

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - 2}{x^2 + 2x + b} = -\infty \rightarrow \frac{-1}{1} = -1 \rightarrow x^2 + b + 2x \rightarrow x^2 + b = -1 \quad (1)$$

$$x^2 + 2x + b = (x + \frac{2}{2})^2 = (x + 1)^2 = x^2 + 2x + 1 = -1 \quad b = -2 \quad x + b = (-1) + (-2) = -3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{x^2 + 2x + b} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 2x + b}} = 0 \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{x} \quad x + b = \sqrt[3]{19} = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x} \cdot x + b = -\sqrt[3]{19} \quad x^2 + 2x + b = (x + \frac{2}{2})^2 = (x + 1)^2 = x^2 + 2x + 1 = -1 \quad b = -2 \quad \left[\frac{b}{2}\right] = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} \frac{[x] + 2}{1 + \sqrt{x}} = -\infty \rightarrow \frac{x - 1}{1 + \sqrt{x}} = -\infty \rightarrow \left|1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}\right| \rightarrow 0 \quad (3)$$

$$x > \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{-x}{x} = -1 \quad x = -\frac{1}{9} \rightarrow \left[-\frac{1}{9}\right] = -1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{[x] + 2}{x^2 + [x]} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + 2x + 1}{x^2 + 2x + 1} = \frac{1}{x^2} = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - [x^2]} = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 1} = \frac{(x - 1)(x + 1)}{(x - 1)(x + 1)} = \frac{x + 1}{x + 1} = 1 \quad (5)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 10x + 19}{1 + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{(x + 1)(x + 19)}{1 + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{(\sqrt{x} + 1)(\sqrt{x} + 19)(x + 1)}{1 + \sqrt{x}} = 119(-9) = -119 \quad (6)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x + 2x} - \sqrt{x - 2x}}{\sqrt{1 - 2x}} = \frac{\sqrt{x + 2x} + \sqrt{x - 2x}}{\sqrt{1 - 2x}(\sqrt{x + 2x} + \sqrt{x - 2x})} = \frac{x + 2x - x + 2x}{\sqrt{1 - 2x}(\sqrt{x + 2x} + \sqrt{x - 2x})} = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{1 - 2x}(\sqrt{x + 2x} + \sqrt{x - 2x})} \rightarrow \frac{x}{1 - 2} = -\frac{x}{1} \quad (7)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x-2a} + x^2 \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x^2 x}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 9a^2}} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + x^2 \sqrt{x} - x^2 \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x^2 - 9a^2}} \quad (9)$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{9a^2}} = \frac{x^2 (x-2a)}{\sqrt{x^2 - 9a^2} \sqrt{x^2 - 9a^2}} = 2$$

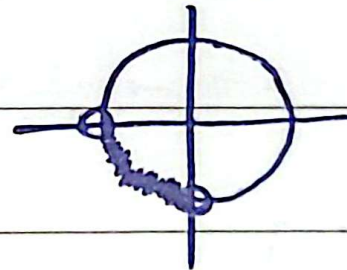
$$\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{9a^2}} \quad \text{✓} \quad \text{②}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1 - K [x]}{2e^x - 1} \begin{cases} + \rightarrow \frac{1+K}{x^2-1} = \frac{1+K}{0^-} = -\infty \\ - \rightarrow \frac{1+x^2}{x^2-1} = \frac{1+2K}{0^+} = +\infty \end{cases} \quad \text{②}$$

$$\rightarrow 1+K > 0 \rightarrow K > -1$$

$$\rightarrow 1+2K < 0 \rightarrow K < -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$-1 < K < -\frac{1}{2} \begin{cases} -K < K < -\frac{K}{2} \\ -1 < \cos K < 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\text{✓} \quad \text{②}$$

چون در مخرج برابر صفر است و حاصل حد عددی حقیقی و غیر صفر است پس حد صورت نیز برابر صفر است!

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} k + \cos(\sqrt{a}n) = 0 \rightarrow k + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{k = -1}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1 + \cos \sqrt{a}n}{-n^2} \quad \text{هم‌انگیزی} \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1 + 1 - \frac{(\sqrt{a}n)^2}{2}}{-n^2} = \frac{-\frac{a n^2}{2}}{2(-n^2)} = \frac{a}{4}$$

$$\frac{a}{4} = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{a = 12} \quad \rightsquigarrow \quad \frac{a}{k} = \boxed{-4}$$