

3rd Nov 13

$$1+a+b=0 \rightarrow a+b=0 \quad (1)$$

$$2-a+b=0 \rightarrow a-b=a \rightarrow \frac{ra=0}{\downarrow \textcircled{1/2}} \quad b=-r/2 \quad \frac{-r/2}{r} = -r/2$$

$$[-r/2] = -r$$

$$\tan \frac{r\pi}{2} = \textcircled{-1} \quad (2)$$

$$(x+r)(x-1) = \frac{-r}{+/-/-/+} \quad \frac{x^2+x-r}{a-ax} = \frac{rx+1}{-a} = \frac{r}{-a} = \textcircled{-1} \rightarrow \underline{a=r}$$

~~1/2~~

$$\frac{ra+d-r}{r(1-d)} = \frac{r1}{-r} = \frac{1}{-1} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$1.b = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow b = \textcircled{\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow \underline{ab = \frac{1}{1}} \checkmark$$

$$a[a] \quad (r)$$

$$P(n) = a[n] + a + b[a] + b + b[n]$$

$$P_m = a + b([n] + 1) + b[a] \rightarrow a+b = \underline{a=-b}$$

$$P_m = b[a] \rightarrow \frac{a[a]}{P(n)} = \frac{a}{b} = \frac{a}{-a} = \textcircled{-1}$$

$$b = \cdot \rightarrow f(b) = -r$$

$$\frac{a}{f(b)} = \frac{a}{-ra} = -1/r$$

.4

$$a^r + \textcircled{ma} + \textcircled{n} = \cdot \rightarrow a^r - ra - ra^r + ra = \underline{a=r}$$

$$\frac{ra+m}{-1} = \textcircled{r} \quad \underline{ra+m = -r} \quad m = \underline{-ra-r} = \textcircled{-9}$$

$$\underline{ra^r + ram + n = \cdot}$$

$$\underline{ra(ra+m) + n = \cdot} \rightarrow \underline{n = +ra} \rightarrow n = n$$

$$\underline{n+9=18}$$

-V

$$1-a = ra^r - 1 \rightarrow ra^r + a - r = \rightarrow \underline{a = -1}, r/r$$

$$\frac{r}{r}([n] + [-n]) = n \neq 2 \rightarrow \frac{r}{r}([n] + [-n]) = -r/r$$

$$b \sin\left(\frac{-1}{r} \pi\right) = -b = +r/r \rightarrow b = r/r, a = r/r$$

$$a/b = r$$

-A

$$\frac{n^r + m a^r - m - 1}{m a^r - m + n - 1} = \frac{ra + m}{ram + 1} = \frac{r+m}{ram+1} = \frac{m}{ram}$$

$$r + ram + m^r = ram^r + m$$

$$m^r - ram - 2 \quad (m-1)(m+1)$$

$$\underline{m = -1} \times m = 2$$

$$\frac{a^r + ram - 2}{r(a^r - 1) + |a-1|} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1-2}{1} = \frac{4r}{14} = \frac{2r}{7}$$

$$\frac{ra^r - 1}{r(a^r - 1) + |a-1|} = \frac{ra^r - 1}{r(a^r - 1) + |a-1|} = 1$$

$$\frac{r}{14}$$

$$\frac{4r}{14} = \frac{2r}{7}$$

19

$$1. \quad |A| \leq |B| \quad \text{if} \quad |A| \leq |B| \quad \text{if} \quad |A| \leq |B|$$

$$\frac{n^r + n}{n^r + an} = \frac{n(n+1)}{n(n+a)} = \left(\frac{1}{a} \right)$$

(1.

$$\underline{a = r} \quad \underline{a = -1/r}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -r} f(x)$$

$$\frac{K}{K} \cdot \frac{r}{+} \cdot \frac{1}{-1} \cdot \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\lim \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r}}{\frac{1}{r} + 2 \times \frac{1}{r}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\mu}{r}}{\frac{a}{c}}$$

11

$$-\frac{1}{\gamma} = a \quad \text{نحوہ قابل قبول}$$