

14, 2

1

$$T = \left| \frac{\pi}{-r} \right|$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{x}\right) = 1$$

$$\frac{\pi}{x} \times 1 \times \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\pi}{x}$$

سقطان؟

$$\frac{r}{q} - \frac{r}{w} \sin \alpha - \frac{1}{r} \cos^2 \alpha = 0$$

2

$$19 - 2r \sin \alpha - \frac{9 \cos^2 \alpha}{4 \sin^2 - 9} = 0$$

$$\sin^2 + \cos^2 = 1$$

$$\sin^2 + 1 = -\cos^2$$

$$4 \sin^2 - 2r \sin + v = 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 - 2r \sin + 9w = 0$$



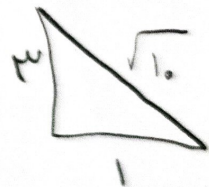
$$\tan = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1}} \rightarrow \tan^2 = \frac{1}{1} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{q} = \frac{1}{w} \frac{r}{q} \times$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{1} = \frac{9}{1}$$

$$\log \frac{\sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha} = \log w$$

$$\sin \alpha = -r \cos \alpha$$

$$\frac{\sin}{\cos} = \tan = -r$$



$$\frac{r}{\sqrt{1_0}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1_0}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{1_0}} = \frac{r \sqrt{1_0}}{1_0} = \frac{2 \sqrt{1_0}}{2}$$

$$2 \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = \frac{r}{a}$$

$$\sin^2 = \frac{1 - \cos^2 \theta}{2}$$

$$\frac{r + r \cos^2 \theta}{r} + \frac{1 + \cos^2 \theta}{2} = \frac{r \cos^2 \theta}{r} = \frac{r}{2}$$

$$\sin^2 = \frac{1 + \cos^2 \theta - r \cos^2 \theta}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1 + \cos^2 \theta}{r}$$

$$\frac{r + \cos^2 \theta}{r} = \frac{r}{2}$$

$$\frac{19}{2} - r = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 = \left(1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{2}}{1}\right)^2 = \frac{r + 1 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{1}$$

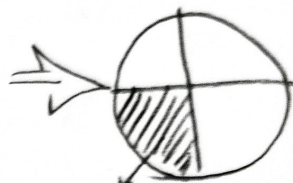
$$r \sin \theta + \sin \cos \theta < . \quad \text{①} \quad \text{مربع}$$

$$\sin(\theta + \cos \theta) < .$$

$$\boxed{\sin < .}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 - 1}{\cos \theta} > .$$

$$\boxed{\cos \theta < .}$$



$$\frac{r}{\sin \theta} + \frac{r}{\cos \theta} = 0$$

$$\frac{r \cos \theta + r \sin \theta}{\sin \cos} = 0 \quad r \cos \theta = -r \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{r}{-r} = \tan$$

$$\tan + \cot = \frac{-r}{r} + \frac{-r}{-r} = \frac{-8 + -9}{4} = \boxed{-\frac{17}{4}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 + \cos \theta}}{\cos \theta + \cos \theta} = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos \theta}{2}$$

$$\cos \theta = r \cos^2 - 1$$

$$\cos \theta = r \cos^2 - 1$$

Not

مربع

$$\sqrt{1 + \sin \theta} = \sqrt{1 + \cos \theta} \quad \text{مربع} \rightarrow \sqrt{r \cdot r} = \sqrt{r} |r| = \sqrt{r} \cdot r$$

$$\sin \theta + \sin \theta = \sin(\theta + \theta) + \sin(\theta - \theta) =$$

$$\sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta + \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta + \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta - \sin \theta \cdot \cos \theta = r \left(\frac{1}{r} \right) \cos \theta = \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{r} \cdot r}{\cos \theta} = \boxed{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\frac{(1 - r \sin^2 \alpha)}{\cos \beta_0} \frac{(r \cos \beta_0 - 1)}{\cos \gamma_0} \frac{(1 - \tan^2 \gamma_0)}{\cos \epsilon_0}$$

(1)

(1, 1, 1)

$$\frac{\cancel{\sin \beta_0}}{\sin \beta_0} \cos \beta_0 \quad \frac{\cancel{1} \sin \gamma_0}{\sin \beta_0} \times \cos \gamma_0 \quad \frac{\cancel{1} \sin \epsilon_0}{\sin \beta_0} \cos \epsilon_0$$

$$\frac{\cancel{1} \cos \beta_0}{\sin \beta_0} = \frac{1}{\sin \beta_0} \sin \beta_0 = \left(\frac{1}{1} \right) = \frac{1}{\sin \beta_0} \cos \beta_0 = \frac{1}{\sin \beta_0} \cos \beta_0$$

$$\sin \alpha + r \cos \alpha = r$$

(1) (9)

$$a \sin \alpha + b \cos \alpha = \frac{a}{|a|} \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \sin(\alpha + \alpha) \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{b}{a} = r$$

$$r = \sqrt{10} \sin(\alpha + \alpha)$$



$$\sqrt{10} \sin \alpha \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} + \cos \alpha \times \frac{r}{\sqrt{10}}$$

~ (1) (1) (1)

$$\frac{a}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{b}{\sin \beta} = \frac{c}{\sin \gamma} \quad \sin C \sin \beta = \cos^2 \frac{A}{r}$$

(1)

$$\frac{a^2}{(\sin \alpha)^2} = \frac{c b}{\sin \beta \times \sin \gamma} \quad \sin(\alpha + \beta) = \sin(\pi - \alpha - \beta)$$

$$\rightarrow \hat{C} = \hat{\beta}$$

$$110 - 155 = 45$$

9

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \alpha + 12 \cos \alpha &= 17 \rightarrow \sin \alpha = 17 - 12 \cos \alpha \xrightarrow{\text{توان}} \sin^2 \alpha = (17 - 12 \cos \alpha)^2 \\ 1 - \cos^2 \alpha &= 9 \cos^2 \alpha + 17^2 - 12 \cos \alpha \rightarrow 10 \cos^2 \alpha - 12 \cos \alpha + 17 = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{نمره و حل میانی}} \\ 10 \left(\frac{1 + \cos 2\alpha}{2} \right) - 12 \cos \alpha + 17 &\rightarrow 5 + 5 \cos 2\alpha - 12 \cos \alpha + 17 = 0 \\ &\quad (\text{خواسته سوال}) \end{aligned}$$

$$5 \cos 2\alpha - 12 \cos \alpha = -18$$

10

$$\begin{aligned} \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta &= \frac{4}{9} \rightarrow (1 - \cos^2 \theta) + \cos^2 \theta = \frac{4}{9} \rightarrow \cos^2 \theta - \cos^2 \theta + 1 = \frac{4}{9} \\ \cos^2 \theta - 1 + \sin^2 \theta + 1 &= \frac{4}{9} \rightarrow \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = \frac{4}{9} \end{aligned}$$