

① $\cos^2 n = \sin^2 n - 1$ $\xrightarrow{\cos^2 n = 1 - \sin^2 n}$ $1 - \sin^2 n = \sin^2 n - 1$ (الف) 1

$\rightarrow \sin^2 n + \sin^2 n - 2 = 0$ $\begin{cases} \sin n = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4}}{2} \Rightarrow \sin n = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow n = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}, n = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{6} \\ \sin n = \frac{-2 - \sqrt{4}}{2} \Rightarrow \sin n = -\frac{3}{2} \times \end{cases}$

① $\cos^2 n + \cos^2 n - 2 = 0$ $\xrightarrow{\cos^2 n = 1 - \sin^2 n}$ $2 \cos^2 n + \cos^2 n - 2 = 0$ (ب)

③ $\cos n = \begin{cases} \cos n = +1 \\ \cos n = -\frac{3}{2} \times \end{cases}$ (ج) جواب کلی: $2K\pi$

① $\sin^2 n - \cos^2 n = \sin^2 n$ $\xrightarrow{\sin^2 n = 1 - \cos^2 n}$ $1 - \cos^2 n = 2 \sin^2 n \cos^2 n$ (الف) 2

③ $\xrightarrow{\cos^2 n \neq 0}$ $2 \sin^2 n = -1 \Rightarrow \sin^2 n = -\frac{1}{2} = \sin^2(-\frac{\pi}{4}) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} n = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow n = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \\ n = 2k\pi + \pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow n = k\pi + \pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \end{cases}$

④ $\cos^2 n = 0 = \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow n = k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow n = k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$

$\Rightarrow n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$

① $\cos^2 n + \sin^2 n \cos^2 n = 1$ $\xrightarrow{\sin^2 n \cos^2 n = \sin^2 n}$ $1 + \cos^2 n \sin^2 n = 1$ (ب)

③ $\cos^2 n = -\sin^2 n$ $\xrightarrow{\sin^2 n = 1 - \cos^2 n}$ $n = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow n = \frac{k\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{4}$

① $\frac{\cos^2 n + \cos n}{\sin n} = \frac{1}{\sin n}$ (الف) 3

②: $2 \cos^2 n + \cos n - 1 = 0$ $\begin{cases} \cos n = -1 \rightarrow n = 2k\pi + \pi \\ \cos n = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow n = 2k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{3} \end{cases}$ $\rightarrow$ سینوس را منفی می‌کنند!

$\sin^2 n - \sin n \cos n + \cos^2 n = 1$ $\xrightarrow{\div \cos^2 n}$ $\tan^2 n - \tan n + 1 = 1 + \tan^2 n$ (ب)

$-\tan n = 1 \Rightarrow n = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}$

$\cos n = 0 \Rightarrow n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}$ چون اگر برابر صفر باشد معادله ای $\sin^2 n = 1$ می‌آید.

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) \cos\left(n - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \quad \cos\left(n - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - n\right) \rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - n\right) = \sin(n) \quad \text{الف}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - n\right) = \frac{1}{2} \quad \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - n\right) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) \rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right)}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) = 1 \rightarrow \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} + n = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow n = k\pi \\ n + \frac{\pi}{2} = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow n = k\pi \end{cases}$$

$$\cos\left(n - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -\sin n \rightarrow \cos\left(n - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) \quad \text{ب}$$

$$n - \frac{\pi}{2} = k\pi \pm \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) \rightarrow \begin{cases} n - \frac{\pi}{2} = k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} + n \rightarrow \text{no solution} \\ n - \frac{\pi}{2} = k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} - n \rightarrow n = k\pi \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\sin fn}{\sin rn} \neq 1 \Rightarrow \sin fn \neq \sin rn \Rightarrow \frac{\sin fn}{\sin rn} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin fn = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} fn = k\pi \rightarrow n = \frac{k\pi}{r} \\ fn = k\pi + \pi \rightarrow n = \frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r} \end{cases} \\ \sin rn \neq 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} rn = k\pi \rightarrow n = \frac{k\pi}{r} \\ rn = k\pi + \pi \rightarrow n = \frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r} \end{cases} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} n = \frac{k\pi}{r} \\ n = \frac{k\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{\sin \frac{n}{r}}{1 + \cos \frac{n}{r}} = \frac{\cos \frac{n}{r} + 1}{\sin \frac{n}{r}} \rightarrow \sin \frac{n}{r} = \cos \frac{n}{r} + 1$$

$$\textcircled{2} r \cos \frac{n}{r} + r \cos \frac{n}{r} = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \cos \frac{n}{r} + \cos \frac{n}{r} = 0 \rightarrow \cos \frac{n}{r} (\cos \frac{n}{r} + 1) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \cos \frac{n}{r} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{n}{r} = k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow n = rk\pi \pm r\frac{\pi}{2} \\ \cos \frac{n}{r} = -1 \rightarrow n = rk\pi \pm r\pi \end{cases}$$

$$\text{و ب } \{-\pi, 0, \pi\} \Rightarrow \{-\pi, \pi\} \quad \text{c}$$

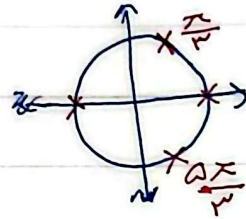
$$-\sin^2 n \cos^2 n = 1 - \cos^2 n$$

$\cos^2 n$ $\sin^2 n$

$$\Rightarrow \cos^2 n = 1 \rightarrow n = 2K\pi \pm \pi \rightarrow n = \frac{1}{2}K\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} K=1 \Rightarrow \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2} \right\} \\ K=2 \Rightarrow \left\{ \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2} \right\} \end{cases}$$

$$\sin^2 n = 0 \rightarrow \sin n = 0 \Rightarrow n = 2K\pi$$

$$n = 2K\pi + \pi$$



جواب: ω
(با ω و π و 2π و 3π)

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{1 - \tan n}{1 + \tan n} = \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - n\right) = \tan^2 n \rightarrow n = K\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} - n \rightarrow n = K\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{2} n = \frac{K\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \cos n \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq 2K\pi \pm \pi$$

$$\textcircled{4} \cos^2 n \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq 2K\pi \pm \pi \rightarrow n \neq \frac{2K\pi}{2} \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \tan n + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \tan n \neq -1 \Rightarrow \tan n \neq \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \rightarrow n \neq K\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - n\right) = \tan^2 n \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} - n = K\pi + n \Rightarrow n = \frac{K\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \sin^2 n + \sin n \cos n + \cos^2 n = \sqrt{2} \cos n$$

$(\sin n + \cos n)^2$ $(\cos n + \sin n)(\cos n - \sin n)$

$$\textcircled{2} |\sin n + \cos n| = \sqrt{2} (\cos n - \sin n)$$

$$\textcircled{3} \rightarrow \sin n + \cos n > 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} (\cos n - \sin n) = 1$$

نقشه طیف کمر...

$$-\cos^2 n = 1 \Rightarrow \cos^2 n = -1 \Rightarrow n = 2K\pi \pm \pi \Rightarrow n = K\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\sin n - \cos n = 0 \Rightarrow \sin n = \cos n \Rightarrow n = 2K\pi \text{ or } n = 2K\pi + \pi$$

* برای معادله‌ای که به شکل $\sin^2 n \pm \cos^2 n = \pm 1$ یا $\sin n \pm \cos n = \pm 1$ است، جواب‌ها $0, \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}$ است.

$$n = 0, \frac{\pi}{2}, \pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}$$

سوال 9

$$\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x} = \sqrt{2} \cos x \xrightarrow{\text{توان 2}} 1 + \sin 2x = 2 \cos^2 x$$

$$1 + \sin 2x = 2 - 2 \sin^2 x \rightarrow 2 \sin^2 x + \sin 2x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow \sin 2x = -1$$

$$\sin 2x = -1 \rightarrow 2x = 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \xrightarrow[k \in \mathbb{Z}}{0 \leq x \leq \pi} x = \frac{3\pi}{4} \checkmark$$

$$\hookrightarrow \sin 2x = +\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin 2x = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2x = 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6} \text{ یا } 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6} \xrightarrow[k \in \mathbb{Z}}{0 \leq x \leq \pi} x = \frac{\pi}{12} \text{ یا } \frac{5\pi}{12} \checkmark$$

چون عبارت به توان 2 رسیده است جواب زائد تولید می کنند
به ازای $x = \frac{5\pi}{12}$ $\cos x$ منفی می شود پس چون جواب را بیاید است محذورات

* معادله 2 جواب دارد