^2 x = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{x} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{R}{q} - \frac{R}{p} \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{x} \underbrace{\cos^2 \alpha}_{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{R}{q} - \frac{R}{p} \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x} \sin^2 \alpha =$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \sin^2 \alpha - \frac{R}{p} \sin \alpha + \frac{1}{x} = 0 \Rightarrow 9 \sin^2 \alpha - 2 \sin \alpha + 1 = 0 \quad \frac{2 \pm 1}{1} \rightarrow \frac{3}{1} \times \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{8}{9} \Rightarrow 1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{9}{8}$$

$$\log^{\sin \alpha} - \log^{-\cos \alpha} = \log^R \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha} = R \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = -R \cos \alpha \quad (3)$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{10} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt{10}} = \frac{4}{3\sqrt{10}}$$

$$\underbrace{(\sin^2 \theta)^R}_{1 - \cos^2 \theta} + \cos^2 \theta = \frac{R}{\omega} \Rightarrow 1 + \cos^2 \theta + R \cos^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = \frac{R}{\omega} \quad (4)$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = 0 \Rightarrow \omega^R - \omega - \frac{1}{\omega} = 0 \Rightarrow \omega^R - \omega - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{\omega \pm 3\sqrt{\omega}}{10}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 \alpha - 1}{\cos^2 \alpha} > 0 \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha < 0 \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{\sin(\pi + \cos \alpha)}{\pi - \cos \alpha} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha (\pi + \cos \alpha)}{\pi \sin^2 \alpha} < 0 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

روز پنجم

$$\frac{r}{\sin \alpha} + \frac{r}{\cos \alpha} = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r \cos \alpha + r \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = 0 \Rightarrow r \cos \alpha + r \sin \alpha = 0 \quad (9)$$

$$\cos \alpha = -\frac{r \sin \alpha}{r}$$

$$\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{-\frac{r}{r} \sin \alpha} = -\frac{r}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = -\frac{1r}{r}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \sin 2\alpha}}{\sin 2\alpha + \sin 1\alpha} \Rightarrow 1 + \sin 2\alpha = \sin^2 \alpha + \sin 2\alpha = r \sin \alpha \times \cos \alpha \quad (V)$$

$$= r \cos^2(\alpha_0) \times \cos^2 \alpha_0 = r \cos^2 \alpha_0$$

$$\sin 2\alpha + \sin 1\alpha = r \sin \alpha_0 + \cos \alpha_0 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{r \cos \alpha_0}}{\cos \alpha_0} \quad \sqrt{r}$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \cos 1\alpha \quad \frac{-\sin^2 \alpha_0 + \cos^2 \alpha_0}{r \cos^2 \alpha_0} = \cos \alpha_0 \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{1 - \tan^2 \alpha_0}{1 + \tan^2 \alpha_0} = \cos \alpha_0 \quad \cos 1\alpha \times \cos \alpha_0 \times \cos \alpha_0 + \frac{\sin 1\alpha}{\sin 1\alpha}$$

$$\sin \alpha + r \cos \alpha = r - \sin \alpha \quad (9)$$

$$1 r \cos \alpha = 1 - r \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{\Delta \cos^2 \alpha - \Delta \sin^2 \alpha}{1 - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{1 + r \sin \alpha}{-r + r \sin \alpha - 1 \sin^2 \alpha} \quad (15)$$

$$-1 \sin^2 \alpha + r \sin \alpha - r$$

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{r} (\cos(\alpha - \beta) - \cos(\alpha + \beta)) \Rightarrow \sin \beta - \sin \alpha \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{1}{r} (\cos \alpha (B - C) - \cos(B + C))$$

$$\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = \frac{1}{r} (\cos(\alpha + \beta)) + \cos(\alpha - \beta) + \cos \frac{\alpha}{r} + \cos \frac{\alpha}{r} = \frac{1}{r} (\cos \alpha + 1) \quad (20)$$

$$A + B + C = 180^\circ \quad \frac{1}{r} \cos A + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \cos C + A + \frac{1}{r} \cos A \Rightarrow \cos C \times A = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow r C + A = 180^\circ$$

$$A = 180^\circ - 1 r r = r r$$

$$C + B = 1 r$$