

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow r^+} r \left(\frac{r-n}{r} \right) + a \left(\frac{n+r}{e} \right), r(r^-) + a \left(\frac{0^+}{e} \right), r \quad (1)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow r^-} r \left(\frac{r-n}{r} \right) + a \left(\frac{n+r}{e} \right), \varepsilon + a \left(\frac{0^-}{e} \right), \varepsilon - a.$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow (r)^+} f(n), \lim_{n \rightarrow (-r)^-} f(n) \Rightarrow \varepsilon - a, r \Rightarrow a, r \Rightarrow \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) = 0.$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right)^-} [\cos n - 1], [1 - 1], [0^-], [1] \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right)^+} [1 \cos n - 1], [-10], [-1] \quad (3)$$

$$n \left(-\frac{1}{e} - \frac{1}{n} \right) > -2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{nr} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2}{nr} < 12 \rightarrow \left[\frac{2}{nr} \right] = 11 \\ \frac{-2}{nr} > -1 \rightarrow \left[\frac{-2}{nr} \right] = -1 \end{array} \right. \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \left(-\frac{1}{e} \right)^-} \frac{1 \cdot n - 5 + \left(\frac{e}{nr} \right)}{14n - \left[-\frac{2}{nr} \right]}, \frac{1 \cdot n + 4}{14n + 1}, \frac{5n + e}{1n + 2}, \frac{1}{e}, -\infty$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{\sin^2 \pi n}{[n] + C \pi n}, \frac{\sin^2(\pi - \pi n)}{1 - C(\pi - \pi n)}, \frac{(\pi - \pi n)^r}{(\pi - \pi n)^r}, r \quad (5)$$

* البته می توان به تبدیل $\sin^2 \pi n$ به $1 - \cos^2 \pi n$ این سؤال را حل کرد.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -1} \frac{\sqrt{m+c} - \sqrt{cm+c}}{1+\sqrt{m}} \times \frac{\cancel{\frac{d}{dx}}}{\cancel{\frac{d}{dx}}} \times \frac{\cancel{\frac{f(x)}{f(x)}}}{\cancel{\frac{f(x)}{f(x)}}} \cdot \frac{-m-1}{1+m} \times \frac{1}{r} + \frac{c}{r} \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{rm - \sqrt{m} + d}{rm - \sqrt{cm+1}}, \quad \frac{\sum(\sqrt{m-1})(r\sqrt{m}-d)}{\{m^2 - cm - 1\}}, \quad \frac{-c}{r \times \frac{d}{c}}, \quad \left[\frac{-4}{5} \right] \quad (5)$$

$$\frac{\sum(m-1)(m+\frac{1}{c})}{\sqrt{m+1}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a + \sqrt{bm+c}}{n} \cdot \left[\frac{1}{c} \rightarrow a + \sqrt{c} \cdot \infty \rightarrow k \cdot a \right] \quad (1)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a + \sqrt{bm+a^2}}{n} \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a^2 - bx - a^2}{r_1(n)} \cdot \frac{-b}{a} \cdot \frac{1}{c} \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} \cdot -\frac{1}{c} \rightarrow b \cdot -\frac{a}{r}$$

$$\frac{ab}{c}, \frac{ax - \frac{a}{r}}{a^2}, \left[-\frac{1}{r} \right]$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -r\pi^+} \frac{\xi + k(-r^+)}{\sin -r\pi^+}, \quad \frac{\xi - rk}{0^+} \cdot (+\infty \rightarrow \xi - rk) \rightarrow \left[k < r \right] \quad (9)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow -r\pi^-} \frac{\xi + k(-r^-)}{\sin -r\pi^-}, \quad \frac{\xi - ck}{0^-} \cdot (+\infty \rightarrow \xi - ck) \rightarrow \left[\frac{\xi}{c} < k \right]$$

$$k \in \left(\frac{\xi}{c}, r \right) \Rightarrow -k \in \left(-r, -\frac{\xi}{c} \right) \rightarrow \left[f(k) < r \right]$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{b \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{n}} - 2b}{an - b}$$

$$1a - b \dots \rightarrow b < 1a$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 \times (\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{n}} - 2)}{a(n-1)}$$

① چون صورت صفر نشود
خرج آن نیز به اناي $n \rightarrow \infty$
صفر نشود پس:

$$\frac{1 \times (\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{n}} - 2)}{a(n-1)} \sim \frac{2}{\sqrt{n^2 + 2\sqrt{n}} + 2} \sim \frac{2}{n}$$