

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + mx + n}{x - a} & ; x \neq a \\ r & ; x = a \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 + mx + n = 0 \\ a^2 + ma + n = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 + mx + n = 0 \\ (x - a)(x - r) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(x - a)(x - r)}{(x - a)} = r \rightarrow x - r = r \rightarrow -a = -r \rightarrow a = r$$

$$\rightarrow x^2 + mx + n \rightarrow (x - r)(x - r) \rightarrow x^2 - 4x + 1 \rightarrow 1 + 4 = 1 \checkmark$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (1 - a)[x] + (ra^r - 1)[-x] & ; x \notin \mathbb{Z} \\ b \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{a}\right) & ; x \in \mathbb{Z} \end{cases} \rightarrow (1 - a) - (ra^r - 1) \left([x] + 1 \right)$$

$$a = -1 \rightarrow -ra^r + 1 = b \sin \frac{\pi}{a} \rightarrow -r + 1 = b \sin \frac{\pi}{-1} \rightarrow -r + 1 = -b \rightarrow b = 1 - r$$

$$a = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow -ra^r + 1 = b \sin \frac{\pi}{a} \rightarrow -\frac{r}{r} + 1 = b \sin \frac{\pi}{r} \rightarrow -1 + 1 = b \sin \frac{\pi}{r} \rightarrow 0 = b \sin \frac{\pi}{r} \rightarrow b = 0$$

$$\frac{|x^r + mx - m - 1|}{m|x^r - 1| + |a - 1|} \quad ; m \neq 1 \rightarrow \frac{|x - 1| |x + (m + 1)|}{(m - 1)(m|x^r - 1| + 1)} \rightarrow \frac{|x + m|}{1 + rm} = \frac{m}{m + r}$$

$$\frac{m}{m + r} \quad ; m = 1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{r + m}{1 + rm} = \frac{m}{m + r} \rightarrow m = -1 \\ \frac{r + m}{1 + rm} = \frac{-m}{m + r} \rightarrow m = r \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = r \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \frac{1}{r}} f\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = \frac{\frac{1}{r} + 1 + r}{1 + 1 + r} = \frac{r}{1}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{r} a |x + 1| \rightarrow a(a^r + a + m - r) \rightarrow a = 0 \quad a = -1$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{f(a)} = \frac{|x^r + (m + r)a + a^r|}{|a^r + a + m - r|} \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = \sqrt{r} \frac{|a^r + (m + r)a + a^r|}{|a^r + a + m - r|}$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{f(a)} = \frac{\sqrt{r} a |x + 1|}{|a^r + a + m - r|} \rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{r} |x + 1| \rightarrow |x + 1|$$

$$\frac{|a^r + a + m - r|}{|a^r + a + m - r|} \rightarrow \frac{|a^r + a + m - r|}{|a^r + a + m - r|} \rightarrow (a + 1)(a^r - a + 1) \rightarrow m - r = 0$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^r + |a|}{x^r + a|x|} & ; x \neq 0 \\ \frac{ra - 1}{ra + r} & ; x = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{x^r + a}{x^r + ax} \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} \\ \frac{x^r - a}{x^r - ax} = +\frac{1}{a} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} = \frac{ra - 1}{ra + r} \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{r}} f\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{2}{r} \checkmark$$

$$f(n), n \rightarrow 0^+ : a[\cdot^+] + a + b[\cdot^+] + b[a] + b = a + b[a] + b$$

$$n \rightarrow \cdot^- : a[\cdot^-] + a + b[\cdot^-] + b[a] + b = b[a]$$

$$a + b[a] + b = b[a] \rightsquigarrow a + b = 0 \rightsquigarrow \frac{a[a]}{f(a)} = \frac{a[a]}{b[a]} = \frac{-b}{b} = -1$$

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